

Application Note:

xPico 200® Certification Firmware Instructions



Part Number APP-0001
Revision D November 2021

Intellectual Property

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This equipment has to be tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation. This equipment generates, uses, and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instructions, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation.

If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one of the following measures:

1. Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.
2. Increase the separation between the equipment and receiver.
3. Connect the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver

is connected.

4. Consult the dealer or an experienced radio/TV technician for help.

This device complies with Part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions: (1) This device may not cause harmful interference, and (2) this device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

This device is intended only for OEM Integrators. The OEM integrator should be aware of the above considerations.

Revision History

Date	Rev.	Comments
April 2019	A	Preliminary Draft.
August 2018	B	Updates for new MFG Loader.
March 2019	C	Updates to the Continuous Mode Software Load instructions.
November 2021	D	Updated Bluetooth Continuous Mode Testing Instructions.

For the latest revision of this product document, please check our online documentation at www.lantronix.com/support/.

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Overview

This document provides instructions on leveraging Lantronix® xPico® certificates. In many cases, the Lantronix modular transmitter certification can be leveraged without acquiring full re-certification effort in products that use the Lantronix module.

The xPico 200 series has modular approval for FCC, IC, EU, Japan, China, and Australia/New Zealand. All xPico certificates can be found in the xPico 200 module documentation at <https://www.lantronix.com/products/xpico-200>.

It is recommended that you consult with your certification laboratory to develop your certification plan for your product that includes the xPico 200 series module. The xPico 200 series module certification tests were completed at Bureau Veritas in Hsinchu, Taiwan.

Requirements for Leveraging Lantronix xPico 200 Certificates

The following conditions are required to leverage Lantronix modular transmitter certifications:

- Following the antenna and layout instructions in the *xPico 200 Series Integration Guide*.
- Using antennas of similar type and equal or less gain than the antennas listed in the *xPico 200 Series Integration Guide*.
- Positioning the xPico 200 module at least 20 cm from a human body and the transmitting antennas at least 20 cm from all other transmitters. Lantronix has not completed SAR testing on the xPico 200 module.
- Running EMC tests including the FCC 15-part B and EN 301 489 -1/-17. When leveraging the modular certification, the transmitter and receiver-specific tests normally do not need to be performed.
- Placing certifications for the xPico 200 transmitter IDs for various regions on the end-product label according to conditions listed in the *Compliance* section of the *xPico 200 Series Data Sheet*. See <https://www.lantronix.com/products/xpico-200>.
- Running two certification testing modes. See Certification Test Modes.

Disqualifications to Leveraging Lantronix xPico 200 Certificates

The following conditions disqualify the leveraging of Lantronix xPico 200 certifications:

- Using a different type of antenna than that shown in the *xPico 200 Series Integration Guide*.
- Using an antenna with higher gain than the antennas called out in the *xPico 200 Series Integration Guide*.
- Installing the xPico 200 module antenna in a location where it is expected to be less than 20 cm from a human body. Under this scenario, SAR testing would need to be completed.
- Installing the xPico 200 module antenna within 20 cm of another transmitter module.
- Installing the xPico 200 module in a country or region not referenced in the *Compliance* section of the *xPico 200 Series Data Sheet*; see <https://www.lantronix.com/products/xpico-200>.

Certification Test Modes

Certification testing requires both normal mode testing and continuous mode testing. The number of units needed for certification testing depends on the regional certifications planned. Consult with your certification lab prior to testing for their recommended quantity of normal mode and continuous mode test units.

- **Normal mode testing** is conducted with the xPico 200 module running the base application software. In this case the unit should be configured to run tests with the module interfaces both idle and fully exercised. For Ethernet and Wi-Fi interfaces, iperf or some other network utilization method can be used. Serial and USB ports should utilize a similar program to exercise the used ports for certification EMC tests.
- **Continuous mode testing** is conducted in cases where full transmitter certification or re-certification is required. The certification lab will require testing on some units that run continuous mode transmitter and receiver tests. To run the continuous transmit and receive mode tests, special firmware needs to be loaded on the xPico 200 module.

Hardware Requirements for Continuous Mode Testing

The following hardware requirements are needed for continuous mode testing. The xPico200 continuous mode certification software can be downloaded at <https://www.lantronix.com/products/xpico-200>.

