

Application Note:

Using the ePack SDK

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Contacts

Lantronix, Inc.

48 Discovery, Suite 250 Irvine, CA 92618, USA

Toll Free: 800-526-8766 Phone: 949-453-3990 Fax: 949-453-3995

Technical Support

Online: www.lantronix.com/technical-support

Sales Offices

For a current list of our domestic and international sales offices, go to the Lantronix web site at www.lantronix.com/about/contact

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Revision History

Date	Rev.	Comments
March 2021	А	Initial document.
October 2021	В	Added UCI defaults and device configuration using etc/config/
May 2023	С	Added minor updates to topics "Making Image Using Image Builder" and "Adding Package Feeds".

For the latest revision of this product document, please check our online documentation at www.lantronix.com/support/documentation.

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Using the ePack SDK

This document describes how to use the Lantronix ePack SDK to create custom packages and Lantronix Image Builder to build custom firmware images. It also describes how to customize UI items using Image Builder.

This document assumes that you have a computer running a supported Linux distribution (or VM) and are familiar with the OpenWrt build system and the Lantronix Web Admin for configuring E21x and E22x series devices.

The command examples use the Bash command interpreter in a development environment.

Additional Documentation

The following documentation resources provide background and reference information.

- OpenWrt online documentation (refer to developer guide)
- Lantronix ePack User Manual for E210 and E220 Series Devices

Download the SDK Files

To download the Lantronix ePack SDK, contact Lantronix Tech Support.

The SDK includes the following components:

- Lantronix ePack SDK
- Lantronix Image Builder

The Lantronix ePack SDK is a pre-compiled environment suitable for creating custom packages to install on the device or build into the firmware. It's provided as a tar.xz archive.

The Lantronix Image Builder is a pre-compiled environment suitable for creating custom images for Lantronix E21x or E22x series devices. It's also provided as a tar.xz archive.

OS Requirements and Prerequisites

The SDK and Image Builder run in 64-bit Linux. It is recommended that you use a Linux environment, standalone or virtual machine.

The prerequisites are the same as for the OpenWrt build system. Please refer to the OpenWrt Developer guide for build system setup, build prerequisites in different Linux distributions, and package prerequisites.

Creating a Custom Package Using the SDK

Use the SDK to create a custom package. The custom package can then be included into a firmware image using Image Builder, or alternatively, it can be installed using the OPKG package manager (see the *Lantronix ePack User Manual*).

Sample Application

You will need a sample application to create the custom package. If you don't already have an application, you can create a simple "Hello, world" application with a structure similar to the following:

Note: <packagename> must be one word with no spaces.

Extract the SDK

To extract the SDK archive use the following command.

```
tar -xvf <sdk-filename.tar.xz>
```

replacing sdk-filename with the actual file name of the tar archive.

Add Your Package Feeds

The feeds.conf.default file in the directory where you extracted the SDK contains the list of package feeds. You should modify this file in the following cases:

- If the package requires additional dependency packages supplied by OpenWrt, add the repository or change to the proper repository.
- If the package requires additional dependency packages supplied by your own (custom) repository, add your own repository.
- See https://openwrt.org/docs/guide-developer/feeds

To Make the Custom Package

Note: All Linux commands should be run as user. Do not use root or sudo.

1. In the package/ directory, create a directory for the package. The name of the directory should not include any spaces. For this example we'll call it "packagename".

- 2. Navigate to the "packagename" directory, and create or copy a Makefile.
- 3. In the "packagename" directory, copy or create the src/ directory.
- 4. Navigate to the src/ directory, and copy or create the Makefile mentioning how to build the package. This can be ignored and can also be done from package/Makefile in the parent directory. (Refer to Openwrt online documentation for Makefile details.)
- 5. Still in the src/ directory, copy or create the source files and include files.
- 6. If the package requires additional dependency packages having no supplier/repository, then you will need to create those packages as described in steps 1-5.
- 7. If the package requires additional dependency packages supplied by OpenWrt or by your own repository, modify the feeds.conf.default file as described in the previous section, *Add Your Package Feeds*. If you add or modify feeds, use the following commands to update and install the feeds:

```
./scripts/feeds/update -a
./scripts/feeds/install -a
```

- 8. Run make menuconfig to open the SDK's menu and select the package. Find the package that you want to build and select it by pressing "m". This will also select all the dependencies. Save the configuration and exit the menu.
- 9. To compile the package, run

```
make package/<packagename>/compile
```

Note: You can use V=s option for detailed logs of the build.

