4 10/100/1000T + 4 100/1000 Mini-GBIC w/ X-Ring L2 Managed Industrial Switch

User Manual



SISGM1040-244



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Overview

Introduction

To create reliability in your network, the 4 10/100/1000T + 4 SFP Managed Industrial Switch comes equipped with a proprietary redundant network protocol—X-Ring provides users with an easy way to establish a redundant Ethernet network with ultra high-speed recovery time less than 20ms. Also, the long MTBF (Mean Time Between Failures) ensures that the industrial switch will continue to operate until a Gigabit network infrastructure has been established, without requiring any extra upgrade costs.

Aside from 4 x 10/100/1000Base-T fast Ethernet ports, the 4 10/100/1000T + 4 SFP Managed Industrial Switch comes equipped with 4 SFP (mini-GBIC) ports. Traditional RJ-45 ports can be used for uplinking wide-band paths in short distance (< 100 m), while the SFP slots can be used for the application of wideband uploading and long distance transmissions to fit the field request flexibility. Also, the long MTBF (Mean Time Between Failures) ensures that the 4 10/100/1000T + 4 SFP Managed Industrial Switch will continue to operate until a Gigabit network infrastructure has been established, without requiring any extra upgrade costs.

The SFP Advantage

The SFP fiber slots provide a lot of flexibility when planning and implementing a network. The slot can accept any SFP-type fiber module and these modules are designed for transmitting over distances of either 550m (multi-mode), 10km, 30km, 50km, 70km or 110km (single-mode)—and the slot supports SFP modules for WDM single-fiber transmissions. This means that you can easily change the transmission mode and distance of the switch by simply pulling out the SFP module and plugging in a different module. The SFP modules are hot-swappable and plug-and-play.

SFP with DMI (Digital Monitoring Interface) function

The SFP supports DMI function which allows real-time access to device operating parameters, and includes optional digital features such as soft control and monitoring of SFP I/O signals. In addition, you can set up the action of alarms and warnings by ports to manage your device.

High-Speed Transmissions

The 4 10/100/1000T + 4 SFP Managed Industrial Switch includes a switch controller that can automatically sense transmission speeds (10/100/1000 Mbps). The RJ-45 interface can also be auto-detected, so MDI or MDI-X is automatically selected and a crossover cable is not required. All Ethernet ports have memory buffers that support the store-and-forward mechanism. This assures that data is properly transmitted.

Dual Power Input

The redundant power input design of 4 10/100/1000T + 4 SFP Managed Industrial Switch is with power reserve protection to prevent the switch device broken by wrong power wiring. When one of power input is fail, P-Fail LED will turn on and send an alarm through a relay output for notifying user.

Flexible Mounting

4 10/100/1000T + 4 SFP Managed Industrial Switch is compact and can be mounted on a DIN-rail or panel, so it is suitable for any space-constrained environment.

Advanced Protection

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The power line of 4 10/100/1000T + 4 SFP Managed Industrial Switch supports up to 3,000 V_{DC} EFT protection, which secure equipment against unregulated voltage and make systems safer and more reliable. Meanwhile, 6,000 V_{DC} ESD protections for Ethernet ports make 4 10/100/1000T + 4 SFP Managed Industrial Switch more suitable for harsh environments.

Wide Operating Temperature

The operating temperature of the 4 10/100/1000T + 4 SFP Managed Industrial Switch is between -40 ~ 75° C. With such a wide range, you can use the 4 10/100/1000T + 4 SFP Managed Industrial Switch in some of the harshest industrial environments that exist.

Easy Troubleshooting

LED indicators make troubleshooting quick and easy. Each 10/100/1000 Base-TX port has 2 LEDs that display the link status, transmission speed. Also the three power indicators PWR1, PWR2 and P-Fail help you diagnose immediately.

Features

- Provides 4 x 10/100/1000Base-T Mbps Ethernet ports
- Provides 4 x SFP (mini-GBIC) port (support 100/1000 Dual Mode)
- SFP supports DMI function
- Supports full/half duplex flow control
- Supports auto-negotiation
- Supports MDI/MDI-X auto-crossover
- Supports Packet Buffer up to 1Mbits
- Supports MAC Address up to 8Kbytes
- Supports surge (EFT) protection 3,000 V_{DC} for power line
- Supports 6,000 V_{DC} Ethernet ESD protection
- Power Supply
 - > Wide-range Redundant Power Design
 - Power Polarity Reverse Protect
 - Overload Current Protection
- Case/Installation
 - IP-30 Protection
 - > DIN Rail and Wall Mount Design
- Spanning Tree
 - Support IEEE802.1d Spanning Tree
 - Support IEEE802.1w Rapid Spanning Tree
- VLAN
 - Port Based VLAN
 - Support 802.1 Q Tag VLAN
 - > GVRP
- X-Ring
 - > X-Ring, Dual Homing and Couple Ring Topology
 - Provide redundant backup feature and the recovery time below 20ms
- Port Trunk with LACP
- QoS (Quality of Service)
 - > Support IEEE 802.1p Class of Service
 - > Per port provides 4 priority queues
 - > Port Base, Tag Base and Type of Service Priority
- Bandwidth Control
 - > Ingress Packet Filter and Egress Rate Limit
 - Broadcast/Multicast Packet Filter Control

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- Port Mirror: Monitor traffic in switched networks.
 - > TX Packet only
 - RX Packet only
 - Both of TX and RX Packet
- System Event Log
 - System Log Server/Client
 - SMTP e-mail Alert
 - Relay Alarm Output System Events
- Security
 - > Port Security: MAC address entries/filter
 - IP Security: IP address security management to prevent unauthorized intruder
 - Login Security: IEEE802.1X/RADIUS
- SNMP Trap
 - Device cold start
 - Power status
 - Authentication failure
 - > X-Ring topology changed
 - ➢ Port Link up/Link down
- IGMP with Query mode for Multi Media Application
- TFTP Firmware Update and System Configure Restore and Backup
- Supports operating temperatures from $-40 \sim 75^{\circ}$ C

Technical Specification

The technical specifications of 4 10/100/1000T + 4 SFP Industrial Switch are listed as follows.

Communications

Compatibility LAN Transmission Speed Interface	IEEE 802.3, 802.3u, 802.3ab IEEE 802.3x, 802.3z, 802.3ad IEEE 802.1d, 802.1p, 802.1Q, 802.1x IEEE 802.1ab 10/100/1000Base-T, 1000Base-X Up to 1000 Mbps
Connectors LED Indicators	4 x RJ-45 (4-port 10/100/1000TX) 4 x 100/1000 SFP sockets 6-pin removable screw terminal (Power & Relay) Unit: Power1, Power2, P-Fail, R-Master
	Ethernet port: Link/Active, 1000M SFP: Link/Active
Network Management	
Configuration	Web browser, Telnet, Serial Console, Windows Utility, TFTP, SNMP v1/v2c/v3, Port Speed/Duplex Configuration
VLAN	IEEE 802.1Q, GVRP, Port-based, VLAN
Redundancy	X-Ring (Recovery time < 20ms), Dual Homing, Couple Ring, 802.1w/d RSTP/STP
Security	IP Access security, post security, DHCP Server, Port and IP Binding, 802.1X Port Access Control
Traffic Control	IGMP Snooping/Query for multicast group management Port Trunking, Static/802.3ad LACP

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Rate limit and storm control
IEEE 802.1p QoS Cos/TOS/DSCP priority queuing
IEEE 802.3x flow control
Port Mirroring, Real-time traffic statistic, MAC
Address Table, SNTP, Syslog, E-Mail Alert,
SNMP, Trap, RMON

<u>Power</u>

Power Consumption	13 Watts
Power Input	2 x Unregulated +12 ~ 48 $V_{DC,}$ 24 V_{AC} (18~30V)
Fault Output	1 Relay Output

Mechanism

Dimensions (WxHxD)	59.6 x 152 x 105 mm
Enclosure	IP-30, Metal shell with solid mounting kits
Mounting	DIN-Rail, Wall Mount

Protection

ESD (Ethernet)	6,000 V _{DC}
Surge (EFT for power)	$3,000 V_{DC}$
Power Reverse	Yes
Overload current protection	Yes

Environment

Operating Temperature	-40 ~ 75°C -40 ~ 65°C (non-air-flow environment)
Operating Humidity	5% ~ 95% (non-condensing)
Storage Temperature	- 40 ~ 85° C
Storage Humidity	5% ~ 95% (non-condensing)

Certifications

Safety

UL508, cUL, Class 1 Div 2

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EMC	FCC Class A,
	CE EN61000-6-2
	CE EN61000-6-4
	CE EN61000-4-2 (ESD)
	CE EN61000-4-3 (RS)
	CE EN61000-4-4 (EFT)
	CE EN61000-4-5 (Surge)
	CE EN61000-4-6 (CS)
	CE EN61000-4-8 (Magnetic Field)
	CE EN61000-4-11 (Voltage DIP)
	CE EN61000-3-2 (Harmonics Current)
	CE EN61000-3-3 (Voltage Fluctuation & Flickers)
Free Fall	IEC60068-2-32
Shock	IEC60068-2-27
Vibration	IEC60068-2-6

Packing List

- 1 x 4 10/100/1000T + 4 SFP Managed Industrial Switch
- 1 x RS232 Cable
- 1 x User Manual
- 2 x Wall Mounting Bracket and Screws

Safety Precaution

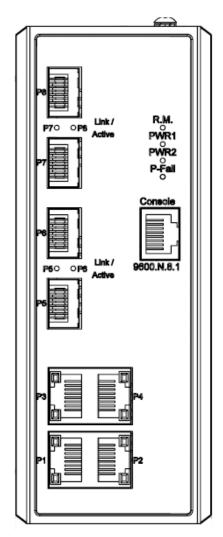
Attention IF DC voltage is supplied by an external circuit, please use a protection device on the power supply input.

Hardware Description

In this paragraph, we will introduce the Industrial switch's hardware spec, port, cabling information, and wiring installation.

Front Panel

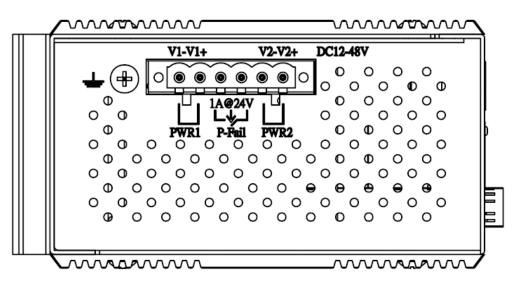
The Front Panel of 4 10/100/1000T + 4 SFP Managed Industrial Switch is shown as below.



Front Panel of 4 10/100/1000T + 4 SFP Managed Industrial Switch

Top View

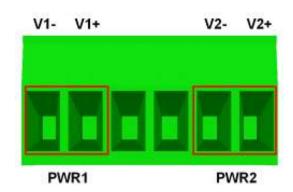
The top panel of 4 10/100/1000T + 4 SFP Managed Industrial Switch is equipped one terminal block connector of two DC power inputs.



Top panel of the 4 10/100/1000T + 4 SFP Industrial Switch

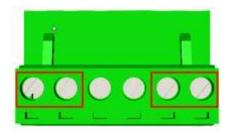
Wiring the Power Inputs

Please follow the steps below to insert the power wire.



Insert the positive and negative wires into the V+ and V- contacts on the terminal block connector.

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```



Tighten the wire-clamp screws for preventing the wires from loosing.

Note The wire gauge for the terminal block should be in the range between 12~ 20 AWG.

LED Indicators

There are few LEDs display the power status and network status located on the front panel of 4 10/100/1000T + 4 SFP Industrial Switch, each of them has its own specific meaning as tabled below.

LED	Color	Description		
		On	The industrial switch is the master of the X-ring	
R-Master	Green		group	
R-Master	Green	Off	The industrial switch is not the master of the X-ring	
			group	
PWR1	PWR1 Green		Power input 1 is active	
FWRI GIE	Green	Off	Power input 1 is inactive	
PWR2			Power input 2 is active	
PWR2 Green		Off	Power input 2 is inactive	
	0.		Power input 1 or 2 is inactive or port link down	
P-Fail	Red	On	(depends on Fault Relay Alarm configuration)	
		Off	Power input 1 and 2 are both functional, or no power	
			inputs	

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Link/Active	Green	On	SFP port is linking	
		Blinking	Data is transmitting or receiving	
(P5 ~ P8)		Off	Not connected to network	
P1 ~ P4 (Upper LED) Gre	On		Connected to network	
	Green	Blinking	Data is transmitting or receiving	
		Off	Not connected to network	
P1 ~ P4		On	Connected to network at speed of 1000Mbps	
(Lower LED)		Off	Connected to network at speed of 10/100Mbps	

LED indicators of 4 10/100/1000T + 4 SFP Managed Industrial Switch

Ports

RJ-45 ports (Auto MDI/MDIX): The RJ-45 ports are auto-sensing for 10Base-T, 100Base-TX or 1000Base-T devices connections. Auto MDI/MDIX means that you can connect to another switch or workstation without changing straight through or crossover cabling. See figures as below for straight through and crossover cable schematic.

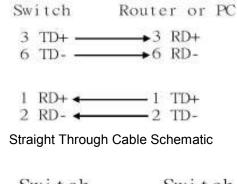
RJ-45 Pin Assignments

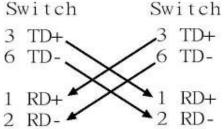
Pin Number	Assignment
1	Tx+
2	Tx-
3	Rx+
6	Rx-

Note "+" and "-" signs represent the polarity of the wires that make up each wire pair.

All ports on this industrial switch support automatic MDI/MDI-X operation, you can use straight-through cables (See Figure below) for all network connections to PCs or servers, or to other switches or hubs. In straight-through cable, pins 1, 2, 3, and 6, at one end of the cable, are connected straight through to pins 1, 2, 3 and 6 at the other end of the cable. The 10BASE-T/100BASE-TX/1000BASE-T MDI and MDI-X port pin outs are as tabled below.