- To run the xPico 240/250 transmitter and receiver tests for full certification, access to the module serial port is required. For users who do not have access to the module serial port, please contact Lantronix Support to obtain a flashable version of the module firmware that includes the certification software.
- The serial port connections are required to load a special firmware image that allows continuous transmit, continuous receive, and other tests required for transmitter certification.
- Lantronix recommends adding test points for the serial port to assist with loading the certification test code. The current implementation requires that this data is loaded via the serial interface. It's recommended to include an option to tristate other devices connected to the serial port line while the manufacturing test loading is in progress. An example of the recommended manufacturing test point is shown in Figure 1 below.

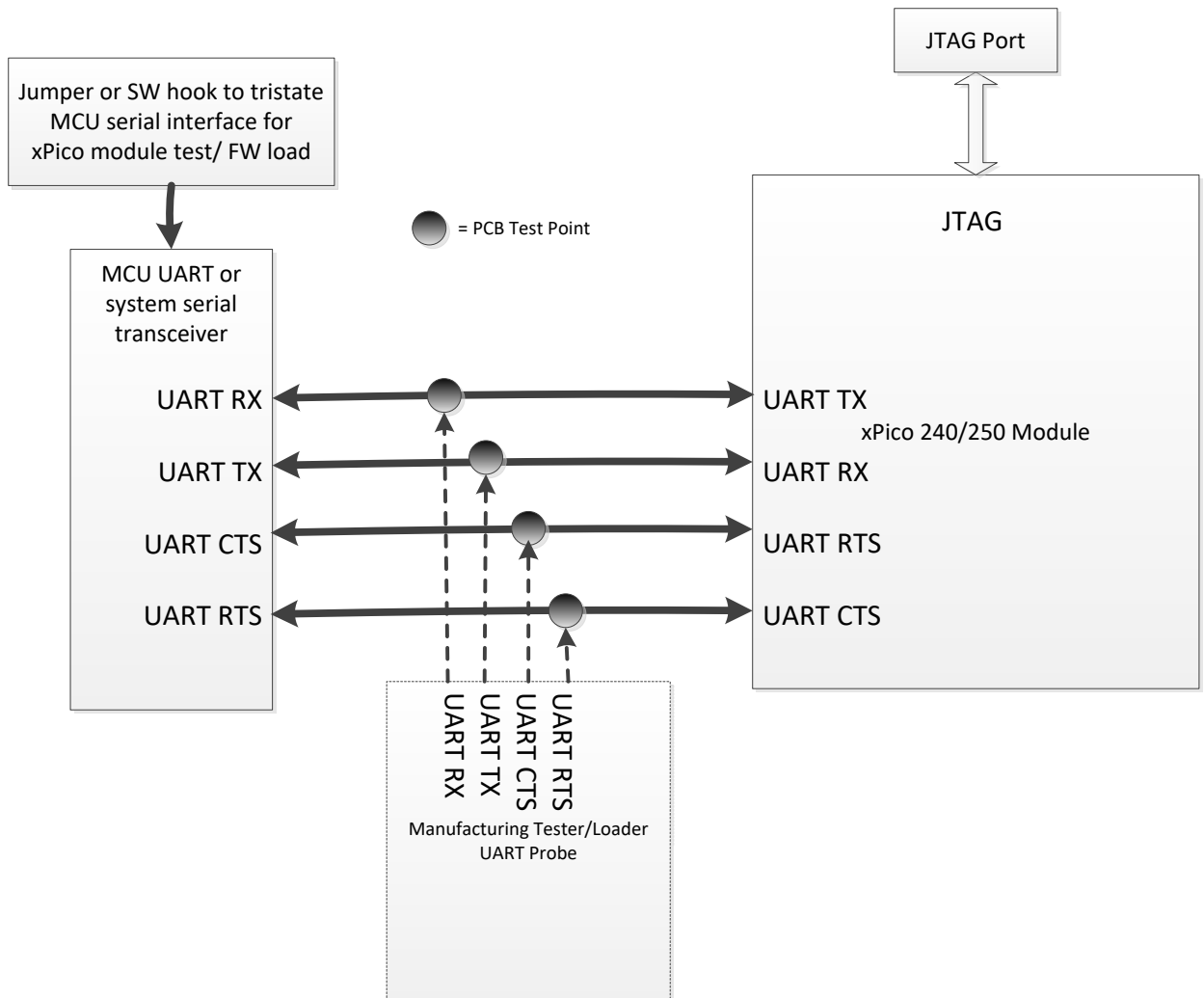


Figure 1. Example Schematic Block Diagram for xPico 200 Test Points

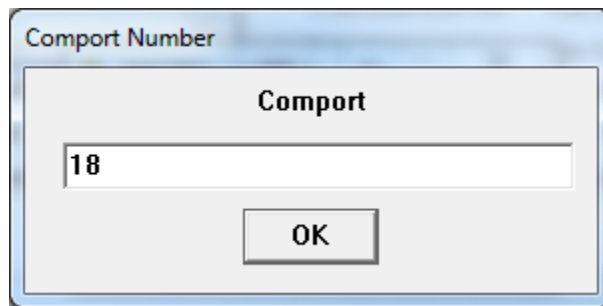
See the evaluation board schematic and artwork for recommended transceiver, DB9, and port connections in the [xPico 200 Series Integration Guide](#).

Continuous Mode Certification Software Load

To use the module for continuous mode testing for certification, download and install the continuous mode certification software.

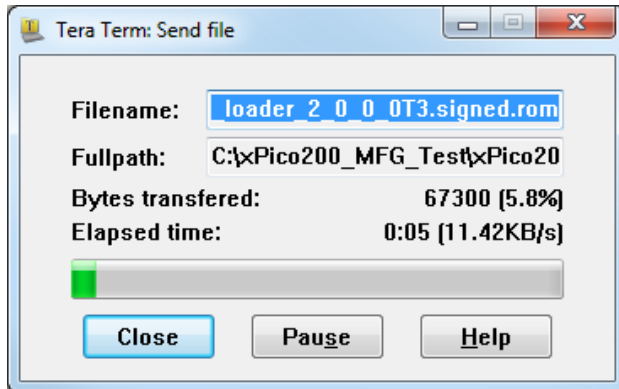
1. Download the xPico 200 continuous mode certification software from <https://www.lantronix.com/products/xpico-200>.
2. Extract the files from the archive. The archive contains the xPico200_MFG_Test directory with the following contents:
