

Application Note:

Out-of-Band Management (OOBM) Using an LTE Cellular Gateway forFail-over Failback

This app note applies to the following Lantronix Products:

SLC 8000: Advanced Console Manager SLB: Branch Office Manager

> Part Number APP-0137 Revision A January 2024

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Overview

The SLC 8000 Advance Console Manager (SLC 8000) and the SLB Branch Office Manager (SLB) support Out-of-Band Management (OOBM) with several different options. This document specifically focuses on using the Sierra Wireless Airlink ES450 LTE cellular gateway (ES450 Gateway) as the Lantronix preferred option for LTE cellular support as a secondary channel of communication.

All the examples in this document reference the UI of the SLC 8000 but, please understand the same functionality and UI examples are also found in the SLB.

The SLC 8000 and the SLB have two network interfaces: Ethernet Port 1 (Eth1) and Ethernet Port 2 (Eth2). The concept is when the primary channel of communication to the SLC 8000/SLB over Eth1 is lost, a secondary channel of communication must be made available in order to enable Network Administrators to access their infrastructure equipment connected to the SLC 8000/SLB. It is the expectation of Network Administrators that the SLC 8000/SLB will 'fail-over' to a secondary channel of communication. They also expect 'fail-back' to occur when the production network is back online.

The SLC 8000/SLB supports Fail-over/Fail-back between the two network interfaces (RJ45 Ethernet or SFP). This implementation allows the SLC 8000/SLB to fail-over from (Eth1) to (Eth2) when the SLC 8000 detects that Eth1 is no longer available. Since the ES450 Gateway is an Ethernet to cellular gateway, it is connected to Eth2 so when the fail-over occurs the SLC 8000/SLB will then be accessible over the cellular network. The Network Administrator is now able connect to the SLC 8000/SLB and all the attached equipment to begin the process of troubleshooting why the production network went down.

When the network on Eth1 is available again, the SLC 8000/SLB fails-back to Eth1. The primary channel of communication has been resorted.

This application note was written and tested using the SLC8000 with firmware v7.8.0.0.R13. For the best results, it is recommended that you upgrade/use this version.

Setup

Sierra Wireless Airlink ES450

The ES450 Gateway supports 3G/4G/LTE/CDMA/GSM and is an ideal fail-over device for the SLC 8000 and the SLB. It is completely integrated with the SLC 8000/SLB therefore setup is minimal. To setup the ES450 Gateway, connect the Ethernet interface of the Gateway to the Eth2 port on the SLC 8000/SLB with a CAT5e/CAT6 cable as shown. Then power up the ES450 Gateway by plugging in the power connector. The ES450 Gateway has a default static IP address assigned as **192.168.13.31**.



If you are using an SLC that supports SFP, you may need to use a hub/switch between the ES450 (10/100Mb) and the SFP interface (1Gb) to accommodate the different link speeds.

<u>SLC 8000</u>

Firmware Version 7.6.0.0 or higher is required to support the Fail-over/Fail-back cellular parameters that support the **ES450 Gateway** unit. It is recommended that you upgrade to the latest firmware version to get the best results. To verify the firmware version of the SLC, click on the Maintenance tab and then Firmware /Config. The firmware version is shown under the heading SLC Firmware. In this case the firmware is version 7.8.0.0.R13.

Logout Host: SLC gpmLAB User: sysadmin Sele	E1 1 3 5 7 9 11 13 15 I2 E2 2 4 6 8 10 12 14 16 ct port for I Configuration I 1 <th1< th=""> <th1< th=""> <th1< th=""> <th< th=""><th>17 19 21 2 18 20 22 2 WebSSH (D</th><th>23 25 27 29 31 3 24 26 28 30 32 3 P only) Conr</th><th>3 35 37 39 4 4 36 38 40 4 nected Device</th><th>11 43 45 47 12 44 46 48 19 00 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10</th></th<></th1<></th1<></th1<>	17 19 21 2 18 20 22 2 WebSSH (D	23 25 27 29 31 3 24 26 28 30 32 3 P only) Conr	3 35 37 39 4 4 36 38 40 4 nected Device	11 43 45 47 12 44 46 48 19 00 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10
Network Services User Authentication Devices	Maintenance Quick Se	tup		岱	? 🛱 🗉
Firmware/Config System Log Audit Log Email Log Dia	gnostics Status/Reports	Events	LCD/Keypad	Banners	
Firmware	& Configurations				Help
General Reboot: Shutdown:					
Internal Temperature	Site Information				
Current: 42 °C / 108 °F	Data Center Rack Row:	1			
Low: 0 °C / 32 °F	Data Center Rack Cluster:	1			
High: 65 °C / 149 °F	Data Center Rack:	1			
Calibrate Offset: 0 °C / 0 °F	Site Tag:				
SLC Firmware Current Version: 7 8 0 0R13	Load Fir	mware V	/ia Options		
Clear FW Undate Log	NES Mo	ITTPS: unted Dir:	select one	_	
Undate Firmware:		USB Port:	Port U1	Port U2	
Firmware Filename:	FTP/SFTP/TFT	P Server:			
Kay		Path:			_
Load Firmware via:		Login:			_
Note: Firmware files stored on NFS, SD Card and USB		aceword:			_
can be managed by clicking the Manage link below.	Detune D	assword:			_
	Retype P	assword.			
Boot Banks and Bootloader Settings	Conv configuration from	Reak 1 to			
Bank 2: 7.7.0.0R13	Bank 2 during firmwar	e update:	\checkmark		
Next Boot Bank: 1	Bo	oot Count:	0		
Switch to Bank 2:	E	Boot Limit:	3		
Watchdog Timer: 900 seconds	Bo	oot Delay:	3 sec	onds	
	High Resolutio	on Timers:	Requires re	aboot to take	effect.

