C3210-10xx Install Guide

ION Gigabit Ethernet slide-in card (SIC)

- 10/100/1000 Mbps Ethernet
- Fixed Fiber or Modular SFP Fiber port
- Convert 10/100/1000Base-T to 1000Base-SX/LX



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Introduction

Transition Networks' two-port C3210 series Gigabit Ethernet ION slide-in card (SIC) is designed to install in an ION chassis. The C3210 SIC connects 10Base-T, 100Base-TX, or 1000Base-T twisted-pair copper cable to 1000Base-SX/LX fiber devices. The C3210 has one copper port and one fiber optic port.

Models

Part Number	Port 1 - Copper 10/100/1000-Base-T	Port 2 - Duplex Fiber-Optic
C3210-1013	RJ-45 100 m (328 ft)	SC, 1000Base-SX, 850nm multimode, 220/550m (720/1,805 ft)*
C3210-1014	RJ-45 ` 100 m (328 ft)	SC, 1000Base-LX, 1310nm single mode, 10 km (6.2 miles)*
C3210-1015	RJ-45 100 m (328 ft)	SC, 1000Base-LX, 1310nm single mode, 25 km (15.5 miles)*
C3210-1017	RJ-45 100 m (328 ft)	SC, 1000Base-LX, 1550nm single mode, single mode, 65 km (40.4 miles)*
C3210-1024	RJ-45 100 m (328 ft)	SC, 1000Base-LX, 1300nm extended multimode, 2 km (1.2 miles)*
C3210-1035	RJ-45 100 m (328 ft)	SC, 1000Base-LX, 1550nm single mode, 120 km (77.5 miles)*
C3210-1040	RJ-45 100 m (328 ft)	1000Base-X SFP slot (empty)
C3210-1029-A1	RJ-45 100 m (328 ft)	SC, 1310nm TX/1550nm RX single mode 20 km (12.4 miles)
C3210-1029-A2		SC, 1550nm TX/1310nm RX single mode 20 km (12.4 miles) 210-1029-A2 single-fiber optic in the same converter and the other is the remote converter.
C3210-1029-B1	RJ-45 100 m (328 ft)	SC, 1310nm TX/1550nm RX single mode 40 km (24.9 miles)
C3210-1029-B2		SC, 1550nm TX/1310nm RX single mode 40 km (24.9 miles) 210-1029-B2 single-fiber optic in the same SIC and the other is the remote SIC.
C3210-1029-D1	RJ-45 100 m (328 ft)	SC, 1510nm TX/1590nm RX single mode 80 km (49.6 miles)
C3210-1029-D2		SC, 1590nm TX/1510nm RX single mode 80 km (49.6 miles) 210-1029-C2 single-fiber optic in the same SIC and the other is the remote SIC.

^{*} Distances listed are the typical maximum cable distances. Actual distance depends on the physical characteristics of the network these devices are operating on.

Installation

CAUTION: Wear a grounding device and observe electrostatic discharge precautions when handling the SIC media converter. Failure to observe this caution could result in damage or failure of the SIC.

DIP switches

The C3210 has two DIP switches mounted on the PC board: a 6-position DIP (first set at left) and on some units, a 4-position DIP (second set to the right). If your unit has a second set of DIP switches, note that they are not used at this time.



6-position DIP switch

The 6-position DIP switch is located on the circuit board of the C3210 media converter. Use a small, flatblade screwdriver (or a similar tool) to set the switches according to the site requirements (see the drawing below).

```
TP Auto-Negotiation: UP = Enabled, Down = Disabled

TP Speed: UP = 100 Mbs, Down = 10 Mbs (Note 1)

TP Duplex: UP = Full, Down = Half (Note 1)

LPT: UP = Enabled, Down = Disabled

Fiber Duplex: UP = Full, Down = Half (valid for 100FX links only)

Unused

SW Position Up ↑

SW Position Down †
```

Note 1: Only use when Auto-Negotiation is disabled.