Pin MDI-X	Signal Name	MDI Signal Name
1	Receive Data plus (RD+)	Transmit Data plus (TD+)
2	Receive Data minus (RD-)	Transmit Data minus (TD-)
3	Transmit Data plus (TD+)	Receive Data plus (RD+)
6	Transmit Data minus (TD-)	Receive Data minus (RD-)





Cross Over Cable Schematic

Cabling

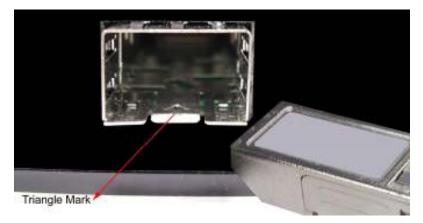
Use the four twisted-pair, Category 5e or above cabling for RJ-45 port connection. The cable between the switch and the link partner (switch, hub, workstation, etc.) must be less than 100 meters (328 ft.) long.

As for the small form-factor pluggable (SFP), which is a compact optical transceiver used in optical communications for both telecommunication and data communication applications.

To connect the transceiver and LC cable, please take the steps shown as follows:

First, insert the transceiver into the SFP module. Notice that the triangle mark is the bottom of the module.

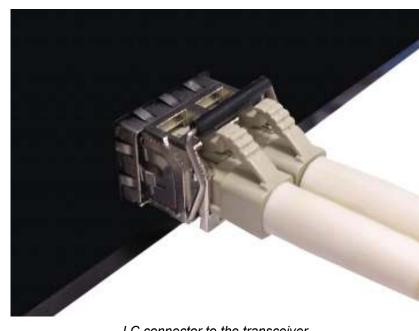
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Transceiver to the SFP module



Transceiver Inserted

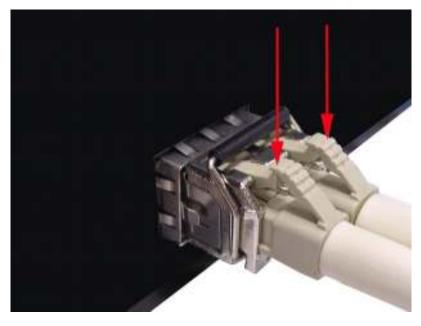


Second, insert the fiber cable of LC connector into the transceiver.

LC connector to the transceiver

To remove the LC connector from the transceiver, please follow the steps shown below:

First, press the upper side of the LC connector from the transceiver and pull it out to release.

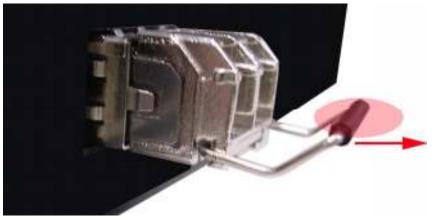


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Remove LC connector

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Second, push down the metal loop and pull the transceiver out by the plastic part.



Pull out from the SFP module

Mounting Installation

DIN-Rail Mounting

The DIN-Rail is screwed on the industrial switch when out of factory. If the DIN-Rail is not screwed on the industrial switch, please see the following figure to screw the DIN-Rail on the switch. Follow the below steps to hang the industrial switch.



Step 1: Use the screws to screw on the DIN-Rail on the industrial switch. **Step 2**: To remove the DIN-Rail, reverse step 1.

1. First, insert the top of DIN-Rail into the track.



2. Then, lightly push the button of DIN-Rail into the track.



- 3. Check the DIN-Rail is tightly on the track.
- 4. To remove the industrial switch from the track, reverse the steps above.

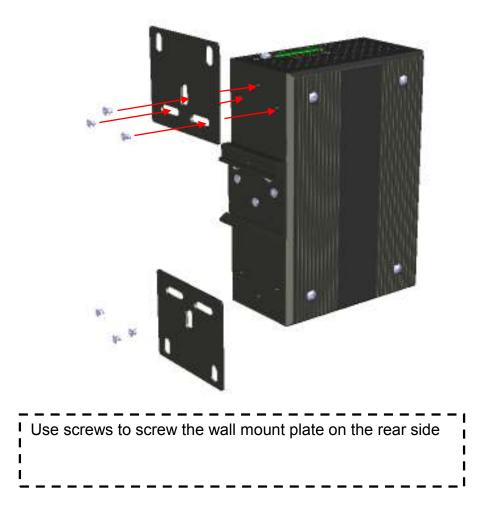
Wall Mount Plate Mounting

Follow the steps as below to mount the industrial switch with wall mount plate.

1. Remove the DIN-Rail from the industrial switch; loose the screws to remove the DIN-Rail.

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- 2. Place the wall mount plate on the rear panel of the industrial switch.
- 3. Use the screws to screw the wall mount plate on the industrial switch.
- 4. Use the hook holes at the corners of the wall mount plate to hang the industrial switch on the wall.
- 5. To remove the wall mount plate, reverse steps above.



Hardware Installation

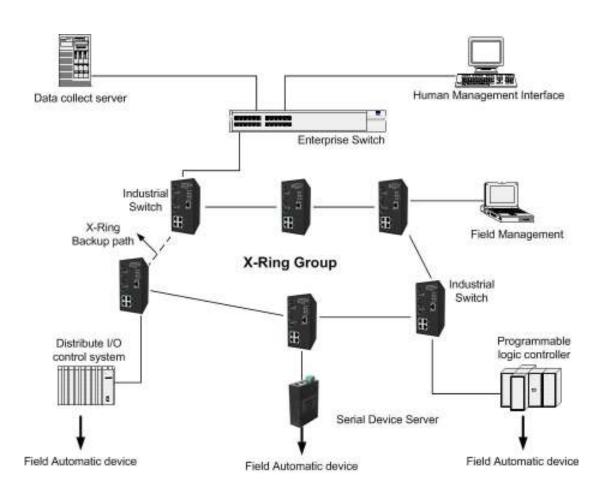
In this paragraph, we will describe how to install the 4 10/100/1000T + 4 SFP Industrial Switch and the installation points for the attention.

Installation Steps

- 1. Unpacked the Industrial switch packing.
- Check the DIN-Rail is screwed on the Industrial switch. If the DIN-Rail is not screwed on the Industrial switch. Please refer to **DIN-Rail Mounting** section for DIN-Rail installation. If you want to wall mount the Industrial switch, then please refer to **Wall Mount Plate Mounting** section for wall mount plate installation.
- 3. To hang the Industrial switch on the DIN-Rail track or wall, please refer to the **Mounting Installation** section.
- Power on the Industrial switch. How to wire the power; please refer to the Wiring the Power Inputs section. The power LED on the Industrial switch will light up. Please refer to the LED Indicators section for meaning of LED lights.
- 5. Prepare the twisted-pair, straight through Category 5e/above cable for Ethernet connection and SFP transceiver with LC cable for fiber connection.
- 6. Insert one side of Category 5e or above cables into the Industrial switch Ethernet port (RJ-45 port) and another side of category 5e or above cables to the network devices' Ethernet port (RJ-45 port), ex: switch, PC or Server. The UTP port (RJ-45) LED on the Industrial switch will light up when the cable connected with the network device. Please refer to the LED Indicators section for LED light meaning.
- Note Be sure the connected network devices support MDI/MDI-X. If it does not support, then use the crossover category 5e/above cable.
- 7. As for the SFP (mini-GBIC) port, please refer to the Cabling segment.
- 8. When all connections are all set and LED lights all show in normal, the installation is complete.

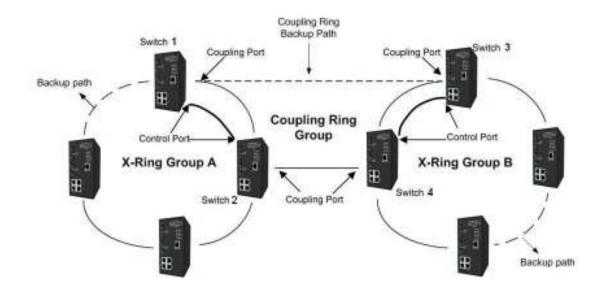
X-Ring Application

The industrial switch supports the X-Ring protocol that can help the network system recover from network connection failure within 20ms or less, and make the network system more reliable. The X-Ring algorithm is similar to Spanning Tree Protocol (STP) and Rapid STP (RSTP) algorithm but its recovery time is less than STP/RSTP. The figure below is a sample of X-Ring application.



Coupling Ring Application

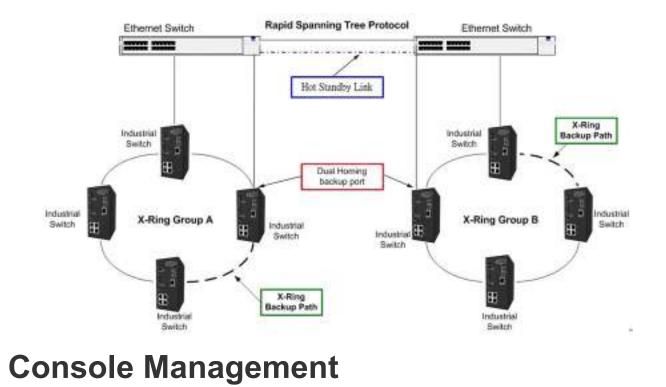
In the network, it may have more than one X-Ring group. Using the coupling ring function can connect each X-Ring for the redundant backup. It can ensure the transmissions between two ring groups not to fail. The following figure is a sample of coupling ring application.



Dual Homing Application

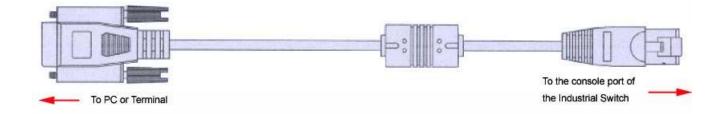
Dual Homing function is to prevent the connection loss from between X-Ring group and upper level/core switch. Assign two ports to be the Dual Homing port that is backup port in the X-Ring group. The Dual Homing function only works when the X-Ring function is active. Each X-Ring group only has one Dual Homing port.

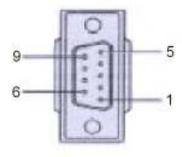
Note In dual Homing application architecture, the upper level switches need to enable the Rapid Spanning Tree protocol.



Connecting to the Console Port

The supplied cable which one end is RS-232 connector and the other end is RJ-45 connector. Attach the end of RS-232 connector to PC or terminal and the other end of RJ-45 connector to the console port of switch. The connected terminal or PC must support the terminal emulation program.





DB 9-pin Female

Pin Assignment

DB9 Connector	RJ	-45 Connector
NC	1	Orange/White
2	2	Orange
3	3	Green/White
NC	4	Blue
5	5	Blue/White
NC	6	Green
NC	7	Brown/White
NC	8	Brown

Login in the Console Interface

When the connection between Switch and PC is ready, turn on the PC and run a terminal emulation program or **Hyper Terminal** and configure its **communication parameters** to match the following default characteristics of the console port:

Baud Rate: 9600 bps Data Bits: 8 Parity: none Stop Bit: 1 Flow control: None

COM2 Properties				? ×
Port Settings				- F
<u>B</u> its per second:	9600		_	
<u>D</u> ata bits:	8			
<u>Parity</u> :	None		•	
<u>S</u> top bits:	<u>[1</u>			
Elow control:	None		•	
Advanced]	<u>R</u> estore	e Defaults	
0	K	Cancel	Арр	ly

The settings of communication parameters

After finishing the parameter settings, click '**OK**'. When the blank screen shows up, press Enter key to bring out the login prompt. Key in the '**root**' (default value) for the both User name and Password (use **Enter** key to switch), then press Enter key and the Main Menu of console management appears. Please see below figure for login screen.

```
Welcome to the
4 10/100/1000T + 4 Mini-GBIC w/ X-Ring L2 Managed Industrial Switch
User Name :
Password :
```

Console login interface

CLI Management

The system supports the console management – CLI command. After you login to the system, you will see a command prompt. To enter CLI management interface, type in 'enable' command.

vitch≻enable vitch#_	

CLI command interface

The following table lists the CLI commands and description.

Commands Level

Modes	Access Method	Prompt	Exit Method	About This Mode1
User EXEC	Begin a session with your switch.	switch>	Enter logout or quit.	The user commands available at the user level are a subset of those available at the privileged level. Use this mode to • Perform basic tests. •Displays system information.
Privileged EXEC	Enter the enable command while in user EXEC mode.	switch#	Enter disable to exit.	The privileged command is advance mode Privileged this mode to •Displays advance function status • Save configures
Global Configuration	Enter the configure command while in privileged EXEC mode.	switch (config)#	To exit to privileged EXEC mode, enter exit or end	Use this mode to configure parameters that apply to your switch as a whole.
VLAN database	Enter the vlan database	switch (vlan)#	To exit to user EXEC	Use this mode to configure

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	command		mode, enter	VLAN-specific
	while in		exit.	parameters.
	privileged			
	EXEC mode.			
	Enter the		To exit to	
	interface of		global	
	fast Ethernet		configuratio	
	command		n mode,	Use this mode to
Interface	(with a	switch	enter exit.	configure parameters
configuration	specific	(config-if)#	To exist to	for the switch and
	interface)		privileged	Ethernet ports.
	while in global		EXEC	
	configuration		mode, or	
	mode		end.	