Please note that the SLC has 2 boot banks so it can run 2 different versions of firmware. Make sure that the Boot Bank that contains the firmware image of v7.6 or higher is current and the running firmware.

Configuration

To configure the Fail-over/Fail-back parameters in the SLC 8000, click the **Network** tab and select **Network Settings**.

For Fail-over/Fail-back to work reliably, static IP addressing on both Eth1 and Eth2 is highly recommended. Keep in mind, in a true OOBM scenario, depending on a long-lease DHCP address is risky.

For the Eth1 settings, click the radio button for Specify, then enter the static IP address and subnet mask. For the Eth2 settings, click the radio button for Specify. Since the ES450 Gateway has an IP address of 192.168.13.31, for the Eth2 settings enter an IP of 192.168.13.xxx and mask of 255.255.255.0. In this example Eth2 is set to a static IP address of **192.168.13.33**.

Next, enter at least one IP address for the DNS server settings. A good IP address to use is 8.8.8.8 which is the Google DNS server. In this example, we are also using the local gateway DNS server.

	Host: SLC gpmLAB	3048 LCD SD U1 U2 Select	E1 1 3 5 7 9 11 13 1 E2 2 4 6 8 10 12 14 10 port for O Configuration	5 17 19 21 23 25 27 29 31 6 18 20 22 24 26 28 30 32 WebSSH (DP only) Co	33 35 37 39 41 43 45 47 A 34 36 38 40 42 44 46 B Innected Device (DP only)
Network Sen	vices User Authenti	cation Devices	Maintenance Quick S	etup	샵 ? 🛱 🗉
Network Setting	s IP Filter Routing V	/PN Security Perf N	Ionitoring FQDN List		
		Netw	ork Settings		Help?
Ethernet Interfac	es			Hostname & N	lame Servers
	Disabled		Disabled	Hostname:	SLC_gpmLAB
Eth1 Settings:	Obtain from DHCP	Eth2 Settings:	Obtain from DHCP	Note: The h	ostname will be used as the
	Obtain from BOOTP Specify:	Å	Obtain from BOOTP Specify:	Domain:	
ID Address:	102 169 1 50	ID Address	102 169 12 22	DNS Serve	ers
IF Address.	192.108.1.50	IF Address	. 192,100,13,33	#1:	192.168.1.1
Subnet Mask:	255.255.255.0	Subnet Mask	255.255.255.0	#2:	8.8.8.8
IPv6 Address: (Static)		IPv6 Address (Statio))	#3:	
IPv6 Address: (Link Local)		IPv6 Address (Link Loca	i: D	DHCP-Acq	uired DNS Servers
Mode: A	uto 👻	Mode:	Auto 👻	#1:	None
MTU: 1	500	MTU:	1500	#2: #3:	None
HW Address: 00	:80:a3:96:41:ff	HW Address: (0:80:a3:96:42:00	Prefer IPv4	_
Multicast: 22	4.0.0.1	Multicast: 2	239.255.255.251 224.0.0.1	DNS Records:	
Eth1 Link: Up)	Eth2 Link: U	qL		

To trigger the failover process, the SLC will ping an IP address on the other side of the ETH1 default gateway as a way to verify network connectivity. If the SLC receives the configured number of failed pings, then this will trigger or activate the fail-over process. You can configure a timer for the delay between pings. You can also configure the number of failed pings required before failover occurs.