- 1. Twisted-Pair Auto-Negotiation
 - UP Enable Auto-Negotiation for the copper connection.
 - DOWN Disable Auto-Negotiation for the copper connection.
- 2. Twisted-Pair 10Mbs/100Mbs (See Note 1)
 - UP Set copper connection speed to 100Mbs.
 - DOWN Set copper connection speed to 10Mbs.
- 3. Twisted-Pair Full/Half Duplex (See Note 1)
 - UP Operate in full-duplex mode.
 - DOWN Operate in half-duplex mode of the attached device.
- 4. Link Pass-Through (LPT)
 - UP Enable Link Pass-Through
 - DOWN Disable Link Pass-Through.
- 5. Fiber Full/Half Duplex
 - UP Operate in full-duplex mode.
 - DOWN Operate in half-duplex mode of the attached device (valid for 100FX models only).
- 6. Not used

AutoCross jumper (J6)

The AutoCross feature allows either straight-through (MDI) or crossover (MDI-X) cables to be used when connecting to 10Base-T, 100Base-TX, or 1000Base-T devices, such as hubs, transceivers, or network interface cards (NICs). AutoCross determines the characteristics of the cable connection and automatically configures the units to link up regardless of the cable configuration.

The AutoCross 3-pin header (J6) is located on the circuit board of the C3210 (labeled **NA** = No Autocross and **A** = AutoCross). See the Jumper positions below.

Note: Use small needle-nose pliers to set the jumper.

A Either straight-through or crossover cable can be used for all twisted-pair copper links.

NA Straight-through or crossover twisted-pair cable, depending on installed site devices, MUST be installed at EACH twisted-pair copper link.

A O O NA No NA AutoCross Mode

J6

Note: The factory default is "A" (AutoCross enabled). Transition Networks recommends leaving the device in the "A" (enabled) position.

Hardware/software Mode jumper (J5)

The hardware/software 3-pin header, J5 is located on the circuit board (labeled ${\bf H}$ and ${\bf S}$ in the figure to the right.)

Note: Use small needle-nose pliers to set the jumper.

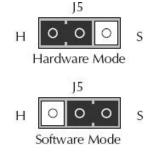
H -Hardware In this position, the mode of the C3210 is determined by the

6-position switch (hardware) settings.

S -Software In this position, the mode of the C3210 is determined by the

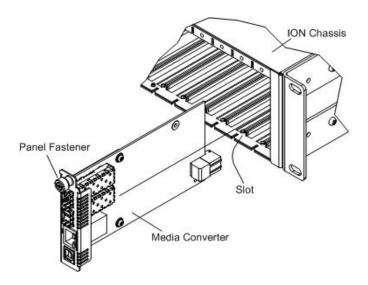
most-recently saved, onboard microprocessor (software)

settings.



Install chassis card

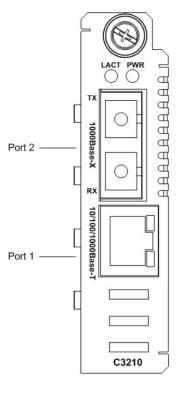
- 1. Remove one chassis slot cover from the ION Chassis (keep the slot cover and screw).
- 2. Carefully slide the C3210 into the installation slot(s), aligning it with slot guides.
- 3. Ensure that the C3210 is firmly seated inside the chassis.
- 4. Push in and rotate the attached panel fastener screw (*clockwise*) to secure the C3210 to the chassis. See illustration below.



Port locations

The C3210 models have two ports. The drawing below shows the locations of Port 1 and Port 2.

Port 1: 10/100/1000Base-T Port 2: 1000Base-X

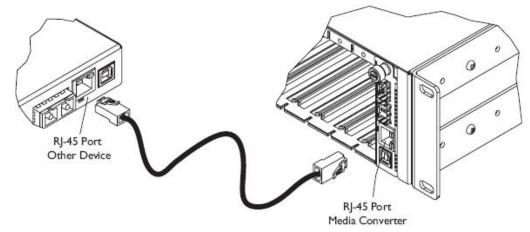


Install copper cable

Port 1: 10/100/1000Base-T Copper Port:

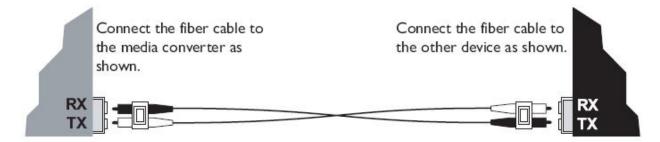
- 1. Locate a 10/100/1000Base-TX compliant copper cable with male RJ-45 connectors installed at both ends.
- 2. Connect the RJ-45 connector at one end of the cable to the 10/100/1000Base-RJ-45port (port 1) on the C3210.
- 3. Connect the RJ-45 connector at the other end of the cable to the 10/100/1000Base-RJ-45 port on the other device (switch, workstation, etc.).