Commands Set List

System Commands Set

Commands	Level	Description	Example
show config	E	Show switch	switch>show config
		configuration	
show terminal	Р	Show console	switch#show terminal
		information	
write memory	Р	Save user	switch#write memory
		configuration into	
		permanent memory	
		(flash rom)	
system name	G	Configure system	switch(config)#system name xxx
[System Name]		name	
system location	G	Set switch system	switch(config)#system location

[System Location]		location string	xxx
system description	G	Set switch system	switch(config)# system
[System Description]		description string	description xxx
system contact	G	Set switch system	switch(config)#system contact
[System Contact]		contact window string	xxx
show system-info	E	Show system	switch> show system-info
		information	
ip address	G	Configure the IP	switch(config)# ip address
[lp-address]		address of switch	192.168.16.1 255.255.255.0
[Subnet-mask]			192.168.16.254
[Gateway]			
ip dhcp	G	Enable DHCP client	switch(config)#ip dhcp
		function of switch	
show ip	Р	Show IP information of	switch# show ip
		switch	
no ip dhcp	G	Disable DHCP client	switch(config)#no ip dhcp
		function of switch	
reload	G	Halt and perform a cold restart	switch(config)# reload
default	G	Restore to default	switch(config)#default
admin username	G	Changes a login	switch(config)#admin username
[Username]		username.	xxxxxx
		(maximum 10 words)	
admin password	G	Specifies a password	switch(config)#admin password
[Password]		(maximum 10 words)	xxxxxx
show admin	Р	Show administrator	switch# show admin
		information	
dhcpserver enable	G	Enable DHCP Server	switch(config)#dhcpserver enable
Dhcpserver disable	G	Disable DHCP Server	switch(config)#no dhcpserver
dhcpserver lowip	G	Configure low IP	switch(config)#dhcpserver lowip
[Low IP]		address for IP pool	192.168.1.100
dhcpserver highip	G	Configure high IP	switch(config)#dhcpserver highip
[High IP]		address for IP pool	192.168.1.200

dhcpserver subnetmask	G	Configure subnet	switch(config)#dhcpserver
[Subnet mask]		mask for DHCP clients	subnetmask 255.255.255.0
dhcpserver gateway	G	Configure gateway for	switch(config)# dhcpserver
[Gateway]		DHCP clients	gateway 192.168.1.254
dhcpserver dnsip	G	Configure DNS IP for	switch(config)#dhcpserver dnsip
[DNS IP]		DHCP clients	192.168.1.1
dhcpserver leasetime	G	Configure lease time	switch(config)#dhcpserver
[Hours]		(in hour)	leasetime 1
dhcpserver ipbinding	I	Set static IP for DHCP	switch(config)#interface
[IP address]		clients by port	fastEthernet 2
			switch(config-if)# dhcpserver
			ipbinding 192.168.1.1
show dhcpserver	Ρ	Show configuration of	switch#show dhcpserver
configuration		DHCP server	configuration
show dhcpserver clients	Р	Show client entries of	switch#show dhcpserver clients
		DHCP server	
show dhcpserver	Р	Show IP-Binding	switch#show dhcpserver
ip-binding		information of DHCP	ip-binding
		server	
no dhcpserver	G	Disable DHCP server	switch(config)#no dhcpserver
		function	
security enable	G	Enable IP security	switch(config)#security enable
		function	
security http	G	Enable IP security of	switch(config)#security http
		HTTP server	
security telnet	G	Enable IP security of	switch(config)#security telnet
		telnet server	
security ip	G	Set the IP security list	switch(config)#security ip 1
[Index(110)] [IP			192.168.1.55
Address]			
show security	Ρ	Show the information	switch# show security
-		of IP security	-
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no security	G	Disable IP security	switch(config)# no security
		function	
no security http	G	Disable IP security of	switch(config)#no security http
		HTTP server	
no security telnet	G	Disable IP security of	switch(config)#no security telnet
		telnet server	

Port Commands Set

Commands	Level	Description	Example
interface fastEthernet	G	Choose the port for	switch(config)#interface
[Portid]		modification.	fastEthernet 2
duplex	I	Use the duplex	switch(config)#interface
[full half]		configuration	fastEthernet 2
		command to specify	switch(config-if)#duplex full
		the duplex mode of	
		operation for Fast	
		Ethernet.	
speed	I	Use the speed	switch(config)#interface
[10 100 1000 auto]		configuration	fastEthernet 2
		command to specify	switch(config-if)#speed 100
		the speed mode of	
		operation for Fast	
		Ethernet., the speed	
		can't be set to 1000 if	
		the port isn't a giga	
		port	
no flowcontrol	I	Disable flow control of	switch(config-if)#no flowcontrol
		interface	
security enable	I	Enable security of	switch(config)#interface
		interface	fastEthernet 2
			switch(config-if)# security enable

no security	I	Disable security of	switch(config)#interface
		interface	fastEthernet 2
			switch(config-if)# no security
bandwidth type all	I	Set interface ingress	switch(config)#interface
		limit frame type to	fastEthernet 2
		'accept all frame'	switch(config-if)#bandwidth type
			all
bandwidth type	I	Set interface ingress	switch(config)# interface
broadcast-multicast-floo		limit frame type to	fastEthernet 2
ded-unicast		'accept broadcast,	switch(config-if)#bandwidth type
		multicast, and flooded	broadcast-multicast-flooded-uni
		unicast frame'	cast
bandwidth type	I	Set interface ingress	switch(config)# interface
broadcast-multicast		limit frame type to	fastEthernet 2
		'accept broadcast and	switch(config-if)#bandwidth type
		multicast frame'	broadcast-multicast
bandwidth type	I	Set interface ingress	switch(config)# interface
broadcast-only		limit frame type to 'only	fastEthernet 2
		accept broadcast	switch(config-if)#bandwidth type
		frame'	broadcast-only
bandwidth in	I	Set interface input	switch(config)#interface
[Value]		bandwidth. Rate	fastEthernet 2
		Range is from 100	switch(config-if)#bandwidth in 100
		kbps to 102400 kbps	
		or to 256000 kbps for	
		giga ports,	
		and zero means no	
		limit.	
bandwidth out		Set interface output	switch(config)#interface
[Value]		bandwidth. Rate	fastEthernet 2
		Range is from 100	switch(config-if)#bandwidth out
		kbps to 102400 kbps	100

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		or to 256000 kbps for	
		giga ports,	
		and zero means no	
		limit.	
show bandwidth		-	switch(config)#interface
Show Dahuwiuth	1		fastEthernet 2
			switch(config-if)#show bandwidth
state	I		switch(config)#interface
[Enable Disable]		configuration	fastEthernet 2
		command to specify	(config-if)# state Disable
		the state mode of	
		operation for Ethernet	
		ports. Use the disable	
		form of this command	
		to disable the port.	
show interface		show interface	switch(config)#interface
configuration		configuration status	fastEthernet 2
			switch(config-if)#show interface
			configuration
show interface status	I	show interface actual	switch(config)#interface
		status	fastEthernet 2
			(config-if)# show interface status
show interface	I	show interface statistic	switch(config)#interface
accounting		counter	fastEthernet 2
			(config-if)# show interface
			accounting
no accounting	Ι	Clear interface	switch(config)#interface
		accounting information	fastEthernet 2
			switch(config-if)# no accounting

Trunk Commands Set

Commands	Level	Description	Example
aggregator priority	G	Set port group system	switch(config)#aggregator priority
[1~65535]		priority	22
aggregator activityport	G	Set activity port	switch(config)#aggregator
[Group ID]			activityport 2
[Port Numbers]			
aggregator group	G	Assign a trunk group	switch(config)#aggregator group
[GroupID] [Port-list]		with LACP active.	1 1-4 lacp workp 2
Іаср		[GroupID] :1~4	or
workp		[Port-list]:Member port	switch(config)#aggregator group
[Workport]		list, This parameter	2 1,4,3 lacp workp 3
		could be a port	
		range(ex.1-4) or a port	
		list separate by a	
		comma(ex.2, 3, 6)	
		[Workport]: The	
		amount of work ports,	
		this value could not be	
		less than zero or be	
		large than the amount	
		of member ports.	
aggregator group	G	Assign a static trunk	switch(config)#aggregator group
[GroupID] [Port-list]		group.	1 2-4 nolacp
nolacp		[GroupID] :1~4	or
		[Port-list]:Member port	switch(config)#aggregator group
		list, This parameter	1 3,1,2 nolacp
		could be a port	
		range(ex.1-4) or a port	
		list separate by a	
		comma(ex.2, 3, 6)	

show aggregator	Р	Show the information	switch# show aggregator 1
		of trunk group	or
			switch# show aggregator 2
			or
			switch# show aggregator 3
no aggregator lacp	G	Disable the LACP	switch(config)#no aggreator lacp
[GroupID]		function of trunk group	1
no aggregator group	G	Remove a trunk group	switch(config)#no aggreator
[GroupID]			group 2

DMI Commands Set

Commands	Level	Description	Example
show dmi	Ι	Show DMI port status	switch(config)#interface
		(Port 5 to port 8	fastEthernet 5
		supports DMI fuction)	switch(config-if)# show dmi

VLAN Commands Set

Commands	Level	Description	Example
vlan database	Р	Enter VLAN configure	switch# vlan database
		mode	
Vlanmode	V	To set switch VLAN	switch(vlan)#vlanmode portbase
[portbase 802.1q		mode.	or
gvrp]			switch(vlan)# vlanmode 802.1q
			or
			switch(vlan)# vlanmode gvrp
no vlan	V	No VLAN	Switch(vlan)# no vlan
Ported based VLAN conf	igurati	on	
vlan port-based	V	Add new port based	switch(vlan)# vlan port-based
grpname		VALN	grpname test grpid 2 port 2-4
[Group Name]			or
grpid			switch(vlan)# vlan port-based
[GroupID]			grpname test grpid 2 port 2,3,4
port			
[PortNumbers]			
show vlan [GroupID]	V	Show VLAN	switch(vlan)# show vlan 23
or show vlan		information	
no vlan group	V	Delete port base group	switch(vlan)# no vlan group 2
[GroupID]		ID	
	1	IEEE 802.1Q VLAN	1
vlan 8021q name	V	Change the name of	switch(vlan)#vlan 8021q name
[GroupName] vid		VLAN group, if the	test vid 22
[VID]			
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		group didn't exist, this	
		command can't be	
		applied.	
vien 9021a nort	V		
vlan 8021q port [PortNumber]	V	Assign a access link	switch(vlan)#vlan 8021q port 3
access-link untag		for VLAN by port, if the	access-link untag 33
[UntaggedVID]		port belong to a trunk	
		group, this command	
		can't be applied.	
vlan 8021q port	V	Assign a trunk link for	switch(vlan)# vlan 8021q port 3
[PortNumber] trunk-link tag		VLAN by port, if the	trunk-link tag 2,3,6,99
[TaggedVID List]		port belong to a trunk	or
		group, this command	switch(vlan)#vlan 8021q port 3
		can't be applied.	trunk-link tag 3-20
vlan 8021q port	V	Assign a hybrid link for	switch(vlan)#vlan 8021q port 3
[PortNumber] hybrid-link untag		VLAN by port, if the	hybrid-link untag 4 tag 3,6,8
[UntaggedVID]		port belong to a trunk	or
<mark>tag</mark> [TaggedVID List]		group, this command	switch(vlan)# vlan 8021q port 3
		can't be applied.	hybrid-link untag 5 tag 6-8
vlan 8021q trunk	V	Assign a access link	switch(vlan)#vlan 8021q trunk 3
[PortNumber] access-link untag		for VLAN by trunk	access-link untag 33
[UntaggedVID]		group	
vlan 8021q trunk	V	Assign a trunk link for	switch(vlan)#vlan 8021q trunk 3
[PortNumber] trunk-link tag		VLAN by trunk group	trunk-link tag 2,3,6,99
[TaggedVID List]			or
F. 230 ALLE FIOU			switch(vlan)#vlan 8021q trunk 3
			trunk-link tag 3-20
vlan 8021q trunk	V	Assign a hybrid link for	switch(vlan)#vlan 8021q trunk 3
[PortNumber] hybrid-link untag		VLAN by trunk group	hybrid-link untag 4 tag 3,6,8
[UntaggedVID]			or
<mark>tag</mark> [TaggedVID List]			switch(vlan)#vlan 8021q trunk 3
Lidygenain rist]			hybrid-link untag 5 tag 6-8

show vlan [GroupID]	V	Show VLAN	switch(vlan)# show vlan 23
or show vlan		information	
no vlan group	V	Delete port base group	switch(vlan)# no vlan group 2
[GroupID]		ID	

Spanning Tree Commands Set

Commands	Level	Description	Example
spanning-tree enable	G	Enable spanning tree	switch(config)# spanning-tree
			enable
spanning-tree priority	G	Configure spanning	switch(config)# spanning-tree
[0~61440]		tree priority parameter	priority 32767
spanning-tree max-age	G	Use the spanning-tree	switch(config)# spanning-tree
[seconds]		max-age global	max-age 15
		configuration	
		command to change	
		the interval between	
		messages the	
		spanning tree receives	
		from the root switch. If	
		a switch does not	
		receive a bridge	
		protocol data unit	
		(BPDU) message from	
		the root switch within	
		this interval, it	
		recomputed the	
		Spanning Tree	
		Protocol (STP)	
		topology.	

spanning-tree	G	Use the spanning-tree	switch(config)#spanning-tree
hello-time [seconds]		hello-time global	hello-time 3
		configuration	
		command to specify	
		the interval between	
		hello bridge protocol	
		data units (BPDUs).	
spanning-tree	G	Use the spanning-tree	switch(config)#spanning-tree
forward-time [seconds]		forward-time global	forward-time 20
		configuration	
		command to set the	
		forwarding-time for the	
		specified	
		spanning-tree	
		instances. The	
		forwarding time	
		determines how long	
		each of the listening	
		and	
		learning states last before the port begins forwarding.	
stp-path-cost	I		switch(config)#interface
[1~20000000]		cost interface	fastEthernet 2
		configuration	switch(config-if)#stp-path-cost 20
		command to set the	
		path cost for Spanning	
		Tree	
		Protocol (STP)	
		calculations. In the	
		event of a loop,	
		spanning tree	
		considers the path	

		cost when selecting	
		an interface to place	
		into the forwarding	
		state.	
stp-path-priority	I	Use the spanning-tree	switch(config)#interface
[Port Priority]		port-priority interface	fastEthernet 2
		configuration	switch(config-if)#stp-path-priority
		command to configure	128
		a port priority that	
		is used when two	
		switches tie for	
		position as the root	
		switch.	
stp-admin-p2p		Admin P2P of STP	switch(config)# interface
[Auto True False]		priority on this	fastEthernet 2
		interface.	switch(config-if)# stp-admin-p2p
			Auto
stp-admin-edge	I	Admin Edge of STP	switch(config)#interface
[True False]		priority on this	fastEthernet 2
		interface.	switch(config-if)# stp-admin-edge
			True
stp-admin-non-stp	I	Admin NonSTP of STP	switch(config)#interface
[True False]		priority on this	fastEthernet 2
		interface.	switch(config-if)#stp-admin-non-s
			tp False
show spanning-tree	Е	Displays a summary of	switch> show spanning-tree
		the spanning-tree	
		states.	
no spanning-tree	G	Disable spanning-tree.	switch(config)# no spanning-tree

QOS Commands Set

Commands	Level	Description	Example
qos policy	G	Select QOS policy	switch(config)# qos policy
[weighted-fair strict]		scheduling	weighted-fair
qos prioritytype	G	Setting of QOS priority	switch(config)#qos prioritytype
[port-based cos-only tos		type	
-only cos-first tos-first]			
qos priority portbased	G	Configure Port-based	switch(config)#qos priority
[Port] [lowest low middle high]		Priority	portbased 1 low
qos priority cos [Priority][lowest low mid	G	Configure COS Priority	switch(config)#qos priority cos 0
dle high]			middle
qos priority tos	G	Configure TOS Priority	switch(config)#qos priority tos 3
[Priority][lowest low mid			high
dle high]			
show qos	Р	Displays the	Switch# show qos
		information of QoS	
		configuration	
no qos	G	Disable QoS function	switch(config)# no qos