There are 2 scenarios that you can use. One is the production configuration where the IP address to ping will want to be on the public internet (Public DNS Server, 1.1.1.1 is a good option) on the ETH1 interface. Here is a possible network topology:



The second scenario is for testing the failover feature. The production configuration topology does not easily allow for failover to be tested. To simulate a failover with the production configuration, most of the options (pull network cable or power down the router) will cause the local subnet to lose connectivity on the ETH1 interface network. By using a local host as the **IP Address to Ping**, you can easily simulate a down network connection (by powering down the local host) as well as have continued network access to the SLC8000 WEB manager (to monitor fail over) on the ETH1 interface. Here is a possible network topology:



Follow the following steps to configure the failover feature

- 1. Enter the IP address of the default gateway of Eth1 in the **Default** field. This has to be the local subnet gateway.
- 2. Fill in the **Fail-over Gateway IP Address** field with IP address of the ES450 Gateway (192.168.13.31).
- 3. Enter the IP address in the **IP Address to Ping** field. Remember, this IP address is networked to the Eth1 interface so ensure that **Ethernet Port for Ping** radio button is set to **Eth1**.

Gateway		Fail-Over Settings
Default:	192.168.1.1	Fail-over Gateway IP Address: 192.168.13.31
DHCP-Acquired:	none	IP Address to Ping to Trigger Fail-Over: 192.168.1.53
Precedence:	 DHCP-Acquired Default 	Ethernet Port for Ping: Eth1 Eth2 Delay between Pings: Seconds
IPv6 Default:		Number of Failed Pings: 2

Next, in the Fail-over Device drop down box -> select Sierra Wireless ES450.

In the **APN of the Mobile Carrier** field, enter the APN address supplied by the mobile carrier. Please contact your Lantronix Sales Manager if you would like us to provide an Evaluation SIM from AT&T during your proof-of-concept testing.

Fail-Over Cellular Gatewa	y Configuration	The fail-over gateway is used if an IP address accessible through the default gateway fails to return one or more pings.
Fail-over Device:	Sierra Wireless ES450	← Fail-Over Cellular Gateway Status
APN of Mobile Carrier:	m2m.com.attz	
Admin Login:	user	
Admin Password:	•••••	
Change Admin Password:		
New Admin Password:	Retype:	
Reboot Gateway When Making Changes:		
Advanced Cellular Gatew	ay Configuration	
SIM Card PIN Lock:		
PIN # for SIM Card:	Retype:	
SIM PUK:	Retype:	
SIM Username:		
SIM Password:		
Dial-Up String:		
Roaming:		

VPN Connection

When using the LTE cellular gateway solution as a secondary channel of communication a VPN tunnel is required. The SLC 8000/SLB is a VPN client and with the ES450 Gateway acting as a gateway from Ethernet to cellular, the SLC 8000 can VPN through the ES450 Gateway to an awaiting VPN server.

To configure the VPN setup in the SLC 8000/SLB, click the **Network** tab then click **VPN**. Click **Eth2** to ensure the VPN tunnel uses the ES450 Gateway. Since the SLC 8000/SLB is a VPN client, configure the remaining parameters in accordance with the VPN server.

		VPN			Help?
Enable VPN Tunnel:	✓		Current Tunnel Status:	Down	
Name:	FailoverTest				
Ethernet Port:	○ 1	Route			
Remote Host:	70.168.148.9				
Remote Id:					
Remote Hop/Router:					
Remote Subnet(s):]		View Detailed Status
Local Id:	techsupport				View VPN Logs
Local Hop/Router:	192.168.0.1			1	View SLC RSA Public Key >
Local Subnet(s):	192.168.0.20/24]		View X.509 Certificates
IKE Negotiation:	🔿 Main Mode 🛛 💿 Aggre	ssive Mode			
IKE v2:	Permit 👻				
IKE Encryption:	3DES V Authentication:	MD5 V DH Grou	ıp: 2 👻		
ESP Encryption:	Any V Authentication:	Any 🗸 DH Grou	ip: Any 👻		
Authentication:	🔿 RSA Public Key 🛛 💿 P	re-Shared Key 🛛 🔿 X.509	Certificate		
RSA Public Key for Remote Host:					
Pre-Shared Key:	•••••	Retype Pre-Shared Key			
Certificate Authority for Remote Peer:		Upload File >			
Certificate File for Remote Peer:		Upload File >			
Certificate Authority for Local		Linioad File >			

When complete, the Current Tunnel Status will change from Down to Up.