 - Wi-Fi-Scripts directory – contains the scripts that can be pasted in Tera Term.
 - xPico200 directory – contains the rom to be loaded to the device and the Tera Term macro file.

- Certification Firmware Instructions – this document.
 - **xp200-cmd_teraterm – wifi.bat** – the batch file that launches Tera Term and executes the macro.
3. Copy the `xPico200_MFG_Test` directory to the `C:\` drive of your PC.
Note: *If you copy it to another directory on your PC, you may need to modify the load scripts to point to a different directory.*
 4. Install Tera Term on your PC. This was tested with Tera Term 4.73 but also works with other versions.
Note: *The **xp200-cmd_teraterm – wifi.bat** file contains a link to **ttermpro.exe**, the Tera Term executable. Modify this link if the executable is in a different directory on your PC.*
 5. Connect the serial port of the module to your PC.
 6. Double click the **xp200-cmd_teraterm – wifi.bat** file in the `xPico200_MFG_Test` directory.
 7. In the Comport Number window that opens, enter the COM port that's connected to the xPico 200 module and click **OK**.

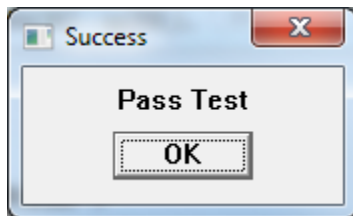


8. Click **OK** to start.





10. When the firmware has successfully loaded, a Pass Test window will be displayed.



Note: In some cases, you may need to reset the Tera Term window after loading the firmware.

11. At the CLI prompt, type **cert console** to get into the continuous mode for running cert scripts.
12. Type **?** to list all commands. Type **wl -h** to list all wl commands.

Running the Wi-Fi Continuous Mode Tests

Wi-Fi continuous mode uses the Cypress WL commands. For more information on WL tool commands please see the Cypress reference document at <http://www.cypress.com/file/385966/download>.