IGMP Commands Set

Commands	Level	Description	Example
igmp enable	G	Enable IGMP	switch(config)#igmp enable
		snooping function	
igmp query auto	G	Set IGMP query to	switch(config)#i gmp query auto
		auto mode	
igmp query force	G	Set IGMP query to	switch(config)#i gmp query force
		force mode	
Show igmp	Р	Displays the details of	switch#show igmp configuration
configuration		an IGMP	
		configuration.	
Show igmp multi	Р	Displays the details of	switch# show igmp multi

		an IGMP snooping	
		entries.	
no igmp	G	Disable IGMP	switch(config)# no igmp
		snooping function	
no igmp query	G	Disable IGMP query	switch# no igmp query

Mac / Filter Table Commands Set

Commands	Level	Description	Example
mac-address-table static	Ι	Configure MAC	switch(config)#interface
hwaddr		address table of	fastEthernet 2
[MAC]		interface (static).	switch(config-if)#mac-address-tab
			le static hwaddr 000012345678
mac-address-table filter	G	Configure MAC	switch(config)#mac-address-table
hwaddr		address table(filter)	filter hwaddr 000012348678
[MAC]			
show mac-address-table	Р	Show all MAC address	switch#show mac-address-table
		table	
show mac-address-table	Р	Show static MAC	switch#show mac-address-table
static		address table	static
show mac-address-table	Р	Show filter MAC	switch#show mac-address-table
filter		address table.	filter
no mac-address-table	Ι	Remove an entry of	switch(config)#interface
static hwaddr		MAC address table of	fastEthernet 2
[MAC]		interface (static)	switch(config-if)# no
			mac-address-table static hwaddr
			000012345678
no mac-address-table	G	Remove an entry of	switch(config)# no
filter hwaddr		MAC address table	mac-address-table filter hwaddr
[MAC]		(filter)	000012348678
no mac-address-table	G	Remove dynamic entry	switch(config)# no
		of MAC address table	mac-address-table

SNMP Commands Set

Commands	Level	Description	Example
snmp system-name	G	Set SNMP agent	switch(config)# snmp
[System Name]		system name	system-name I2switch
snmp system-location	G	Set SNMP agent	switch(config)# snmp
[System Location]		system location	system-location lab
snmp system-contact	G	Set SNMP agent	switch(config)# snmp
[System Contact]		system contact	system-contact where
snmp agent-mode	G	Select the agent mode	switch(config)#snmp agent-mode
[v1v2c v3 v1v2cv3]		of SNMP	v1v2cv3
snmp	G	Add SNMP community	switch(config)# snmp
community-strings		string.	community-strings public right
[Community]			rw
right			
[RO/RW]			
snmp-server host	G	Configure SNMP	switch(config)#snmp-server host
[IP address]		server host information	192.168.1.50 community public
community		and community string	trap-version v1
[Community-string]			(remove)
trap-version			Switch(config)#
[v1 v2c]			no snmp-server host
			192.168.1.50
snmpv3 context-name	G	Configure the context	switch(config)#snmpv3
[Context Name]		name	context-name Test
snmpv3 user	G	Configure the	switch(config)#snmpv3 user
[User Name]		userprofile for	test01 group G1 password
group		SNMPV3 agent.	AuthPW PrivPW
[Group Name]		Privacy password	
password		could be empty.	
[Authentication			
Password] [Privacy			
Password]			

snmpv3 access	G	Configure the access	switch(config)#snmpv3 access
context-name [Context		table of SNMPV3	context-name Test group G1
Name]		agent	security-level AuthPriv
group			match-rule Exact views V1 V1 V1
[Group Name]			
security-level			
[NoAuthNoPriv AuthNoP			
riv AuthPriv]			
match-rule			
[Exact Prifix]			
views			
[Read View Name] [Write			
View Name] [Notify View			
Name]			
snmpv3 mibview view	G	Configure the mibview	switch(config)#snmpv3 mibview
[View Name]		table of SNMPV3	view V1 type Excluded sub-oid
type		agent	1.3.6.1
[Excluded Included]			
sub-oid			
[OID]			
show snmp	Ρ	Show SNMP	switch# show snmp
		configuration	
no snmp	G	Remove the specified	switch(config)# no snmp
community-strings		community.	community-strings public
[Community]			
no snmp-server host	G	Remove the SNMP	switch(config)# no snmp-server
[Host-address]		server host.	192.168.1.50
no snmpv3 user	G	Remove specified user	switch(config)# no snmpv3 user
[User Name]		of SNMPv3 agent.	Test
no snmpv3 access	G	Remove specified	switch(config)# no snmpv3 access
context-name [Context		access table of	context-name Test group G1
Name]		SNMPv3 agent.	security-level AuthPr

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group			iv match-rule Exact views V1 V1
[Group Name]			V1
security-level			
[NoAuthNoPriv AuthNoP			
riv AuthPriv]			
match-rule			
[Exact Prifix]			
views			
[Read View Name] [Write			
View Name] [Notify View			
Name]			
no snmpv3 mibview	G	Remove specified	switch(config)#no snmpv3
view		mibview table of	mibview view V1 type Excluded
[View Name]		SNMPV3 agent.	sub-oid 1.3.6.1
type			
[Excluded Included]			
sub-oid			
[OID]			

Port Mirroring Commands Set

Commands	Level	Description	Example
monitor rx	G	Set RX destination	switch(config)#monitor rx
		port of monitor function	
monitor tx	G	Set TX destination port	switch(config)# monitor tx
		of monitor function	
show monitor	Р	Show port monitor	switch# show monitor
		information	
monitor	I	Configure source port	switch(config)# interface
[RX TX Both]		of monitor function	fastEthernet 2
			switch(config-if)#monitor RX
show monitor	I	Show port monitor	switch(config)#interface

		information	fastEthernet 2
			switch(config-if)# show monitor
no monitor	I	Disable source port of	switch(config)#interface
		monitor function	fastEthernet 2
			switch(config-if)# no monitor

802.1x Commands Set

Commands	Level	Description	Example
8021x enable	G	Use the 802.1x global	switch(config)# 8021x enable
		configuration	
		command to enable	
		802.1x protocols.	
8021x system radiusip	G	Use the 802.1x system	switch(config)# 8021x system
[IP address]		radius IP global	radiusip 192.168.1.1
		configuration	
		command to change	
		the radius server IP.	
8021x system serverport	G	Use the 802.1x system	switch(config)# 8021x system
[port ID]		server port global	serverport 1815
		configuration	
		command to change	
		the radius server port	
8021x system	G	Use the 802.1x system	switch(config)# 8021x system
accountport		account port global	accountport 1816
[port ID]		configuration	
		command to change	
		the accounting port	
8021x system sharekey	G	Use the 802.1x system	switch(config)# 8021x system
[ID]		share key global	sharekey 123456
		configuration	
		command to change	

		the shared key value.	
8021x system nasid	G	Use the 802.1x system	switch(config)# 8021x system
[words]		nasid global	nasid test1
		configuration	
		command to change	
		the NAS ID	
8021x misc quietperiod	G	Use the 802.1x misc	switch(config)# 8021x misc
[sec.]		quiet period global	quietperiod 10
		configuration	
		command to specify	
		the quiet period value	
		of the switch.	
8021x misc txperiod	G	Use the 802.1x misc	switch(config)# 8021x misc
[sec.]		TX period global	txperiod 5
		configuration	
		command to set the	
		TX period.	
8021x misc	G	Use the 802.1x misc	switch(config)# 8021x misc
supportimeout [sec.]		supp timeout global	supportimeout 20
		configuration	
		command to set the	
		supplicant timeout.	
8021x misc	G	Use the 802.1x misc	switch(config)#8021x misc
servertimeout [sec.]		server timeout global	servertimeout 20
		configuration	
		command to set the	
		server timeout.	
8021x misc maxrequest	G	Use the 802.1x misc	switch(config)# 8021x misc
[number]		max request global	maxrequest 3
		configuration	
		command to set the	
		MAX requests.	

8021x misc	G	Use the 802.1x misc	switch(config)# 8021x misc
reauthperiod [sec.]		reauth period global	reauthperiod 3000
		configuration	
		command to set the	
		reauth period.	
8021x portstate	I	Use the 802.1x port	switch(config)#interface
[disable reject accept		state interface	fastethernet 3
authorize]		configuration	switch(config-if)#8021x portstate
		command to set the	accept
		state of the selected	
		port.	
show 8021x	Е	Displays a summary of	switch> show 8021x
		the 802.1x properties	
		and also the port	
		sates.	
no 8021x	G	Disable 802.1x	switch(config)# no 8021x
		function	

TFTP Commands Set

Commands	Level	Description	Defaults Example
backup	G	Save configuration to	switch(config)# backup
flash:backup_cfg		TFTP and need to	flash:backup_cfg
		specify the IP of TFTP	
		server and the file name	
		of image.	
restore flash:restore_cfg	G	Get configuration from	switch(config)# restore
		TFTP server and need to	flash:restore_cfg
		specify the IP of TFTP	
		server and the file name	
		of image.	
upgrade	G	Upgrade firmware by	switch(config)# upgrade

flash:upgrade_fw	TFTP and need to	flash:upgrade_fw
	specify the IP of TFTP	
	server and the file name	
	of image.	

SystemLog, SMTP and Event Commands Set

Commands	Level	Description	Example
systemlog ip	G	Set System log server	switch(config)# systemlog ip
[IP address]		IP address.	192.168.1.100
systemlog mode	G	Specified the log mode	switch(config)# systemlog mode
[client server both]			both
show systemlog	Е	Displays system log.	Switch> show systemlog
show systemlog	Р	Show system log client	switch# show systemlog
		& server information	
no systemlog	G	Disable systemlog	switch(config)# no systemlog
		functon	
smtp enable	G	Enable SMTP function	switch(config)#smtp enable
smtp serverip	G	Configure SMTP	switch(config)#smtp serverip
[IP address]		server IP	192.168.1.5
smtp authentication	G	Enable SMTP	switch(config)# smtp
		authentication	authentication
smtp account	G	Configure	switch(config)#smtp account User
[account]		authentication account	
smtp password	G	Configure	switch(config)#smtp password
[password]		authentication	
		password	
smtp rcptemail	G	Configure Rcpt e-mail	switch(config)#smtp rcptemail 1
[Index] [Email address]		Address	<u>Alert@test.com</u>
show smtp	Р	Show the information	switch# show smtp
		of SMTP	
no smtp	G	Disable SMTP function	switch(config)# no smtp

event device-cold-start	G	Set cold start event	switch(config)#event
[Systemlog SMTP Both]		type	device-cold-start both
event	G	Set Authentication	switch(config)#event
authentication-failure		failure event type	authentication-failure both
[Systemlog SMTP Both]			
event	G	Set X-ring topology	switch(config)#event
ring-topology-change		changed event type	ring-topology-change both
[Systemlog SMTP Both]			
event systemlog	Ι	Set port event for	switch(config)#interface
[Link-UP Link-Down Bot		system log	fastethernet 3
h]			switch(config-if)#event systemlog
			both
event smtp	I	Set port event for	switch(config)#interface
[Link-UP Link-Down Bot		SMTP	fastethernet 3
h]			switch(config-if)#event smtp both
show event	Р	Show event selection	switch#show event
no event	G	Disable cold start	switch(config)# no event
device-cold-start		event type	device-cold-start
no event	G	Disable Authentication	switch(config)# no event
authentication-failure		failure event typ	authentication-failure
no event	G	Disable X-ring	switch(config)# no event
X-ring-topology-change		topology changed	X-ring-topology-change
		event type	
no event systemlog	I	Disable port event for	switch(config)#interface
		system log	fastethernet 3
			switch(config-if)# no event
			systemlog
no event smpt	Ι	Disable port event for	switch(config)#interface
		SMTP	fastethernet 3
			switch(config-if)#no event smtp
show systemlog	Р	Show system log client	switch# show systemlog

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SNTP Commands Set

Commands	Level	Description	Example
sntp enable	G	Enable SNTP function	switch(config)# sntp enable
sntp daylight	G	Enable daylight saving	switch(config)#sntp daylight
		time, if SNTP function	
		is inactive, this	
		command can't be	
		applied.	
sntp daylight-period	G	Set period of daylight	switch(config)# sntp
[Start time] [End time]		saving time, if SNTP	daylight-period 20060101-01:01
		function is inactive,	20060202-01-01
		this command can't be	
		applied.	
		Parameter format:	
		[yyyymmdd-hh:mm]	
sntp daylight-offset	G	Set offset of daylight	switch(config)# sntp
[Minute]		saving time, if SNTP	daylight-offset 3
		function is inactive,	
		this command can't be	
		applied.	
sntp ip	G	Set SNTP server IP, if	switch(config)#sntp ip 192.169.1.1
[IP]		SNTP function is	
		inactive, this command	
		can't be applied.	
sntp timezone	G	Set timezone index,	switch(config)#sntp timezone 22
[Timezone]		use 'show sntp	
		timzezone' command	
		to get more	
		information of index	
		number	
show sntp	Р	Show SNTP	switch# show sntp
		information	
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show sntp timezone	Ρ	Show index number of	switch# show sntp timezone
		time zone list	
no sntp	G	Disable SNTP function	switch(config)# no sntp
no sntp daylight	G	Disable daylight saving	switch(config)#no sntp daylight
		time	

X-ring Commands Set

Commands	Level	Description	Example
ring enable	G	Enable X-ring	switch(config)#ring enable
ring master	G	Enable ring master	switch(config)#ring master
ring couplering	G	Enable couple ring	switch(config)#ring couplering
ring dualhoming	G	Enable dual homing	switch(config)#ring dualhoming
ring ringport	G	Configure 1st/2nd	switch(config)#ring ringport 7 8
[1st Ring Port] [2nd Ring		Ring Port	
Port]			
ring couplingport	G	Configure Coupling	switch(config)#ring couplingport
[Coupling Port]		Port	1
ring controlport	G	Configure Control Port	switch(config)#ring controlport 2
[Control Port]			
ring homingport	G	Configure Dual	switch(config)#ring homingport 3
[Dual Homing Port]		Homing Port	
show ring	Р	Show the information	switch# show ring
		of X - Ring	
no ring	G	Disable X-ring	switch(config)# no ring
no ring master	G	Disable ring master	switch(config)# no ring master
no ring couplering	G	Disable couple ring	switch(config)# no ring
			couplering
no ring dualhoming	G	Disable dual homing	switch(config)# no ring
			dualhoming

Web-Based Management

This section introduces the configuration and functions of the Web-Based management.