10. After the package is compiled, the generated .ipk file (or files) are created in the bin/target/ramips/mt7620/packages/ directory.

Integrating the Custom Package into an Image

Complete these steps to integrate the package you just compiled into the image. The image build steps are described in detail in the next section, *Building an Image using Image Builder*.

- 1. Copy the .ipk (or .ipk files) that you created in the previous procedure and paste it into the packages / directory of the Image Builder.
- 2. From the SDK directory, read the tmp/.packageinfo file to find the package and dependencies information. Refer to the following example for the "helloworld" package:

```
Source-Makefile: package/helloworld/Makefile
```

Package: helloworld Submenu: Bin Packages

Version: 0-1

```
Depends: +libc +GCC_LIBSSP:libssp +USE_GLIBC:librt +USE_GLIBC:libpthread Conflicts:

Menu-Depends:
Provides:
Section: utils
Category: Lantronix
Repository: base
Title: HelloWorld
Maintainer:
Source:
Type: ipkg
Description: This is a sample HelloWorld program for SDK.
```

- 3. Copy all of the information for the package and its dependencies as shown above into .packageinfo of the Image Builder. Be careful to ensure that the information is correct before proceeding because if this fails then the build will fail.
- 4. Follow the procedure for building the image as described in the next section. Put the package names and dependencies in the <addCustomPackages> field of the PACKAGES variable.

Building an Image using Image Builder

The Lantronix Image Builder is a pre-compiled environment suitable for creating custom images for Lantronix E21x or E22x series devices.

Extract Image Builder

To extract the Image Builder use the following command.

```
$ tar -xvf <imagebuilder-filename.tar.xz>
```

replacing imagebuilder-filename with the actual file name of the tar archive.

Make Image Using Image Builder

Note: Use make help command to show help information.

1. To get the list of installed packages, enter the following command.

```
$ cat .config | grep -v '=m' | grep -v 'is not set'| grep CONFIG |
awk -F'^CONFIG_' '{print$2}' | sed -E 's/PACKAGE_//' | grep -v
'^DEFAULT' | awk -F'=' '{print$1}' > installed packages.txt
```

2. To get the list of IPK packages, enter the following command.

```
$ cat .config | grep -v '=y' | grep -v 'is not set'| grep CONFIG |
awk -F'^CONFIG_' '{print$2}' | sed -E 's/PACKAGE_//' | grep -v
'^DEFAULT' | awk -F'=' '{print$1}' > ipk packages.txt
```

3. To separate the above new line values into space separated values and remove all CAPITAL strings, use the following command:

```
variable=\$(cat ipk_packages.txt or installed_packages.txt| grep -v '[!A-Z]' | sed ':a;N;\$!ba;\$s/\n//g')
```

Note: Run this command once for installed_packages.txt and once for ipk_packages.txt.

4. The following packages will be ignored. Note the minus sign "-" before the package name of excluded packages.

```
Ignored packages ==
```

- -mipsel -odhcp6c_ext_cer_id -odhcpd-ipv6only -odhcpd_ipv6only_ext_cer_id -luci-lib-nixio_notls
- 5. To build the image, use the following command. (Do step 5 or 6 or 7, but not all three steps.)

```
$ make image PROFILE="<Profile name>" PACKAGES="<Step_3_output> +
<IgnoredPackages>"
```

To add custom packages or exclude unwanted packages use the following command.

```
$ make image PROFILE="<Profile name>" PACKAGES="<Step_3_output> +
<IgnoredPackages> + <addCustomPackages> + -<unwantedPackages>"
```

- PROFILE The profile name should be "e21x" or "e22x"
- PACKAGES **Note:** Package names are space separated. Excluded packages are preceded by a minus sign "-".
 - o <Step_3_output> This is the list of installed and IPK packages in the image.
 - <IgnoredPackages> For ignored packages, copy the list from step 4.
 - <addCustomPackages> To add custom packages, follow the instructions in
 Creating a Custom Package Using the SDK to compile and integrate the package
 files (IPKs) and then list them here.
 - <unwantedPackages> List the unwanted packages with a "-" before each package. Note that if the unwanted package is a dependency for another package, the build may fail.
- Output After completion of the image build, the build files will be output to the bin/targets/ramips/mt7620/ directory of the Image Builder.
- 6. To add any custom files into the firmware as default values, create a "files" directory in the Image Builder directory and create a source tree that matches the source tree where the files need to be copied or replaced in the device.