Note: The AutoCross feature allows the use of either straight-through or crossover configuration cables.



Port 2: 1000Base-X Fiber Port

- Locate a 1000Base-X compliant fiber cable with male, two-stranded TX to RX connectors installed at both ends.
- 1. Connect the fiber cables to the 1000Base-X fiber port (port 2) on the devices as described:
 - Connect the male TX cable connector to the female TX connector.
 - Connect the male RX cable connector to the female RX connector.
- 2. Connect the fiber cables to the 1000Base-X fiber port on the other device (another media converter, hub. etc.) as described:
 - Connect the male TX cable connector to the female RX connector.
 - Connect the male RX cable connector to the female TX connector.



Operation

Status LEDs

Use the status LEDs to monitor C3210 operation in the network.

Power and fiber status LEDs

The status LEDs for the 1000Base-X fiber connection (labeled LACT and PWR) are located next to the fiber port (Port 2).

PWR: Power ON = Connection to chassis power.

LACT: Link activity ON = A link has been established for the fiber

connection.

Flashing = The fiber connection is transmit.



Copper port status LEDs

The status LEDs for the copper connection are integrated into the RJ-45 port. These LEDs are not labeled on the C3210 . See drawing below.

Duplex/Link:

Orange A link in half-duplex mode has been established for the

copper connection.

Flashing Orange The copper connection is transmitting/receiving

data in half-duplex mode.

Green A link in full-duplex mode has been established for the

copper connection.

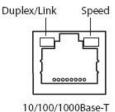
Flashing Green The copper connection is transmitting/receiving data in full-

duplex mode.

Speed:

OFF 10 Mbps operation or NO link.

Orange 100 Mbps operation. Green 1000 Mbps operation.



Product features

Auto-Negotiation

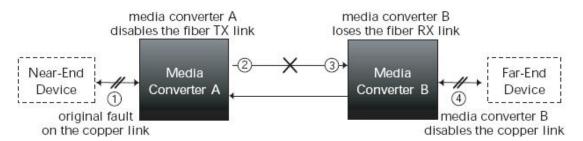
The Auto-Negotiation feature allows the C3210 to configure itself to achieve the best possible mode of operation over a link, automatically. The C3210 broadcasts its speed (10 Mbps, 100 Mbps, or 1000 Mbps) and duplex capabilities (full or half) to the other devices and negotiates the best mode of operation. Auto-Negotiation allows quick and easy installation because the optimal link is established automatically. No user intervention is required to determine the best mode of operation.

A scenario where the C3210 is linked to a non-negotiating device, the user may want to disable Auto-Negotiation. In this instance, the mode of operation will drop to the least common denominator between the two devices (e.g., 100 Mbps, half duplex). Disabling this feature gives the user the ability to force the connection to the best mode of operation.

Note: The C3210 supports 1000 Mbps fiber Auto-Negotiation.

Link Pass-Through

The Link Pass-Through feature allows the C3210 to monitor both the fiber and copper RX (receive) ports for loss of signal. In the event of a loss of an RX signal (1), the C3210 will automatically disable the TX (transmit) signal (2), thus, "passing through" the link loss (3). The far-end device is automatically notified of the link loss (4), which prevents the loss of valuable data unknowingly transmitted over an invalid link.



Full-Duplex Network

In a full-duplex network, maximum cable lengths are determined by the type of cables that are used. See pages 1 and 2 for the cable specifications for the different C3210 models.

The 512-Bit Rule does not apply in a full-duplex network.

Half-Duplex network (512-Bit Rule)

In a half-duplex network, the maximum cable lengths are determined by the round trip delay limitations of each Fast Ethernet collision domain. (A collision domain is the longest path between any two terminal devices, e.g. a terminal, switch, or router.)

The 512-Bit Rule determines the maximum length of cable permitted by calculating the round-trip delay in bit-times (BT) of a particular collision domain. If the result is less than or equal to 512 BT, the path is good.