About Web-based Management

On CPU board of the switch there is an embedded HTML web site residing in flash memory, which offers advanced management features and allow users to manage the switch from anywhere on the network through a standard browser such as Microsoft Internet Explorer.

The Web-Based Management supports Internet Explorer 6.0 or later version. And, it is applied for Java Applets for reducing network bandwidth consumption, enhance access speed and present an easy viewing screen.

Preparing for Web Management

Before using the web management, install the industrial switch on the network and make sure that any one of the PCs on the network can connect with the industrial switch through the web browser. The industrial switch default value of IP, subnet mask, username and password is as below:

- IP Address: **192.168.1.77**
- Subnet Mask: 255.255.255.0
- Default Gateway: **192.168.1.254**
- User Name: root
- Password: root

System Login

- 1. Launch the Internet Explorer on the PC
- 2. Key in 'http:// '+' the IP address of the switch', and then Press 'Enter'.

Eile	<u>E</u> dit	⊻iew	Favorites	Tools	Help				
0	Back 🔹	0	- 💌 🖁	द्ये 🏠	Search	A Favorites	$\boldsymbol{\mathscr{O}}$	8.	3
Addre	ess 🙋	http://	192.168.16.	1/					

- 3. The login screen will appear right after
- 4. Key in the user name and password. The default user name and password are the same as '**root**'
- 5. Press 'Enter' or 'OK', and then the home screen of the Web-based management appears as below:

Connect to 192.	168.16.1	? ×
R	G	A.
index.htm		
User name:	🖸 root	•
Password:	[••••	
	Remember my password	
	ок	ancel
	-	

Login screen

Main interface

		Industrial Switch
Open all Itain Page H System H Protocol H Security Factory Detautt Save Configuration System Reboot	Welcome to	the
4 10/10	00/1000T + 4 Mini-GBIC Managed Sw	[편기 집] 영양 이 이 집 것 같은 것 같아요. 이 집 집 집 집 집 집 집 집 집 집 집 집 집 집 집 집 집 집

Main interface

System Information

Assigning the system name, location and view the system information

- **System Name:** Assign the name of switch. The maximum length is 64 bytes
- System Description: Displays the description of switch. Read only cannot be modified
- System Location: Assign the switch physical location. The maximum length is 64 bytes
- **System Contact:** Enter the name of contact person or organization
- **Firmware Version:** Displays the switch's firmware version
- Kernel Version: Displays the kernel software version
- MAC Address: Displays the unique hardware address assigned by manufacturer (default)

System Name			
System Description	4 10/100/1000T + 4 Mir	ni-GBIC Wide Te	mp. Industrial Managed S
System Location			
System Contact			
	Apply	Help	
	Firmware Version	v1.00	
	Kernel Version	v1.85	
	MAC Address	001122334455	

System Information

System information interface

IP Configuration

User can configure the IP Settings and DHCP client function

DHCP Client: To enable or disable the DHCP client function. When DHCP client function is enabling, the industrial switch will be assigned the IP address from the network DHCP server. The default IP address will be replace by the DHCP server assigned IP address. After user click 'Apply' button, a popup dialog show up. It is to

inform the user that when the DHCP client is enabling, the current IP will lose and user should find the new IP on the DHCP server.

- IP Address: Assign the IP address that the network is using. If DHCP client function is enabling, and then user don't need to assign the IP address. And, the network DHCP server will assign the IP address for the industrial switch and displays in this column. The default IP is 192.168.1.77.
- Subnet Mask: Assign the subnet mask of the IP address. If DHCP client function is enabling, and then user do not need to assign the subnet mask.
- **Gateway:** Assign the network gateway for the industrial switch. The default gateway is 192.168.1.254.
- **DNS1:** Assign the primary DNS IP address.
- **DNS2:** Assign the secondary DNS IP address.
- And then, click Apply

IP Configuration

DHCP Client : Disable -

IP Address	192.168.16.1
Subnet Mask	255.255.255.0
Gateway	192.168.16.254
DNS1	0.0.0.0
DNS2	0.0.0

IP configuration interface

Apply Help

DHCP Server – System configuration

The system provides the DHCP server function. Enable the DHCP server function, the switch system will be a DHCP server.

DHCP Server: Enable or Disable the DHCP Server function. Enable – the switch will be the DHCP server on your local network.

- Low IP Address: the dynamic IP assign range. Low IP address is the beginning of the dynamic IP assigns range. For example: dynamic IP assign range is from 192.168.16.100 ~ 192.168.16.200. In contrast, 192.168.16.100 is the Low IP address.
- High IP Address: the dynamic IP assign range. High IP address is the end of the dynamic IP assigns range. For example: dynamic IP assign range is from 192.168.16.100 ~ 192.168.16.200. In comparison, 192.168.16.200 is the High IP address.
- **Subnet Mask:** the dynamic IP assign range subnet mask.
- **Gateway:** the gateway in your network.
- **DNS:** Domain Name Server IP Address in your network.
- Lease Time (sec): It is the time period that system will reset the dynamic IP assignment to ensure the dynamic IP will not been occupied for a long time or the server doesn't know that the dynamic IP is idle.
- And then, click Apply

DHCP Server - System Configuration

System Configuration	Client E	ntries	Port and IP Binding
	DHCP Server	: Disable 💌	
	Low IP Address	192.168.16.100	
	High IP Address	192.168.16.200	
	Subnet Mask	255.255.255.0	
	Gateway	192.168.16.254	
	DNS	0.0.0	
	Lease Time (sec)	86400	
	Apply	Help	

DHCP Server Configuration interface

DHCP Client – System Configuration

When the DHCP server function is active, the system will collect the DHCP client information and displays it here.

DHCP Server - Client Entries

System Configuration	Client Entries	Port and IP Binding	

IP addr Client ID Type Status Lease

DHCP Client Entries interface

DHCP Server - Port and IP Bindings

You can assign the specific IP address that is the IP in dynamic IP assign range to the specific port. When the device is connecting to the port and asks for dynamic IP assigning, the system will assign the IP address that has been assigned before to the connected device.

DHCP Server - Port and IP Binding

System Configuration) c	lient Entries	Port and IP Binding
	Port	IP	
	Port.01	L 0.0.0.0	
	Port.02	2 0.0.0.0	
	Port.03	3 0.0.0.0	
	Port.04	1 0.0.0.0	
	Port.05	0.0.0.0	
	Port.00	5 0.0.0.0	
	Port.07	0.0.0.0	
	Port.08	3 0.0.0.0	
	,	Apply Help	

Port and IP Bindings interface

TFTP - Update Firmware

It provides the functions to allow a user to update the switch firmware. Before updating, make sure you have your TFTP server ready and the firmware image is on the TFTP server.

- 1. TFTP Server IP Address: fill in your TFTP server IP.
- 2. Firmware File Name: the name of firmware image.

3. Click Apply

TFTP - Update Firmware

Update Firmware	Restore Configurat	ion Backup Configuration
TFTP Server	P Address 192.168.16.2	
Firmware F	le Name image.bin	
	Apply Help	

Update Firmware interface

TFTP – Restore Configuration

You can restore EEPROM value from TFTP server, but you must put the image file on TFTP server first, switch will download back flash image.

- 1. **TFTP Server IP Address:** fill in the TFTP server IP.
- 2. Restore File Name: fill in the correct restore file name.
- 3. Click Apply

TFTP - Restore Configuration

Update	Firmware	Rest	ore Configuration	Backup Confi	guration
	TFTP Server IP	Address	192.168.16.2		
	Restore File N	lame	data.bin		
			Apply Help		

Restore Configuration interface

TFTP - Backup Configuration

You can save current EEPROM value from the switch to TFTP server, then go to the 24-Hour Technical Support: 1-800-260-1312 International: 00-1-952-941-7600

TFTP restore configuration page to restore the EEPROM value.

- 1. TFTP Server IP Address: fill in the TFTP server IP
- 2. Backup File Name: fill the file name
- 3. Click Apply

TFTP - Backup Configuration

Update	Update Firmware Rest		ore Configuration	Backup Conf	iguration
	TFTP Server IP A	ddress	192.168.16.2		
	Backup File Na	me	data.bin		
			Apply Help		

Backup Configuration interface

System Event Log – Syslog Configuration

Configuring the system event mode that want to be collected and system log server IP.

- Syslog Client Mode: select the system log mode client only, server only, or both S/C.
- 2. System Log Server IP Address: assigned the system log server IP.
- 3. Click Reload to refresh the events log.
- 4. Click Clear to clear all current events log.
- 5. After configuring, Click Apply .

System Event Log - Syslog Configuration

Syslog Configur	ation	SMTP Con	figuration) Ev	vent Configuration
	Syslog Client M Syslog Server 1		Both 0.0.0.0	App	bly
	2: Jan 1 06:06: 1: Jan 1 06:06:	:05 : Syster :05 : Syster	n Log Server n Log Enable	IP: 0.0.0.0 1	
		Page	.1 💌		
		Reload	Clear Help	1	
		Page.1	*		
		Reload	Clear		
	Syslog	g Configurat	ion interface		

System Event Log - SMTP Configuration

You can set up the mail server IP, mail account, account password, and forwarded email account for receiving the event alert.

- 1. **Email Alert:** enable or disable the email alert function.
- 2. **SMTP Server IP:** set up the mail server IP address (when **Email Alert** enabled, this function will then be available).

- 3. **Sender:** key in a complete email address, e.g. <u>switch102@123.com</u>, to identify where the event log comes from.
- 4. **Authentication:** mark the check box to enable and configure the email account and password for authentication (when **Email Alert** enabled, this function will then be available).
- Mail Account: set up the email account, e.g. johnadmin, to receive the alert. It must be an existing email account on the mail server, which you had set up in SMTP Server IP Address column.
- 6. **Password:** The email account password.
- 7. **Confirm Password:** reconfirm the password.
- Rcpt e-mail Address 1 ~ 6: you can assign up to 6 e-mail accounts also to receive the alert.
- 9. Click Apply

System Event Log - SMTP Configuration

Syslog Configuration SM1	TP Configuration	Event Configuration
E-mail Alert: Enable 💌		
SMTP Server IP Address :	192.168.16.5	
Sender :	switch102@123.com	
✓ Authentication		
Mail Account :	johnadmin	
Password :	••••	
Confirm Password :	••••	
Rcpt e-mail Address 1 :	supervisor@123.com	
Rcpt e-mail Address 2 :		
Rcpt e-mail Address 3 :		
Rcpt e-mail Address 4 :		
Rcpt e-mail Address 5 :		
Rcpt e-mail Address 6 :		
]	Apply Help	

SMTP Configuration interface

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System Event Log - Event Configuration

You can select the system log events and SMTP events. When selected events occur, the system will send out the log information. Also, per port log and SMTP events can be selected. After configure, Click Apply

- System event selection: 4 selections Device cold start, Device warm start, SNMP Authentication Failure, and X-ring topology change. Mark the checkbox to select the event. When selected events occur, the system will issue the logs.
 - Device cold start: when the device executes cold start action, the system will issue a log event.
 - Authentication Failure: when the SMTP authentication fails, the system will issue a log event.
 - X-ring topology change: when the X-ring topology has changed, the system will issue a log event.

System Event Log - Event Configuration

Syslog Configuration

SMTP Configuration

Event Configuration

	System event selection							
Syslog	SMTP							
П	E							
F	E							
F	E							
	Syslog							

Port event selection

Port	Syslo	g	SMTE)
Port.01	Disable	*	Disable	Ŧ
Port.02	Disable	7	Disable	7
Port.03 Disable		isable 💌 🔽		X
Port.04	Disable	¥	Disable	¥
Port.05	Disable	*	Disable	¥
Port.06	Disable	7	Disable	V
Port.07	Disable	*	Disable	Y
Port.08	Disable	*	Disable	*



Event Configuration interface

- Port event selection: select the per port events and per port SMTP events. It has 3 selections Link UP, Link Down, and Link UP & Link Down. Disable means no event is selected.
 - > Link UP: the system will issue a log message when port connection is up only.
 - Link Down: the system will issue a log message when port connection is down only.
 - Link UP & Link Down: the system will issue a log message when port connection is up and down.

Fault Relay Alarm

- Power Failure: Mark the check box to enable the function of lighting up FAULT LED on the panel when power fails.
- Port Link Down/Broken: Mark the check box to enable the function of lighting up FAULT LED on the panel when Ports' states are link down or broken.

Power Failure							
🗆 Power 1 🗖 Power 2							
Port Link Down/Broken							
🗆 Port 1 🗖 Port 2							
🗆 Port 3 🗖 Port 4							
🗆 Port 5 🗖 Port 6							
🗆 Port 7 🗖 Port 8							
Apply							

Fault Relay Alarm

Fault Relay Alarm interface

SNTP Configuration

You can configure the SNTP (Simple Network Time Protocol) settings. The SNTP allows you to synchronize switch clocks in the Internet.

- 1. **SNTP Client:** enable or disable SNTP function to get the time from the SNTP server.
- 2. **Daylight Saving Time:** enable or disable daylight saving time function. When daylight saving time is enabling, you need to configure the daylight saving time period..
- 3. **UTC Timezone:** set the switch location time zone. The following table lists the different location time zone for your reference.