The `Wi-Fi-Scripts` directory includes several scripts that can be pasted into the Tera Term command prompt.

Example scripts are shown below.

802.11g Transmit Script

```
wl down
wl country ALL
wl band b
wl chanspec -c 1 -b 2 -w 20 -s 0
wl mpc 0
wl ampdu 1
wl bi 65000
wl frameburst 1
wl rateset 54b
wl up
wl txant 0
wl antdiv 0
wl nrate -r 54
wl phy_watchdog 0
wl disassoc
wl phy_forcecal 1
wl phy_activecal
wl txpwr1 -1
wl pkteng_start 00:90:4c:aa:bb:cc tx 20 1024 0
```

In the **wl chanspec -c 1 -b 2 -w 20 -s 0** line, **-c 1** sets the channel to channel 1. Change the **1** parameter to any integer from 1 to 14 to specify the channel.

Use the **wl nrate -r 54** line to modify the bit rate. The **-r 54** sets the rate to 54Mbps.

wl nrate -m 0 -s 0 is for MCS0.

wl nrate -m 7 -s 0 is for MCS7.

The **txant** parameter sets the antenna to either antenna 0 or antenna 1

802.11a Transmit Script

```
wl down
wl country ALL
wl band a
wl chanspec -c 100 -b 5 -w 20 -s 0
wl mpc 0
wl ampdu 1
wl bi 65000
wl frameburst 1
wl rateset 54b
wl up
wl txant 0
wl antdiv 0
wl nrate -r 54
wl phy_watchdog 0
wl disassoc
wl phy_forcecal 1
wl phy_activecal
wl txpwr1 -1
wl pkteng_start 00:90:4c:aa:bb:cc tx 20 1024 0
```

Similar to the 802.11g Transmit Script above, change the **chanspec** line to set the channel using the parameter after the **-c** parameter and change the **nrate** line to set the bit rate.

The **txant** parameter sets the antenna to either antenna 0 or antenna 1.

802.11n Transmit Script

```
wl down
wl mpc 0
wl phy_txpwrctrl 1
wl phy_watchdog 0
wl country ALL
wl PM 0
wl band a
wl 5g_rate -v 7 -s 1 -b 40
wl chanspec -c 38 -b 5 -w 40 -s -1
wl up
wl antdiv 0
wl txant 0
wl txpwr1 -1
wl phy_forcecal 1
wl phy_activecal
wl scansuppress 1
wl pkteng_start 00:90:4c:aa:bb:cc tx 100 2048 0
```

Similar to the 802.11g Transmit Script above, change the **chanspec** line to set the channel using the parameter after the **-c** parameter and change the **5g_rate** line to set the bit rate.

The **-b** parameter in the **5g_rate** line and the **-w** parameter in the **chanspec** line sets the bandwidth. The xPico 200 supports 20Mhz and 40Mhz bandwidth for 802.11n in the 5Ghz band.

The **txant** parameter sets the antenna to either antenna 0 or antenna 1.

Transmit Stop Command

```
wl pkteng_stop tx
```

The **wl pkteng_stop tx** command stops the transmit test.

802.11 2Ghz Receive Mode Script

```
wl down
wl mpc0
wl country ALL
wl band b
wl scansuppress 1
wl channel 1
wl bi 65535
wl up
wl out
wl channel
wl rateset 11b
wl up
wl txant 0
wl antdiv 0
wl nrate -r 1
wl counters
wl counters
```

The **nrate** and **channel** parameters above work like the parameters from the above transmit scripts.

The **wl counters** command will output receive mode statistics. The **rxdfmocast** statistic lists the received frames, which is useful when connected to an external signal generator. Run the **wl counters** command before and after sending external frames to the unit and calculate the difference between the before and after **rxdfmocast** number to get the number of received good frames.

802.11 5Ghz Receive Mode Script

```
wl down
wl mpc 0
wl country ALL
wl band a
wl scansuppress 1
wl chanspec -c 159 -b 5 -w 40 -s 0
wl bi 65535
wl up
wl out
wl channel
wl up
wl txant 0
wl antdiv 0
wl nrate -m 7 -s 0
wl counters
```

The **nrate**, **channel**, and **chanspec** parameters above work like the parameters from the above transmit scripts.