Fail Over Results

When the **IP Address to Ping** no longer responds, Fail-over is triggered. There is a notification on the **Network Settings** page.

teway		Fail-Over Settings	> Curre	ently using fa	il-over gateway <
Default:	192.168.1.1	Fail-over Gateway IP Address:	192.16	58.13.31	7
DHCP-Acquired:	none	IP Address to Ping to Trigger Fail-Over:	192.16	58.1.53	
	DHCP-Acquired	Ethernet Port for Ping:	Eth1	1 🔘 Eth2	
Precedence:	O Default	Delay between Pings:	3	seconds	
IPv6 Default: il-Over Cellular Gateway	y Configuration	Number of Failed Pings: The fail-over through the defau	2 gateway ult gatew	v is used if an l ay fails to retu	P address accessibl rn one or more pings
IPv6 Default:	y Configuration	Number of Failed Pings: The fail-over through the defau	2 gateway	v is used if an l ay fails to retu	P address accessible rn one or more pings
IPv6 Default: -Over Cellular Gateway Fail-over Device:	y Configuration Sierra Wireless ES450 ▼	Number of Failed Pings: The fail-over through the defau	2 gateway It gatew Fail-	r is used if an l ray fails to retu - <u>Over Cellula</u>	P address accessibl rn one or more pings <u>r Gateway Status</u>)
IPv6 Default: I-Over Cellular Gateway Fail-over Device: APN of Mobile Carrier:	v Configuration Sierra Wireless ES450 - m2m.com.attz	Number of Failed Pings: The fail-over through the defau	2 gateway It gatew Fail-	r is used if an l ay fails to retu <u>-Over Cellula</u>	P address accessible rn one or more pings <u>r Gateway Status</u>)
IPv6 Default: iI-Over Cellular Gateway Fail-over Device: APN of Mobile Carrier: Admin Login:	v Configuration Sierra Wireless ES450 → m2m.com.attz User	Number of Failed Pings: The fail-over through the defau	2 gateway It gatew <u>Fail</u>	r is used if an l ay fails to retu -Over Cellula	P address accessibl rn one or more pings <u>r Gateway Status</u>)
IPv6 Default: I-Over Cellular Gateway Fail-over Device: APN of Mobile Carrier: Admin Login: Admin Password:	y Configuration Sierra Wireless ES450 m2m.com.attz user •••••	Number of Failed Pings: The fail-over through the defau	2 gateway It gatew <u>Fail</u>	∕is used if an l ay fails to retu <u>-Over Cellula</u>	P address accessibl rn one or more pings <u>r Gateway Status</u>)
IPv6 Default: I-Over Cellular Gateway Fail-over Device: APN of Mobile Carrier: Admin Login: Admin Password: Change Admin Password:	y Configuration Sierra Wireless ES450 m2m.com.attz user ●	Number of Failed Pings: The fail-over through the defau	2 gateway lit gatew <u>Fail</u>	y is used if an l ay fails to retu <u>-Over Cellula</u>	P address accessibl rn one or more pings <u>r Gateway Status</u>)

	VPN	Help?
Enable VPN Tunnel:		Current Tunnel Up, SLC IP is 11.0.0.10 Status:
Name: Ethernet Port:	FailoverTest	 "FailoverTest": 11.0.0.10/32 === 192.168.0.30<192.168.0.30>[@techsupport] 192.168.0.1 70.168.148.9<70.168.148.9> === 0.0.0.0/0; unrouted; eroute owner: #58 "FailoverTest": 11.0.0.10/32 === 192.168.0.30[@] 192.168.0.1 70.168.148.9 === 172.18.0.0/16; unrouted;
Remote Host:	70.168.148.9	eroute owner: #58 "FailoverTest": 11.0.0.10/32 === 192.168.0.30[@] 192.168.0.1 70.168.148.9 === 11.0.0.0/16; erouted; eroute owner: #58
Remote Id:		"FailoverTest": 11.0.0.10/32 === 192.168.0.30(@) 192.168.0.1 70.168.148.9 === 192.168.34.0/24; erouted; eroute owner: #59
Remote Hop/Router:		PSK + ENCRYPT + TUNNEL + PFS + UP + XAUTH + AGGRESSIVE + IKEv2ALLOW + SAREFTRACK + IKOD + rKOD; prio: 24,32; interface: eth1; kind=CK_PERMANENT
Remote Subnet(s):		View Detailed Status
Local Id:	techsupport	View VPN Logs

You will now be able to reach the SLC 8000/SLB and all of the devices attached through the VPN tunnel.