Local Time Zone	Conversion from UTC	Time at 12:00 UTC
November Time Zone	- 1 hour	11am

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Oscar Time Zone	-2 hours	10 am
ADT - Atlantic Daylight	-3 hours	9 am
AST - Atlantic Standard	-4 hours	8 am
EDT - Eastern Daylight	-4 110013	0 am
EST - Eastern Standard	-5 hours	7 am
CDT - Central Daylight	o nouro	7 am
CST - Central Standard	-6 hours	6 am
MDT - Mountain Daylight	0 Hours	0 um
MST - Mountain		
Standard	-7 hours	5 am
PDT - Pacific Daylight		
PST - Pacific Standard	-8 hours	4 am
ADT - Alaskan Daylight	0 110013	4 diff
ALA - Alaskan Standard	-9 hours	3 am
HAW - Hawaiian	-10 hours	2 am
Standard	10 110013	2 am
Nome, Alaska	-11 hours	1 am
CET - Central European		
FWT - French Winter		
MET - Middle European	+1 hour	1 pm
MEWT - Middle		1 200
European Winter		
SWT - Swedish Winter		
EET - Eastern European,	+2 hours	2 pm
USSR Zone 1		2 pm
BT - Baghdad, USSR	+3 hours	3 pm
Zone 2	5 110010	- viii

ZP4 - USSR Zone 3	+4 hours	4 pm
ZP5 - USSR Zone 4	+5 hours	5 pm
ZP6 - USSR Zone 5	+6 hours	6 pm
WAST - West Australian Standard	+7 hours	7 pm
CCT - China Coast, USSR Zone 7	+8 hours	8 pm
JST - Japan Standard, USSR Zone 8	+9 hours	9 pm
EAST - East Australian Standard GST Guam Standard, USSR Zone 9	+10 hours	10 pm
IDLE - International Date Line NZST - New Zealand Standard NZT - New Zealand	+12 hours	Midnight

- 4. **SNTP Sever URL:** set the SNTP server IP address.
- 5. **Daylight Saving Period:** set up the Daylight Saving beginning time and Daylight Saving ending time. Both will be different in every year.
- 6. Daylight Saving Offset (mins): set up the offset time.
- 7. **Switch Timer:** Displays the switch current time.
- 8. Click Apply

SNTP Configuration

SNTP Client : Disable 💌

Daylight Saving Time : Disable

UTC Timezone	(GMT)Greenwich Mean Time: Dublin, Edinburgh, Lisbon, London 🖃
SNTP Server URL	0.0.0.0
Switch Timer	
Daylight Saving Period	20040101 00:0 20040101 00:0
Daylight Saving Offset(mins)	0

Help

Apply SNTP Configuration interface

IP Security

IP security function allows user to assign 10 specific IP addresses that have permission to access the switch through the web browser for the securing switch management.

- IP Security Mode: when this option is in Enable mode, the Enable HTTP Server and Enable Telnet Server check boxes will then be available.
- Enable HTTP Server: when this check box is checked, the IP addresses among Security IP1 ~ IP10 will be allowed to access via HTTP service.
- Enable Telnet Server: when checked, the IP addresses among Security IP1 ~ IP10 will be allowed to access via telnet service.
- Security IP 1 ~ 10: Assign up to 10 specific IP address. Only these 10 IP address can access and manage the switch through the Web browser
- button to apply the configuration And then, click Apply

Note Remember to execute the 'Save Configuration' action, otherwise the new configuration will lose when switch power off

IP Security

IP Security M	lode: Disable 💌							
Enable HTTP Server								
Enable Telnet Server								
Security IP1	0.0.0							
Security IP2	0.0.0							
Security IP3	0.0.0							
Security IP4	0.0.0							
Security IP5	0.0.0							
Security IP6	0.0.0							
Security IP7	0.0.0							
Security IP8	0.0.0							
Security IP9	0.0.0							
Security IP10	0.0.0							



User Authentication

Change web management login user name and password for the management security issue

- 1. User name: Key in the new user name (The default is 'root')
- 2. **Password:** Key in the new password (The default is 'root')
- 3. Confirm password: Re-type the new password
- 4. And then, click Apply

User Authentication

User Name :	root
New Password :	••••
Confirm Password :	••••

Apply Help

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User Authentication interface

Port Statistics

The following information provides the current port statistic information.

- **Port:** The port number.
- **Type:** Displays the current speed of connection to the port.
- Link: The status of linking—'Up' or 'Down'.
- State: It's set by Port Control. When the state is disabled, the port will not transmit or receive any packet.
- **Tx Good Packet:** The counts of transmitting good packets via this port.
- Tx Bad Packet: The counts of transmitting bad packets (including undersize [less than 64 octets], oversize, CRC Align errors, fragments and jabbers packets) via this port.
- **Rx Good Packet:** The counts of receiving good packets via this port.
- Rx Bad Packet: The counts of receiving good packets (including undersize [less than 64 octets], oversize, CRC error, fragments and jabbers) via this port.
- **Tx Abort Packet:** The aborted packet while transmitting.
- Packet Collision: The counts of collision packet.
- Packet Dropped: The counts of dropped packet.
- **Rx Bcast Packet:** The counts of broadcast packet.
- **Rx Mcast Packet:** The counts of multicast packet.
- Click Clear button to clean all counts.

Port Statistics

Port	Туре	Link	State						Packet Collision			RX Mcast Packet
Port.01	1000TX	Up	Enable	106	0	284	0	0	0	0	75	2
Port.02	1000TX	Down	Enable	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Port.03	1000TX	Down	Enable	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Port.04	1000TX	Down	Enable	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Port.05	mGBIC	Down	Enable	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Port.06	mGBIC	Down	Enable	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Port.07	mGBIC	Down	Enable	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Port.08	mGBIC	Down	Enable	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Clear Help

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Port Statistics interface

Port Control

In Port control, you can view every port status that depended on user setting and the negotiation result.

- 1. **Port:** select the port that you want to configure.
- 2. **State:** Current port status. The port can be set to disable or enable mode. If the port setting is disable then will not receive or transmit any packet.
- 3. **Negotiation:** set auto negotiation status of port.
- 4. **Speed:** set the port link speed.
- 5. **Duplex:** set full-duplex or half-duplex mode of the port.
- 6. **Flow Control:** set flow control function is **Symmetric** or **Asymmetric** in Full Duplex mode. The default value is **Symmetric**.
- 7. Security: When its state is 'On', means this port accepts only one MAC address.
- 8. Click Apply

Port Control

Port	State	Negotiation	Speed	Duplex	Flow Control	Security
Port.01 A Port.02 Port.03 Port.04 V	Enable 💌	Auto 💌	1000 💌	Full 💌	Enable 💌	Off 💌

Apply Help

Port	Group ID	Tuno	Link	State	Negotiation	Speed	Duplex	Flow C	ontrol	Security
PUIL	Group ID	Type	LIIIK	State	negotiation (Config	Actual	Config	Actual	Security
Port.01	N/A	1000TX	Up	Enable	Auto	1G Full	100 Full	Enable	ON	OFF
Port.02	N/A	1000TX	Down	Enable	Auto	1G Full	N/A	Enable	N/A	OFF
Port.03	N/A	1000TX	Down	Enable	Auto	1G Full	N/A	Enable	N/A	OFF
Port.04	N/A	1000TX	Down	Enable	Auto	1G Full	N/A	Enable	N/A	OFF
Port.05	N/A	mGBIC	Down	Enable	Auto	1G Full	N/A	Enable	N/A	OFF
Port.06	N/A	mGBIC	Down	Enable	Auto	1G Full	N/A	Enable	N/A	OFF
Port.07	N/A	mGBIC	Down	Enable	Auto	1G Full	N/A	Enable	N/A	OFF
Port.08	N/A	mGBIC	Down	Enable	Auto	1G Full	N/A	Enable	N/A	OFF

Port Control interface

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Port Trunk

The Link Aggregation Control Protocol (LACP) provides a standardized means for exchanging information between Partner Systems on a link to allow their Link Aggregation Control instances to reach agreement on the identity of the Link Aggregation Group to which the link belongs, move the link to that Link Aggregation Group, and enable its transmission and reception functions in an orderly manner. Link aggregation lets you group up to 4 consecutive ports into two dedicated connections. This feature can expand bandwidth to a device on the network. **LACP operation requires full-duplex mode**, more detail information refers to IEEE 802.3ad.

Aggregator setting

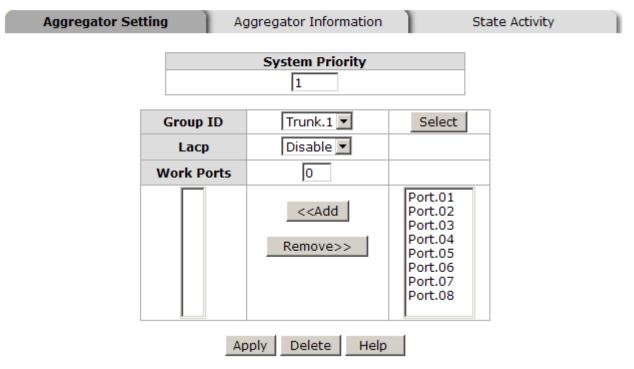
- 1. **System Priority:** a value used to identify the active LACP. The switch with the lowest value has the highest priority and is selected as the active LACP.
- 2. **Group ID:** There are three trunk groups to provide configure. Choose the '**Group ID**' and click Select .
- 3. **LACP:** If enable, the group is LACP static trunk group. If disable, the group is local static trunk group. All ports support LACP dynamic trunk group. If connecting to the device that also supports LACP, the LACP dynamic trunk group will be created automatically.
- 4. **Work ports:** allow max four ports can be aggregated at the same time. With LACP static trunk group, the exceed ports are standby and can be aggregated if work ports fail. If it is local static trunk group, the number of ports must be the same as the group member ports.
- Select the ports to join the trunk group. Allow max four ports can be aggregated at the same time. Click Add button to add the port. To remove unwanted ports, select the port and click Remove button.

6. If LACP enable, you can configure LACP Active/Passive status in each ports on 24-Hour Technical Support: 1-800-260-1312 International: 00-1-952-941-7600

State Activity page.

- 7. Click Apply
- 8. Use Delete button to delete Trunk Group. Select the Group ID and click Delete button.

Port Trunk - Aggregator Setting



Port Trunk—Aggregator Setting interface

Aggregator Information

When you have setup the aggregator setting with LACP disabled, you will see the local static trunk group information here.

Port Trunk - Aggregator Information

Aggregator Setting Aggregator Information State Activity

Static Trunking Group					
Group Key	1				
Port Member	78				

Port Trunk – Aggregator Information interface

State Activity

When you had setup the LACP aggregator, you can configure port state activity. You can mark or un-mark the port. When you mark the port and click Apply button the port state activity will change to **Active**. Opposite is **Passive**.

- Active: The port automatically sends LACP protocol packets.
- Passive: The port does not automatically send LACP protocol packets, and responds only if it receives LACP protocol packets from the opposite device.
 - Note
- 1. A link having either two active LACP ports or one active port can perform dynamic LACP trunk.
- 2. A link has two passive LACP ports will not perform dynamic LACP trunk because both ports are waiting for an LACP protocol packet from the opposite device.
- 3. If you are active LACP's actor, after you have selected trunk port, the active status will be created automatically.

Port Trunk - State Activity

Aggregator Setting	Aggregator I	nforn	nation	State Activity
Port	LACP State Activity	Port	LACP State Activit	/
1	N/A	2	N/A	
3	🗹 Active	4	🗹 Active	
5	N/A	6	N/A	
7	N/A	8	N/A	
	Apply	He	lp	



Port Mirroring

The Port mirroring is a method for monitor traffic in switched networks. Traffic through ports can be monitored by one specific port. That means traffic goes in or out monitored (source) ports will be duplicated into mirror (destination) port.

- Destination Port: There is only one port can be selected to be destination (mirror) port for monitoring both RX and TX traffic which come from source port. Or, use one of two ports for monitoring RX traffic only and the other one for TX traffic only. User can connect mirror port to LAN analyzer or Netxray
- Source Port: The ports that user wants to monitor. All monitored port traffic will be copied to mirror (destination) port. User can select multiple source ports by checking the RX or TX check boxes to be monitored.
- And then, click Apply button.

	Destina	ation Port	Sourc	e Port
	RX	ТХ	RX	ТХ
Port.01	Θ	\odot		
Port.02	0	0		
Port.03	0	0		
Port.04	0	0		
Port.05	0	0		
Port.06	0	0		
Port.07	0	0		
Port.08	0	0		
		1	I	I

Port Mirroring

Port Trunk – Port Mirroring interface

Help

Apply

Rate Limiting

You can set up every port's bandwidth rate and frame limitation type.

Ingress Limit Frame type: select the frame type that wants to filter. The frame types have 4 options for selecting: All, Broadcast/Multicast/Flooded Unicast, Broadcast/Multicast and Broadcast only.

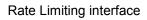
Broadcast/Multicast/Flooded Unicast, Broadcast/Multicast and **Bbroadcast only** types are only for ingress frames. The egress rate only supports **All** type.

	Ingress Limit Frame Type	Ingress	Egress
Port.01	All	0 kbps	0 kbps
Port.02	All	0 kbps	0 kbps
Port.03	All	0 kbps	0 kbps
Port.04	All	0 kbps	0 kbps
Port.05	All	0 kbps	0 kbps
Port.06	All	0 kbps	0 kbps
Port.07	All	0 kbps	0 kbps
Port.08	All	0 kbps	0 kbps

Rate Limiting

Rate Range is from 100 kbps to 102400 kbps or to 256000 kbps for giga ports, and zero means no limit.





- All the ports support port ingress and egress rate control. For example, assume port 1 is 10Mbps, users can set it's effective egress rate is 1Mbps, ingress rate is 500Kbps. The switch performs the ingress rate by packet counter to meet the specified rate
 - > Ingress: Enter the port effective ingress rate(The default value is '0')
 - **Egress:** Enter the port effective egress rate(The default value is '0')
 - And then, click Apply to apply the settings

DMI (Digital Monitoring Interface)

You can see the transceiver's status by ports and set up the action when detecting the exceptional value. The action includes the following options.

- > Off: The port will be shut down when detecting the exceptional value.
- e-mail: The port will send an e-mail to administrator when detecting the exceptional value.