Then use the FILES variable in the make command.

```
$ make image PROFILE="<Profile name>" PACKAGES="<Step_3_output> +
<IgnoredPackages> + <addCustomPackages> + -<unwantedPackages>"
FILES="files/"
```

After completion of the image build, the build files will be output to the bin/targets/ramips/mt7620/ directory of the Image Builder.

7. To disable inbuilt services from /etc/init.d/, use the DISABLED_SERVICES variable in the make command.

```
$ make image PROFILE="<Profile name>" PACKAGES="<Step_3_output> +
<IgnoredPackages> + <addCustomPackages> + -<unwantedPackages>"
FILES="files/" DISABLED SERVICES="<nameOfServicesSpaceSeparated>"
```

After completion of the image build, the build files will be output to the bin/targets/ramips/mt7620/ directory of the Image Builder.

8. To list packages that get installed into the image. (Use the make help command to get more details). Two examples are provided below:

UCI Defaults

OpenWrt relies on UCI, the Unified Configuration Interface, to configure its core services. UCI defaults provides a way to preconfigure your images, using UCI.

To set some system defaults when the device is built, it is possible to create a script in the "imagebuilder/files/etc/uci-defaults" directory. Scripts in that folder are copied to the device and executed by /etc/init.d/boot the first time the device boots. If the scripts exit with code 0 they are deleted afterwards. Scripts that exit with non-zero exit code are not deleted and will be re-executed at the next boot until they also successfully exit.

To update the runtime configuration using a uci-defaults script:

- 1. Under the "imagebuilder/files/etc/" directory, create a folder called "uci-defaults".
- 2. Under the "uci-defaults" folder, create a script file called "99-default-settings".

3. Use SSH to access your E2xx series device and check for the parameters that you want to change. Use the uci show <config> command to get the exact parameter name.

Example (show configuration parameters from network file):

```
uci show network
```

Example output:

```
network.cellular.simselect='2'
network.wanlan=wanlan
network.wanlan.enable='0'
network.wanlan.done='0'
network.watchdog=watchdog
```

4. In the "99_default_settings" script file, create a script similar to the example shown below: Use uci set (line 3) command to set the value of the given option and uci commit (line 4) to write the changes to the filesystem. For multiple parameters, enter each uci set command on a new line before the uci commit command. Lines 1, 6, and 7 are fixed.

```
1 #!/bin/sh
2 #uci help for more details,
3 uci set network.wanlan.enable=1
4 uci commit
5 # remove LuCI cache
6 rm -rf /tmp/luci-indexcache /tmp/luci-modulecache
7 exit 0
```

5. Give execute permission to "99_default_settings" script using the following command:

```
chmod +x 99 default settings
```

6. Follow the Image Builder procedure to make the image (use the FILES variable in the make command) and install the firmware on the device.

Device Configuration

There are two ways to update the device configuration. If you will modify only a few parameters or if the parameter should be modified after the image is built, use the method as described in the previous section, *UCI Defaults*. Otherwise, if there are more than a few changes, use the procedure described below.

To update configuration:

1. Prepare the device with the custom configurations.

- 2. Copy the modified files from the "/etc/config" directory from the device, keeping the source tree file structure.
- 3. Paste the copied files under the "imagebuilder/files/etc/config/" folder .
- 4. Follow the Image Builder procedure to make the image (use the FILES variable in the make command) and install the firmware on the device.

Note: Device specific parameters in the copied config folder might also get changed. To undo those changes, use the "uci-defaults" script.

Customizing the UI Using Image Builder

You can use the Image Builder to customize the UI and other modifications.

Firmware File Name and Configuration Version

Change the firmware file name and the configuration version by modifying the .config file in the <imagebuilder> directory.

To change the firmware file and configuration version:

- 1. Change the following options in the .config file:
 - CONFIG VERSION DIST="<Lantronix>"
 - CONFIG_VERSION_NUMBER="<version-number>"

Important: Do not change any other parameters in the .config file, as doing so may cause the image build to fail.