The SLC will continue to check network availability on ETH1 by continuing to ping the **IP Address to Ping.** When there is a response from the ping, this will trigger the SLC 8000/SLB to **fail-back** to Eth1. The >>> Currently using fail-over gateway <<< notification will disappear, and the VPN tunnel will come down. The production network connection has been restored.

Additional Information

It you would like to check the status of the ES450 Gateway at any time, click the **Fail-Over Cellular Gateway Status** hyperlink below the failed over settings.

Fail-Over Settings	> Currently using fail-over (gateway <	
Fail-over Gateway IP Address:	192.168.13.31		
IP Address to Ping to Trigger Fail-Over:	192.168.1.53		
Ethernet Port for Ping:	Eth1 Eth2		
Delay between Pings:	3 seconds		
Number of Failed Pings:	2		
The fail-over through the defau	gateway is used if an IP addres It gateway fails to return one o Fail-Over Cellular Gatew	as accessible r more pings. <u>vay Status</u> ≽	
information:		This will sh	how the following status
N	etwork - Network Fail-over	Device Status	Help?
Sierra Ethernet and Cellular St Gateway device uptime: 9 days WAN uptime (minutes): 14330 Software Version: 4.9.3.002 Firmware Version: SN19X15C (LAN MAC address: 00:14:3E:42 Primary DNS: 8.8.8.8 SECONDARY DNS: 8.8.4.4 Phone Number: NA WAN IP address: 10.40.192.15 WAN network state: Network F WAN network state: Network F WAN network state detail: Gat Network operator: AfaT Receive Signal Strength Indic LTE signal guality (dB): -1 LTE signal strength (dB): -1 Total cellular received bytes Total cellular received packet Total cellular transmitted pa Total cellular transmitted packet Total LAN transmitted packets: 3 Cell connection info: CellTr	<pre>atus: , 22 hours, 50 minutes 19200306000700000000000000 5.05.58.00 r27038 carmd-fw 2.200 r270 44 leady </pre>	0000000 Boot v1.1.2 (c) 200 /build1 2015/03/04 21:30:23 MG /ork and ready to send data	09-2018 Sierra Wireless, Inc. 27354
Cell connection info: CellIr Cell in-depth connection info SIM ID: 89011703278215955207 APN: m2m.com.attz Connection service type: 4G IMSI: 310170821595520 Ping IP address: 0.0.0.0 Ping interval (minutes): 15 RX Diversity: Enabled Band frequency setting: 00 Active Frequency Band: LTE BJ MSCI Server: Enabled	ıfo: TCH: 2200 RSSI: -83 LR : ES: 100Mb/s Full Duplex , MD 4	AC: 16676 CellID: 54129942 NS: LTE LTECh: 2200 LTERm: 1	false LTECID: 54129942 LTELAC:

CLI Command Reference

For the sake of clearly understanding the process, screenshots from the SLC 8000 WEB Manager (GUI) were used in this App Note. If you intend to configure the above parameters using the SLC 8000/SLB CLI, see the Command Reference section in the User Guide.

https://www.lantronix.com/wp-content/uploads/pdf/SLC8000_UG.pdf

https://www.lantronix.com/wp-content/uploads/pdf/SLB_UG.pdf

If you require additional assistance finding necessary commands used for configuring the Failover/Failback process, please conatct the Lantronix Technical Support team at: <u>https://www.lantronix.com/technical-support/</u>

Troubleshooting

If you are experiencing trouble, it is a good idea to get the SLC log files. There is a log for the **Fail-Over Cellular Gateway Status** on the network page. This is a hyperlink so clicking on it will produce a log with Diagnostic data. Also, under the maintenance tab, click on the system log menu for more details.

Error	Resolution	
No Network communication on Eth2	Click the Fail-Over Cellular Gateway Status hyperlink and review the log. Is there a WAN IP Address? Review "WAN Network state detail"	
Failed to Configure Gateway	 Check for link light on the ES450 Make sure the ES450 is powered Can the SLC ping the ES450 (use Maintenance -> Diagnostics -> Check ping box, type 192.168.13.31 Make sure the LTE Gateway has the default password Using the CLI type "connect direct telnet 192.168.13.31 port 2332" to test connection. Also, this will test to make sure the password is correct. 	
Cannot ping the LTE Gateway	Make sure there are no IP Filters enabled that could be blocking packets	
No failover occurs	Can the SLC – ETH1 interface ping IP Address to Ping field ?	
Diagnostics – check network settings	Using the CLI – type "show network all" to make sure ETH1 and ETH2 link states are UP.	