The **wl counters** command will output receive mode statistics. The **rxdfmocast** statistic lists the received frames, which is useful when connected to an external signal generator. Run the **wl counters** command before and after sending external frames to the unit and calculate the difference between the before and after **rxdfmocast** number to get the number of received good frames.

Bluetooth Continuous Mode Testing

The steps in <http://www.cypress.com/file/298091/download> describe how to run the Lantronix xPico 200 Bluetooth continuous mode scripts. These scripts are based on the Cypress `mybluetoothool` commands for the Cypress processor inside of the xPico 200 module.

Running the BT Test Modes

To run the BT Test Modes, follow these steps:

1. Follow the instructions for each type of test in the Cypress document at <http://www.cypress.com/file/298091/download>
2. Load the continuous mode certification firmware as described in the Continuous Mode Certification Software Load section.
3. Enter the following commands to set up the BT testing environment:

```
wl down
wl mpc 0
wl phy_txpwrctrl 1
wl phy_watchdog 0
wl country ALL
wl PM 0
wl band a
wl 5g_rate -v 7 -s 1 -b 40
wl chanspec -c 38 -b 5 -w 40 -s -1
wl up
wl antdiv 0
wl txant 0
wl txpwr1 -1
wl phy_forcecal 1
wl phy_activecal
wl scansuppress 1
wl pkteng_start 00:90:4c:aa:bb:cc tx 100 2048 0
wl pkteng_stop tx
```
4. Once the firmware is loaded, run the **`bt_hci_reset`** command twice. The second time this command is run, it should respond with SUCCESS as shown in Figure 2.
5. After the reset command run the **`bt_download_firmware`** command as shown in Figure 2.
6. Table 1 lists the remaining BT commands and syntax. The equivalent commands from the Cypress document are included.

Note: *There are slight differences between the Cypress document command and the Lantronix command.*

The image shows a screenshot of a Tera Term VT terminal window. The window title is "COM18:115200baud - Tera Term VT". The menu bar includes "File", "Edit", "Setup", "Control", "Window", and "Help". The terminal output is as follows:

```
>
>
>
>
> bt_hci_reset
send HCI_RESET!

-----
0x01 0x03 0x0c 0x00
-----
ERROR
> bt_hci_reset
send HCI_RESET!

-----
0x01 0x03 0x0c 0x00
-----
SUCCESS
> bt_download_firmware
Download BT firmware
bt_mfgtest_console_download_fw!
SUCCESS
>
```

Figure 2. bt_hci_reset, bt_download_firmware Command Usage

Table 1. BT Test Commands

BT Test Command	Description
<pre>bt_hci_reset</pre> <p>Cypress equivalent command mbt reset</p>	<p>This command resets the BT device on the module.</p> <p>Run this prior to running any other certification test.</p> <p>This can also be used to stop any of the running BT tests.</p>
<pre>bt_download_firmware</pre>	<p>Run this command prior to any of the tests below to load the BT test firmware into the radio.</p>
<pre>bt_le_rx_test <rx_channel></pre> <p>Cypress equivalent command mbt le_receiver_test</p>	<p>This command runs the LE receiver test.</p> <p>rx_channel = receive frequency minus 2402 divided by 2.</p> <p>Acceptable channels are 0 to 39 where 0 is 2402Mhz and 39 is 2480 Mhz.</p>
<pre>bt_le_tx_test <tx_channel> <data_length> <data_pattern></pre> <p>Cypress equivalent command mbt le_transmitter_test</p>	<p>This command runs the LE transmit test.</p> <p>tx_channel = receive frequency minus 2402 divided by 2.</p> <p>Acceptable channels are 0 to 39 where 0 is 2402 Mhz and 39 is 2480 Mhz.</p> <p>Data_length can be from 0 to 37.</p> <p>Data_pattern can be from 0 to 7.</p> <p>Data Pattern Definitions</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0: Pseudo-random bit sequence 9 1: Pattern of alternating bits: 11110000 2: Pattern of alternating bits: 10101010 3: Pseudo-random bit sequence 15 4: Pattern of all 1s 5: Pattern of all 0s 6: Pattern of alternating bits: 00001111 7: Pattern of alternating bits: 0101
<pre>bt_le_test_end</pre> <p>Cypress equivalent command mbt le_test_end</p>	<p>The LE test end script stops the LE transmitter or LE receiver tests.</p>