2. To view that the file name has been modified, build the image and check the output in the <imagebuilder>/bin/targets/ramips/mt7620/ directory.

Customize UI Elements

Image Builder provides ways to modify the current theme (logo, icons, stylesheet) and customize other items such as the SSH login banner and certain text strings and parameters.

Note: The SDK does not support replacing the UI theme.

To customize UI elements:

1. View the directory structure of the files on the device by navigating to the following directory in Image Builder and drilling down to find the desired UI theme file and other parameter.

```
ROOT="<imagebuilder>/build_dir/target-mipsel_24kc_musl/root.orig-
ramips/"
```

- 2. Go to the <imagebuilder>/files directory (or create "files" directory if it doesn't exist) and create a source tree that matches the source tree where the files need to be copied or replaced.
- 3. Copy the file from the ROOT and paste it under the "files" directory. Modify or replace the file according to your requirement.
- 4. Follow the Image Builder procedure to make the image (use the FILES variable in the make command) and install the firmware on the device.

Refer to *Table 1* for a list of commonly customized elements. The numbers in the table correspond to the labels in *Figure 1, 2, 3, and 4* showing the location of the elements on the user interface.

Label	UI Element	File Location/Description
1	SSH banner	"ROOT/etc/banner"
2	Login page logo	"ROOT/www/luci-static/rosy/logo.png"
3	Logo on all other pages in Web Admin	"ROOT/www/luci-static/rosy/logo_t.png"
4	Other Icons/logos in Web Admin	"ROOT/www/luci-static"
5	Default hostname	See UCI Defaults or Device Configuration.
6	"Powered by" string	"ROOT/etc/openwrt_release"
		Modify DISTRIB_DESCRIPTION parameter.
7	Quick Setup information	"ROOT/usr/lib/lua/luci/view/quicksetup/quicksetup .htm"
8	Stylesheet – fonts, sizes, color, styles	"ROOT/www/luci-static/rosy/cascade.css"
9	Default AP SSID	See UCI Defaults or Device Configuration.

Table 1: UI elements

Example:

To customize the SSH login banner as shown in *Figure 1*, copy the banner file from the ROOT/etc/directory. Navigate to the <imagebuilder>/files directory and create the etc/directory. Paste the banner file here and modify it as per your requirement. Build the image using Image Builder and install the firmware on the device.



Figure 1: SSH Login Banner

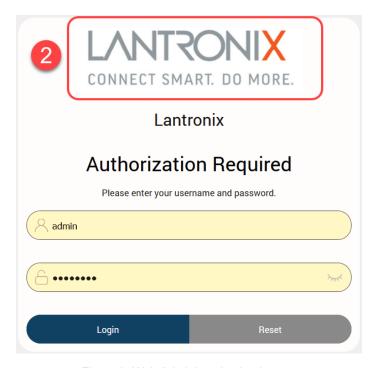


Figure 2: Web Administration Login page

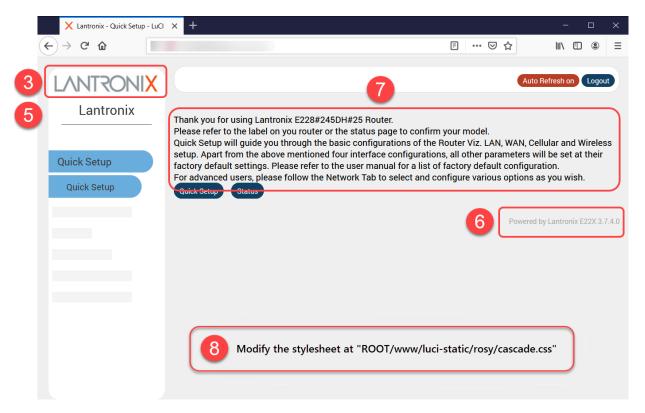


Figure 3: Quick Setup page (logged in user)

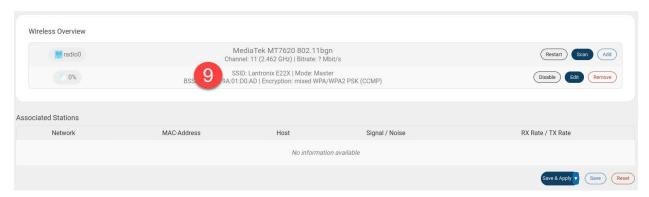


Figure 4: Default AP SSID