DMI

Port No.	Port.08 💌	High Al	arm	High Wa	rning	Status	Low Wa	rning	Low Al	arm	
Temperature		109.000	°C	103,000	°C	45.859 °C	-13,000	"C	-29.000	°C	
		◯ Off ⊙	Off 💿 e-mail 🔘 Off 💿 e-mail		145'03A LC	○ off	◯ Off ⓒ e-mail		⊙ off ⊙e-mail		
Voltage		3.9800	V	3,7000	V	3.3344 V	2,9008	V	2,7008	V	
¥0	nage	○ off ⊙	Off 💿 e-mail 🔘 Off 💿 e-ma		e-mail	3.3344 V	O off ⊙	◯ Off ⓒ e-mail 🤇		◯ Off ⓒ e-mail	
Current	15	mA	12	mA	5 mA	2	mA	1	mA		
	rrent	◯ Off		mA	◯ Off		e-mai				
TX PWR	DWD	1.3068	mW	1.3068	mW	0.5146 mV	0.1636	mW	0.1387	mW	
	PWK	◯ Off ⊙	ff 💽 e-mail 🔘		e-mail	0.5146 mW	◯ Off ⓒ e-mail		O Off ⊙e-mail		
RX PWR	nwp	1.6249	mW	1,0250	mW	0.0140 mV	0.0210	mW	0.0135	mW	
	O off ⊙	e-mail	○ Off e-mail		0.0140 mW	O off ⊙	e-mail	O Off ⊙	e-mai		



- Port 5 to port 8 support DMI function. The DMI table shows five parameters and four warning and alarm indicators. All of these warning and alarm were defined and evaluated by SFP transceiver with DMI function.
- And then, click Apply to apply the settings

VLAN configuration

A Virtual LAN (VLAN) is a logical network grouping that limits the broadcast domain, which would allow you to isolate network traffic, so only the members of the VLAN will receive traffic from the same members of VLAN. Basically, creating a VLAN from a switch is logically equivalent of reconnecting a group of network devices to another Layer 2 switch. However, all the network devices are still plugged into the same switch physically.

The industrial switch supports port-based and 802.1Q (tagged-based) VLAN. The default configuration of VLAN operation mode is **Disable**.

VLAN Operation Mode : Disable	
Enable GVRP Protocol	
Management Vlan ID : 0	

Apply

VLAN NOT ENABLE

VLAN Configuration interface

VLAN configuration - Port-based VLAN

Packets can go among only members of the same VLAN group. Note all unselected ports are treated as belonging to another single VLAN. If the port-based VLAN enabled, the VLAN-tagging is ignored.

In order for an end station to send packets to different VLAN groups, it itself has to be either capable of tagging packets it sends with VLAN tags or attached to a VLAN-aware bridge that is capable of classifying and tagging the packet with different VLAN ID based on not only default PVID but also other information about the packet, such as the protocol.

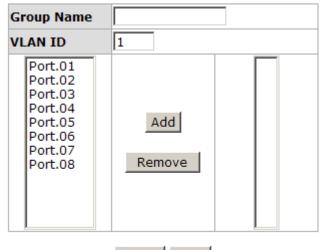
/LAN Operation Mode : Port Based 💌
Enable GVRP Protocol
Management Vlan ID : 0
Apply
Add Edit Delete Help

VLAN – Port Based interface

- Click Add to add a new VLAN group(The maximum VLAN group is up to 64 VLAN groups)
- Entering the VLAN name, group ID and grouping the members of VLAN group
- And then, click Apply

I

VLAN Operation Mode : Port Based 💌
Enable GVRP Protocol
Management Vlan ID : Apply



Apply Help

VLAN—Port Based Add interface

- You will see the VLAN displays.
- Use Delete button to delete unwanted VLAN.
- Use Edit button to modify existing VLAN group.
- Note Remember to execute the 'Save Configuration' action, otherwise the new configuration will lose when switch power off.

802.1Q VLAN

Tagged-based VLAN is an IEEE 802.1Q specification standard. Therefore, it is possible to create a VLAN across devices from different switch venders. IEEE 802.1Q VLAN uses a technique to insert a 'tag' into the Ethernet frames. Tag contains a VLAN Identifier (VID) that indicates the VLAN numbers.

You can create Tag-based VLAN, and enable or disable GVRP protocol. There are 256 VLAN groups to provide configure. Enable 802.1Q VLAN, the all ports on the switch belong to default VLAN, VID is 1. The default VLAN can't be deleting.

GVRP allows automatic VLAN configuration between the switch and nodes. If the switch is connected to a device with GVRP enabled, you can send a GVRP request using the VID of a VLAN defined on the switch; the switch will automatically add that device to the existing VLAN.

VLAN Operation Mode : 802.1Q					
Enable GVRP Protocol					
Management Vlan ID : 0 Apply					

802.1Q Configuration	1	80	2.1	1Q	Con	fig	ura	tion
----------------------	---	----	-----	----	-----	-----	-----	------

Group Configuration

Port	Link Type	Untagged Vid	Tagged Vid
Port.01 💌	Access Link 💌	1	

Apply Help

Port	Link Type	Untagged Vid	Tagged Vid
Port.01	Access Link	1	
Port.02	Access Link	1	
Port.03	Access Link	1	
Port.04	Access Link	1	
Port.05	Access Link	1	
Port.06	Access Link	1	
Port.07	Access Link	1	
Port.08	Access Link	1	

802.1q VLAN interface

802.1Q Configuration

- 1. Enable GVRP Protocol: check the check box to enable GVRP protocol.
- 2. Select the port that wants to configure.
- 3. Link Type: there are 3 types of link type.
 - Access Link: single switch only, allow user to group ports by setting the same VID.
 - Trunk Link: extended application of Access Link, allow user to group ports by setting the same VID with 2 or more switches.
 - Hybrid Link: Both Access Link and Trunk Link are available.
- 4. **Untagged VID:** assign the untagged frame VID.
- 5. Tagged VID: assign the tagged frame VID.

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- 6. Click Apply
- 7. You can see each port setting in the below table on the screen.

Group Configuration

Edit the existing VLAN Group.

- 1. Select the VLAN group in the table list.
- 2. Click Apply

VLAN Configuration

VLAN Operation Mode : 802.1Q
Enable GVRP Protocol
Management Vlan ID : 0 Apply

802.1Q Configuration		Group Configuration
	Default1	
Grou	Edit Delete	e

- 3. You can Change the VLAN group name and VLAN ID.
- 4. Click Apply

VLAN Operation Mode : 802.1Q	
Enable GVRP Protocol	
Management Vlan ID : 0 Apply	

802.1Q Configura	ation	Group Configuration
	Group Name Default VLAN ID 1 Apply	

Group Configuration interface

Rapid Spanning Tree

The Rapid Spanning Tree Protocol (RSTP) is an evolution of the Spanning Tree Protocol and provides for faster spanning tree convergence after a topology change. The system also supports STP and the system will auto detect the connected device that is running STP or RSTP protocol.

RSTP - System Configuration

- User can view spanning tree information about the Root Bridge
- User can modify RSTP state. After modification, click Apply button
 - RSTP mode: user must enable or disable RSTP function before configure the related parameters
 - Priority (0-61440): a value used to identify the root bridge. The bridge with the lowest value has the highest priority and is selected as the root. If the value changes, user must reboot the switch. The value must be multiple of 4096 according to the protocol standard rule

- Max Age (6-40): the number of seconds a bridge waits without receiving Spanning-tree Protocol configuration messages before attempting a reconfiguration. Enter a value between 6 through 40
- Hello Time (1-10): the time that controls switch sends out the BPDU packet to check RSTP current status. Enter a value between 1 through 10
- Forward Delay Time (4-30): the number of seconds a port waits before changing from its Rapid Spanning-Tree Protocol learning and listening states to the forwarding state. Enter a value between 4 through 30
- Note Follow the rule to configure the MAX Age, Hello Time, and Forward Delay Time.

2 x (Forward Delay Time value -1) >= Max Age value >= 2 x (Hello Time value +1)

RSTP - System Configuration

System Configuration

Port Configuration

RSTP Mode	Enable 💌
Priority (0-61440)	32768
Max Age (6-40)	20
Hello Time (1-10)	2
Forward Delay Time (4-30)	15

Priority must be a multiple of 4096 2*(Forward Delay Time-1) should be greater than or equal to the Max Age. The Max Age should be greater than or equal to 2*(Hello Time + 1). Apply Help

Root Bridge Information		
Bridge ID	0080000F38013E5A	
Root Priority	32768	
Root Port	Root	
Root Path Cost	0	
Max Age	20	
Hello Time	2	
Forward Delay	15	

Root Bridge Information

RSTP System Configuration interface

RSTP - Port Configuration

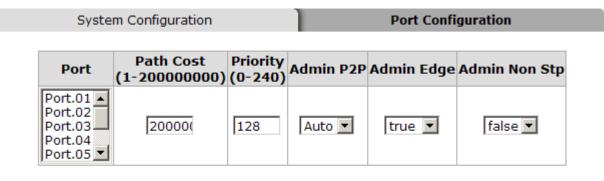
You can configure path cost and priority of every port.

- 1. Select the port in Port column.
- 1. **Path Cost:** The cost of the path to the other bridge from this transmitting bridge at the specified port. Enter a number 1 through 20000000.
- 2. **Priority:** Decide which port should be blocked by priority in LAN. Enter a number 0 through 240. The value of priority must be the multiple of 16.
- 3. **P2P:** Some of the rapid state transactions that are possible within RSTP are dependent upon whether the port concerned can only be connected to exactly one other bridge (i.e. it is served by a point-to-point LAN segment), or can be connected to two or more bridges (i.e. it is served by a shared medium LAN segment). This function allows the P2P status of the link to be manipulated administratively. True is P2P

enabling. False is P2P disabling.

- 4. **Edge:** The port directly connected to end stations cannot create bridging loop in the network. To configure the port as an edge port, set the port to '**True**' status.
- 5. **Non Stp:** The port includes the STP mathematic calculation. **True** is not including STP mathematic calculation. **False** is including the STP mathematic calculation.
- 6. Click Apply

RSTP - Port Configuration



priority must be a multiple of 16

Apply	Help

	RSTP Port Status						
Port	Path Cost			Oper Edge	Stp Neighbor	State	Role
Port.01	20000	128	True	True	False	Forwarding	Designated
Port.02	20000	128	True	True	False	Disabled	Disabled
Port.03	20000	128	True	True	False	Disabled	Disabled
Port.04	20000	128	True	True	False	Disabled	Disabled
Port.05	20000	128	True	True	False	Disabled	Disabled
Port.06	20000	128	True	True	False	Disabled	Disabled
Port.07	20000	128	True	True	False	Disabled	Disabled
Port.08	20000	128	True	True	False	Disabled	Disabled

RSTP Port Configuration interface

SNMP Configuration

Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP) is the protocol developed to manage nodes (servers, workstations, routers, switches and hubs etc.) on an IP network. SNMP 24-Hour Technical Support: 1-800-260-1312 International: 00-1-952-941-7600 enables network administrators to manage network performance, find and solve network problems, and plan for network growth. Network management systems learn of problems by receiving traps or change notices from network devices implementing SNMP.

System Configuration

Community Strings

You can define new community string set and remove unwanted community string.

- 1. **String:** fill the name of string.
- 2. **RO:** Read only. Enables requests accompanied by this string to display MIB-object information.
- 3. **RW:** Read write. Enables requests accompanied by this string to display MIB-object information and to set MIB objects.
- 1. Click Add .
- 2. To remove the community string, select the community string that you have defined and click Remove. You cannot edit the name of the default community string set.
- Agent Mode: Select the SNMP version that you want to use it. And then click
 Change to switch to the selected SNMP version mode.

SNMP - System Configuration

System Configuratio	n Trap (Configuration	SNMPv3 (Configuration
Curren		nunity Strings ommunity String :	Add	
	lic_RO ate_RW		w	
	Ag	gent Mode		
	rent Mode: 1P v1/v2c only	O SNMP V O SNMP V O SNMP V	V1/V2C only V3 only V1/V2C/V3 ange	

SNMP System Configuration interface

Trap Configuration

A trap manager is a management station that receives traps, the system alerts generated by the switch. If no trap manager is defined, no traps will issue. Create a trap manager by entering the IP address of the station and a community string. To define management stations as trap manager and enter SNMP community strings and selects the SNMP version.

- 1. IP Address: Enter the IP address of trap manager.
- 2. **Community:** Enter the community string.
- 3. **Trap Version:** Select the SNMP trap version type -v1 or v2c.
- 4. Click Add
- 5. To remove the community string, select the community string that you have defined and click Remove. You cannot edit the name of the default community string set.

SNMP - Trap Configuration

System (Configur	ation	Trap Configuration	SNMPv3 Configuration
			Trap Managers	
	Current	Managers :	New Manager :	
		Remove		Add
	(none)	IP Address :	
			Community :	
			Trap version: • v1 • v2c	

Help

Trap Managers interface

SNMPV3 Configuration

Configure the SNMP V3 function.

Context Table

Configure SNMP v3 context table. Assign the context name of context table. Click Add

to add context name. Click **Remove** to remove unwanted context name.

User Profile

Configure SNMP v3 user table..

- User ID: set up the user name.
- Authentication Password: set up the authentication password.
- **Privacy Password:** set up the private password.
- Click Add to add context name.
 - Click Remove to remove unwanted context name.

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SNMP - SNMPv3 Configuration

System Configura	tion	Trap Configuration	SNMPv3 Configuration
		Context Table	
Context Name :			Apply
		User Table	
Current User Profiles :		New User Profile :	
	Remove		Add
(none)		User ID	
		Authentication Password	l:
		Privacy Password	:
		Group Table	
Current Group content :	Remove	New Group Table:	Add
(none)		Security Name (User ID)	:
		Group Name	
		Access Table	
Current Access Tables :	Remove	New Access Table :	Add
(none)	Remove	Context Prefix:	
(none)			
		Group Name:	O NoAuthNoPriv. C AuthNoPriv
		Security Level:	AuthPriv.
		Context Match Rule	
		Read View Name:	
		Write View Name:	
		Notify View Name:	
		MIBView Table	
Current MIBTables :		New MIBView Table :	DISTANCE IN CONTRACT
	Remove		Add
(none)		View Name	
		SubOid-Tree	::
		Туре	Excluded C Included

Help

Note:

Any modification of SNMPv3 tables might cause MIB accessing rejection. Please take notice of the causality between the tables before you modify these tables.

SNMP V3 configuration interface

Group Table

Configure SNMP v3 group table.

- Security Name (User ID): Assign the user name that you have set up in user table.
- **Group Name:** Set up the group name.
- Click Add to add context name.
- Click Remove to remove unwanted context name.

Access Table

Configure SNMP v3 access table.

- **Context Prefix:** Set up the context name.
- **Group Name:** Set up the group.
- Security Level: Set up the access level.
- **Context Match Rule:** Select the context match rule.
- **Read View Name:** Set up the read view.
- Write View Name: Set up the write view.
- Notify View Name: Set up the notify view.
- Click Add to add context name.
- Click Remove to remove unwanted context name.