BT Test Command	Description
<pre>bt_set_tx_frequency_arm <carrier On/Off> <tx_frequency> <tx_mode> <tx_modulation_type> <tx_power></pre> <p>Cypress equivalent command mbt tx_frequency_arm</p>	<p>This test turns on or off the transmitter carrier.</p> <p>carrier on/off:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 1: carrier on 0: carrier off <p>tx_frequency can be from 2402 MHz to 2480 MHz</p> <p>tx_mode selects unmodulated or modulated with pattern</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0: Unmodulated 1: PRBS9 2: PRBS15 3: All Zeros 4: All Ones 5: Incrementing Symbols <p>tx_modulation_type selects 1 Mbps, 2 Mbps, or 3 Mbps modulation. This is ignored if mode is unmodulated.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0: GFSK 1: QPSK 2: 8PSK 3: LE <p>tx_power can be from -25 dBm to +3 dBm</p>
<pre>bt_receive_only <rx_frequency></pre> <p>Cypress equivalent command mbt receive_only</p>	<p>This test instructs the BT radio to receive on a specific frequency.</p> <p>Rx_frequency can be from 2402 to 2480.</p>

BT Test Command	Description
<pre>bt_radio_tx_test <bd_addr> <frequency> <modulation_type> <logical_channel> <bb_packet_type> <packet_length> <tx_power></pre> <p>Cypress equivalent command mbt radio_tx_test</p>	<p>This command runs the connectionless transmitter test.</p> <p>bd_addr is the BD_ADDR of Tx device (6 bytes), for example 00112233445566.</p> <p>Frequency can be set to 0 to use a normal Bluetooth hopping sequence or from 2402 MHz to 2480 MHz to transmit on a specified frequency without hopping.</p> <p>modulation_type sets the data pattern.</p> <p>0: 0x00 8-bit Pattern 1: 0xFF 8-bit Pattern 2: 0xAA 8-bit Pattern 3: 0xF0 8-bit Pattern 4: PRBS9 Pattern</p> <p>logical_channel sets logical channel to Basic Rate (BR) or Enhanced Data Rate (EDR) for ACL packets.</p> <p>0: EDR 1: BR</p> <p>bb_packet_type sets the baseband packet type to use.</p> <p>3: DM1 4: DH1/2-DH1 8: 3-DH1 10: DM3/2-DH3 11: DH3/3-DH3 14: DM5/2-DH5 15: DH5/3-DH5</p> <p>packet_length can be from 0 to 65535. The device will limit the maximum packet length based on the baseband packet type. For example, if DM1 packets are sent, the maximum packet size is 17 bytes.</p> <p>tx_power can be from -25 dBm to +3 dBm.</p>

BT Test Command	Description
<pre>bt_radio_rx_test <bd_addr> <frequency> <modulation_type> <logical_channel> <bb_packet_type> < packet_length> <test duration></pre> <p>Cypress equivalent command mbt radio_rx_test</p>	<p>This test sets the BT radio to receive on a specific frequency and sends reports about received packets.</p> <p>bd_addr is the BD_ADDR for the remote Tx device (6 bytes).</p> <p>Frequency sets the frequency used to listen from 2402 MHz to 2480 MHz.</p> <p>modulation_type sets the data pattern to compare received data.</p> <p>0: 0x00 8-bit pattern 1: 0xFF 8-bit pattern 2: 0xAA 8-bit pattern 3: 0xF0 8-bit pattern 4: PRBS9 pattern</p> <p>logical_channel sets the logical channel to BR or EDR for ACL packets.</p> <p>0: EDR 1: BR</p> <p>bb_packet_type sets the packet type of the expected packets.</p> <p>3: DM1 4: DH1/2-DH1 8: 3-DH1 10: DM3/ 2-DH3 11: DH3/3-DH3 14: DM5/2-DH5 15: DH5/3-DH5</p> <p>packet_length can be from 0 to 65535. The device compares the length of the received packets with the specified packet_length.</p> <p>Test duration is the time in seconds from 1 to 200 to run the test.</p>