MIBview Table

Configure MIB view table.

- ViewName: Set up the name.
- **Sub-Oid Tree:** Fill the Sub OID.
- **Type:** Select the type exclude or included.

- Click Add to add context name.
- Click Remove to remove unwanted context name.

QoS Configuration

You can configure Qos policy and priority setting, per port priority setting, COS and TOS setting.

QoS Policy and Priority Type

- **Qos Policy:** select the QoS policy rule.
 - Use an 8,4,2,1 weighted fair queuing scheme: The switch will follow 8:4:2:1 rate to process priority queue from High to lowest queue. For example, when the system processes, 1 frame of the lowest queue, 2 frames of the low queue, 4 frames of the middle queue, and 8 frames of the high queue will be processed at the same time in accordance with the 8,4,2,1 policy rule.
 - Use the strict priority scheme: Always higher queue will be processed first, except higher queue is empty.
- Priority Type: there are 5 priority type selections available. Disable means no priority type is selected.
- Port-base: the port priority will follow the Port-base that you have assigned High, middle, low, or lowest.
 - COS only: the port priority will only follow the COS priority that you have assigned.
 - TOS only: the port priority will only follow the TOS priority that you have assigned.
 - COS first: the port priority will follow the COS priority first, and then other priority rule.
 - TOS first: the port priority will follow the TOS priority first, and the other priority rule.

Click Apply QoS Configuration Qos Policy: ^{(F} Use an 8,4,2,1 weighted fair queuing scheme C use a strict priority scheme Priority Type: Disable . Apply Help Port-based Priority: Port.01 Port.02 Port.03 Port.04 Port.05 Port.06 Port.07 Port.08 Lowest . Lowest . Lowest . Lowest -Lowest . Lowest -Lowest -Lowest -Apply Help COS: 2 3 4 Priority 0 1 5 6 7 Lowest • Apply Help TOS: Priority 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 Lowest • Priority 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 Lowest - Lowest - Lowest - Lowest - Lowest - Lowest - Lowest -Priority 18 19 20 16 17 21 22 23 Lowest • Priority 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 Lowest . 34 Priority .32 33 35 36 37 38 39 Lowest • 43 44 45 Priority 40 41 42 46 47 Lowest - Lowest -Priority 48 49 50 51 52 53 54 55 Lowest . Lowest Lowest Lowest Lowest Lowest Lowest Lowest . 56 57 58 59 60 Priority 61 62 63 Lowest • Apply Help

QoS Configuration interface

Port Base Priority

Configure per port priority level.

- **Port:** each port has 4 priority levels High, Middle, Low, and Lowest.
- Click Apply

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COS Configuration

Set up the COS priority level.

- **COS priority:** Set up the COS priority level 0~7 –High, Middle, Low, Lowest.
- Click Apply

TOS Configuration

Set up the TOS priority.

■ **TOS priority:** the system provides 0~63 TOS priority level. Each level has 4 types of priority – high, middle, low, and lowest. The default value is 'Lowest' priority for each level. When the IP packet is received, the system will check the TOS level value in the IP packet that has received. For example, user set the TOS level 25 is high. The port 1 is following the TOS priority policy only. When the port 1 packet received, the system will check the TOS value of the received IP packet. If the TOS value of received IP packet is 25(priority = high), and then the packet priority will have highest priority.

Click Apply

IGMP Configuration

The Internet Group Management Protocol (IGMP) is an internal protocol of the Internet Protocol (IP) suite. IP manages multicast traffic by using switches, routers, and hosts that support IGMP. Enabling IGMP allows the ports to detect IGMP queries and report packets and manage IP multicast traffic through the switch. IGMP have three fundamental types of message as follows:

Message	Description
Query	A message sent from the querier (IGMP router or switch) asking for a response from each host belonging to the multicast group.
Report	A message sent by a host to the querier to indicate that the host wants to be or is a member of a given group indicated in the report message.
Leave Group	A message sent by a host to the querier to indicate that the host has quit being a member of a specific multicast group.

The switch support IP multicast, you can enable IGMP protocol on web management's switch setting advanced page, then displays the IGMP snooping information. IP multicast addresses range are from 224.0.0.0 through 239.255.255.255.

- **IGMP Protocol:** Enable or disable the IGMP protocol.
- IGMP Query: Select the IGMP query function as Enable or Auto to set the switch as a querier for IGMP version 2 multicast network.
- Click Apply

IGMP Configuration

IP Address	VLAN ID		_ Member Port
239.255.255.250_	1		*2******
	IGMP Protocol:	Enable 🔽	
	IGMP Query :	Enable 🔽	
	Apply H	Help	

SISGM1040-244

IGMP Configuration interface

X-Ring

X-Ring provides a faster redundant recovery than Spanning Tree topology. The action is similar to STP or RSTP, but the algorithms not the same.

In the X-Ring topology, every switch should enable X-Ring function and assign two member ports in the ring. Only one switch in the X-Ring group would be set as a master switch that would be blocked, called backup port, and another port is called working port. Other switches in the X-Ring group are called working switches and their two member ports are called working ports. When the failure of network connection occurs, the backup port will automatically become a working port to recovery the failure.

The switch supports the function and interface for setting the switch as the ring master or slave mode. The ring master can negotiate and place command to other switches in the X-Ring group. If there are 2 or more switches in master mode, then software will select the switch with lowest MAC address number as the ring master. The X-Ring master ring mode will be enabled by the X-Ring configuration interface. Also, user can identify the switch as the ring master from the R.M. LED panel of the LED panel on the switch.

The system also supports the coupling ring that can connect 2 or more X-Ring group for the redundant backup function and dual homing function that prevent connection lose between X-Ring group and upper level/core switch.

- Enable X-Ring: To enable the X-Ring function. Marking the check box to enable the X-Ring function.
- Enable Ring Master: Mark the check box for enabling this machine to be a ring master.
- 1st & 2nd Ring Ports: Pull down the selection menu to assign two ports as the member ports. 1st Ring Port is the working port and 2nd Ring Port is the backup port. When 1st Ring Port fails, the system will automatically upgrade the 2nd Ring Port to be the working port.

 Enable Coupling Ring: To enable the coupling ring function. Marking the check box 24-Hour Technical Support: 1-800-260-1312
 International: 00-1-952-941-7600 to enable the coupling ring function.

- Coupling port: Assign the member port.
- **Control port:** Set the switch as the master switch in the coupling ring.
- Enable Dual Homing: Set up one of port on the switch to be the Dual Homing port. In an X-Ring group, maximum Dual Homing port is one. Dual Homing only work when the X-Ring function enable.
- And then, click Apply to apply the configuration.

X-Ring Configuration

🗆 Enable Ring	
Enable Ring Master	
1st Ring Port	Port.01
2nd Ring Port	Port.02 🔽
Enable Couple Ring	
Coupling Port	Port.03 🔽
Control Port	Port.04 🔽
Enable Dual Homing	Port.05 🔽

1st Ring Port 2nd Ring Port Coupling Port Control Port Homing Port FORWARDING FORWARDING FORWARDING FORWARDING

Apply Help

X-ring Interface

- Note
- 1. When X-Ring function is enabled, user must disable the RSTP first. X-Ring and RSTP function cannot exist at the same time.
 - 2. Remember to execute the 'Save Configuration' action, otherwise the new configuration will lose when switch powers off.

Security

In this section, you can configure 802.1x and MAC address table.

802.1X/Radius Configuration

802.1x is an IEEE authentication specification that allows a client to connect to a wireless access point or wired switch but prevents the client from gaining access to the Internet until it provides authority, like a user name and password that are verified by a separate server.

System Configuration

After enabling the IEEE 802.1X function, you can configure the parameters of this function.

- 1. IEEE 802.1x Protocol: .enable or disable 802.1x protocol.
- 2. Radius Server IP: set the Radius Server IP address.
- 3. **Server Port:** set the UDP destination port for authentication requests to the specified Radius Server.
- 4. **Accounting Port:** set the UDP destination port for accounting requests to the specified Radius Server.
- 5. **Shared Key:** set an encryption key for using during authentication sessions with the specified radius server. This key must match the encryption key used on the Radius Server.
- 6. **NAS, Identifier:** set the identifier for the radius client.
- 7. Click Apply

802.1x/Radius - System Configuration

System Configu	ration	Por	t Configuration	Misc Conf	iguration	
	802.1x F	Protocol	Disable 🖌			
	Radius S	erver IP	0.0.0.0			
	Server	· Port	1812			
	Accounti	ng Port	1813			
	Share	d Key	12345678			
	NAS, Id	entifier	NAS_L2_SWITCH			

Apply Help

802.1x System Configuration interface

802.1x Per Port Configuration

You can configure 802.1x authentication state for each port. The State provides Disable, Accept, Reject and Authorize. Use '**Space**' key change the state value.

- **Reject:** the specified port is required to be held in the unauthorized state.
- Accept: the specified port is required to be held in the Authorized state.
- Authorized: the specified port is set to the Authorized or Unauthorized state in accordance with the outcome of an authentication exchange between the Supplicant and the authentication server.
- **Disable:** The specified port is required to be held in the Authorized state
- Click Apply

802.1x/Radius - Port Configuration

System Configura	ation Port Co	onfiguration	Misc Configuration
	Port	State	
	Port.01 A Port.02 Port.03 Port.04 Port.05	Authorize 💌	
	Арг	bly Help	
	Port A	uthorization	
	Port Au Port	uthorization State	
	Port	State	
-	Port Port.01	State Disable	
-	Port Port.01 Port.02	State Disable Disable	
-	Port Port.01 Port.02 Port.03	State Disable Disable Disable	
-	Port Port.01 Port.02 Port.03 Port.04	State Disable Disable Disable Disable	
-	Port Port.01 Port.02 Port.03 Port.04 Port.05	State Disable Disable Disable Disable Disable Disable Disable Disable	

802.1x Per Port Setting interface

Misc Configuration

- 1. Quiet Period: set the period during which the port doesn't try to acquire a supplicant.
- 2. **TX Period:** set the period the port wait for retransmit next EAPOL PDU during an authentication session.
- 3. **Supplicant Timeout:** set the period of time the switch waits for a supplicant response to an EAP request.
- 4. **Server Timeout:** set the period of time the switch waits for a server response to an authentication request.
- 5. **Max Requests:** set the number of authentication that must time-out before authentication fails and the authentication session ends.
- 6. **Reauth period:** set the period of time after which clients connected must be re-authenticated.
- 7. Click Apply

802.1x/Radius - Misc Configuration

System Configur	ration Port Configuration	Misc Configuration
	Quiet Period	60
	Tx Period	30
	Supplicant Timeout	30
	Server Timeout	30
	Max Requests	2
	Reauth Period	3600
	Apply Help	

802.1x Misc Configuration interface

MAC Address Table

Use the MAC address table to ensure the port security.

Static MAC Address

You can add a static MAC address; it remains in the switch's address table, regardless of whether the device is physically connected to the switch. This saves the switch from having to re-learn a device's MAC address when the disconnected or powered-off device is active on the network again. You can add / modify / delete a static MAC address.

Add the Static MAC Address

You can add static MAC address in switch MAC table.

- 1. **MAC Address:** Enter the MAC address of the port that should permanently forward traffic, regardless of the device network activity.
- 2. **Port No.:** pull down the selection menu to select the port number.
- 3. Click Add
- 4. If you want to delete the MAC address from filtering table, select the MAC address and click Delete .

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MAC Address Table - Static MAC Addresses

Static MAC Addresses	MAC Filtering	All Mac Addresses	
MAC A	ddress AABBCCDDEER	FF	
Port N	o. Port.01		
	Add Delete Hel	lp	

Static MAC Addresses interface

MAC Filtering

By filtering MAC address, the switch can easily filter pre-configure MAC address and reduce the un-safety. You can add and delete filtering MAC address.

MAC Address Table - MAC Filtering

Static MAC Addresse	s) N	IAC Filtering	All Mac Addresses
	MAC Address	AABBCCDDEEFF	
	Add	Delete Help	
	MAC F	iltering interface	

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- 1. MAC Address: Enter the MAC address that you want to filter.
- 2. Click Add
- If you want to delete the MAC address from filtering table, select the MAC address and click Delete

All MAC Addresses

You can view the port that connected device's MAC address and related devices' MAC address.

- 1. Select the port.
- 2. The selected port of static MAC address information will be displayed here.
- 3. Click Clear MAC Table to clear the current port static MAC address information on

screen.

MAC Address Table - All Mac Addresses

Static MAC Addresses	MAC Filtering	All Mac Addresses
	Port No: Port.01	
	0002A59C5367DYNAMIC	
	Dynamic Address Count:1 Static Address Count:0	
	Clear MAC Table	

All MAC Address interface

Factory Default

Reset switch to default configuration. Click Reset to reset all configurations to the default value.

Factory Default

✓ Keep current IP address setting?
 ✓ Keep current username & password?

Reset Help

Factory Default interface

Save Configuration

Save all configurations that you have made in the system. To ensure the all configuration will be saved. Click Save to save the all configuration to the flash memory.

Save Configuration

Save	Help
Jave	TIEIP

Save Configuration interface

System Reboot

Reboot the switch in software reset. Click Reboot to reboot the system.

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System Reboot

Please click [Reboot] button to restart switch device.

Reboot

System Reboot interface

Troubles shooting

- Verify that you are using the right power cord/adapter (DC 12 ~ 48V). Don't use a power adapter with DC output higher than 48V, or it may damage the switch.
- Select the proper UTP cable to construct your network. Please check that you are using the right cable. Use unshielded twisted-pair (UTP) or shield twisted-pair (STP) cable for RJ-45 connections: 100 Ω Category 3, 4, or 5 cable for 10Mbps connections, 100 Ω Category 5 cable for 100Mbps, or 100 Ω Category 5e/above cable for 1000Mbps connections. Also be sure that the length of any twisted-pair connection does not exceed 100 meters (328 feet).
- Diagnosing LED Indicators: the Switch can be easily monitored through panel indicators, which describes common problems you may encounter and where you can find possible solutions, to assist in identifying problems.
- IF the power indicator does not light on when the power cord is plugged in, you may have a problem with power cord. Then check for loose power connections, power losses or surges at power outlet. IF you still cannot resolve the problem, contact your local dealer for assistance.
- If the Industrial Switch LED indicators are normal while the connected cables are correct, but the packets still cannot transmit. Please check your system's Ethernet devices' configuration or status.