BT Test Command	Description
<pre>bt_le_enhanced_tx_test <tx_channel> <data_length> <data_pattern> <PHY></pre> <p>Cypress equivalent command mbt le_enhanced_transmitter_test</p>	<p>This command runs the enhanced LE transmit test.</p> <p>tx_channel = receive frequency minus 2402 divided by 2.</p> <p>Acceptable channels are 0 to 39 where 0 is 2402 Mhz and 39 is 2480 Mhz.</p> <p>Data_length acceptable values are 0 to 37.</p> <p>Data_pattern acceptable values are 0 to 7.</p> <p>Data Pattern Definitions</p> <p>0: Pseudo-random bit sequence 9</p> <p>1: Pattern of alternating bits: 11110000</p> <p>2: Pattern of alternating bits: 10101010</p> <p>3: Pseudo-random bit sequence 15</p> <p>4: Pattern of all 1s</p> <p>5: Pattern of all 0s</p> <p>6: Pattern of alternating bits: 00001111</p> <p>7: Pattern of alternating bits: 0101</p> <p>PHY: (1 - 2)</p> <p>1: Transmitter set to transmit data at 1Ms/s.</p> <p>2: Transmitter set to transmit data at 2Ms/s.</p>
<pre>bt_le_enhanced_rx_test <rx_channel> <PHY> <modulation_index></pre> <p>Cypress equivalent command mbt le_enhanced_receiver_test</p>	<p>This command runs the enhanced LE receiver test.</p> <p>rx_channel = receive frequency minus 2402 divided by 2.</p> <p>Acceptable channels are 0 to 39 where 0 is 2402Mhz and 39 is 2480 Mhz.</p> <p>PHY: (1 - 2)</p> <p>1: Transmitter set to transmit data at 1Ms/s</p> <p>2: Transmitter set to transmit data at 2Ms/s</p> <p>modulation_index: (1 - 2)</p> <p>1: Assume transmitter will have a standard modulation index.</p> <p>2: Assume transmitter will have a stable modulation index.</p>

BT Test Command	Description
<pre>bt_connectionless_dut_loopback_mode COMx</pre> <p>Cypress equivalent command</p> <pre>mbt connectionless_dut_loopback_mode</pre>	<p>This command sets up a connectionless loopback test with an external tester for analyzing both RX and TX.</p> <p>Once the connectionless command is entered, the unit will prompt for the interactive arguments below.</p> <p>Remote_Device_BD_ADDR: This is the BD_ADDR of the remote transmitting device. [Size: 6 bytes]</p> <p>LT_ADDR: This is the logical transport address of the BT link. [Size: 1 byte] [Range: 0x01 - 0x07]</p> <p>Number_Of_Tests: This is the number of tests to be executed. [Size: 1 byte] [Range: 0x01 - 0x10]</p> <p>The following arguments repeat depending on the number of tests:</p> <p>Retry Offset: When a timeout occurs, subtract the offset to go back to the earlier test.</p> <p>[Size: 6 bits {31:26} in little endian uint32] [Range: 0x01 - 0x3f].</p> <p>Number_Packets: This is the number of packets to be received for this test.</p> <p>[Size: 15 bits {25:11} in little endian uint32] [Range: 0x01 - 0x7fff].</p> <p>TxPowerIndex: This is the power table index to use.</p> <p>[Size: 3 bits {10:8} in little endian uint32] [Range: 0x00 - 0x07].</p> <p>RxChannel: This is the frequency offset in MHz from 2402 MHz.</p> <p>[Size: 7bits {7:1} in little endian uint32] [Range: 0x00 - 0x7f].</p> <p>Packet Table Type: This defines the type of the packet.</p> <p>[Size: 1bit {0:0} in little endian uint32].</p> <p>0x0: Basic Rate Packet Types</p> <p>0x1: EDR packet types</p> <p>Retry Time Out: This is the time required to retry.</p> <p>[Size: 1 byte] [Range: 0x01 - 0xff].</p> <p>Test Scenarios:</p> <p>[Size: 1 byte].</p> <p>0x0: RX-TX Loop Back Mode.</p> <p>0x1: RX only with BER stats.</p>