For more information on the 512-Bit Rule, see the white paper titled "Collision Domains" on the Transition Networks website at: www.transition.com.

Pause

The pause feature is used to suspend data transmission temporarily in order to relieve buffer congestion. If a C3210 needs some additional time to clear network congestion, it will send a pause signal to the C3210 at the other end, that C3210 will wait a predetermined amount of time before re-transmitting data. This feature reduces data bottlenecks, allowing for more efficient use of the network devices while preventing the loss of valuable data.

In Software mode, the pause feature can be set to one of four settings:

- Disable (i.e., no pause)
- Symmetrical pause
- Asymmetric TX (transmit) pause

Note: Enable the pause feature if it is present on ALL network devices attached to the C3210(s), otherwise, disable the pause feature.

AutoCross

The AutoCross feature allows either straight-through (MDI) or crossover (MDI-X) cables to be used when connecting to devices such as hubs, transceivers, or network interface cards (NICs). AutoCross determines the characteristics of the cable connection and automatically configures the unit to link up, regardless of the cable configuration.

Automatic link restoration

The converter will restore automatically the link between networked devices after a fault condition has been corrected. In contrast, products from competitors require the user to power down, then power up the converters after a fault condition has been corrected.

Bandwidth allocation

It allows setting the bandwidth in varied increments, starting at 64 Kbps to full bandwidth. Rate limiting based on frame priorities can also be configured. Each higher priority frame can be configured to get twice the bandwidth of lower priority frames (e.g., priority "3" frame configurations can get twice the bandwidth of priority "2" frames).

Port-Based VLAN

Allows secure traffic forwarding in one direction only.

SNMP

See the on-line documentation that comes with Transition Networks' FocalPoint software for applicable commands and usage.

Use SNMP at the attached terminal or at a remote location to monitor the C3210 by monitoring:

- Copper and fiber link status
- Copper and fiber port duplex
- Copper port speed

Use SNMP to enter network commands that:

Card Level:

- Assign Circuit ID information
- Set Link Pass Through
- · Set Switch Forwarding Aging Time
- System Reset

Port 1:

- Assign Circuit ID information
- Port Configuration
- Auto Negotiation Settings and Advertised Capabilities
- · Port Forward Management
- Virtual Cable Test
- Bandwidth Allocation
- MAC Security
- VLAN Forwarding Rules
- Priority Forwarding Rules
- VLAN Tag Management
- User Priority
- RMON Counters
- · Port Counters Received
- Port Counters Sent
- Dot3 Statistics

Port 2 (Same as Port 1 plus the following):

DMI Statistics

RMON counter on each port

RMON statistics such as packet size counters, collision errors, and packet type are kept for each port.

Switch selectable speed

On UTP (unshielded twisted pair) when Auto-Negotiation is disabled the speed can be sent in either software or hardware mode.

Virtual cable test (VCT) on UTP port

The VCT feature utilizes Time Domain Reflectometry (TDR) technology to remotely and non-evasively diagnose the quality and characteristics of the attached cable plant. Using this technology, the devices detect and report potential cabling issues such as cable opens, cable shorts or any impedance mismatch in the cable and accurately report (within one meter) the distance of the fault. In addition, VCT technology will detect pair swaps, pair polarity reversal, and an excessive pair skew.

IEEE802.1q VLAN tagging and double tagging (Q in Q)

The 802.1q specification establishes a standard method for inserting virtual LAN (VLAN) membership information called a tag into Ethernet frames to break large networks into smaller parts, or to address security concerns. Q in Q support simply adds another layer of IEEE 802.1q tag to the 802.1q tagged packets that enter the network. The purpose is to expand the VLAN space by tagging the tagged packets, thus producing a "double-tagged" frame.

VLAN tagging can be configured to one of the following settings:

- Customer (*Normal*) = frames are unmodified when passing through the converter.
- Network (*Untag*) = all tagged frames will have their tags removed when passing through converter.
- Network (Tag) = all untagged frames are tagged with the source port default VLAN ID.
- Provider (*Double Tag*) = all egress frames are double tagged, using the source port default VLAN ID for the extra tag. This also enables ingress double tag removal.

Ingress:

- a. Frame does not contain a tag, frame is not modified.
- b. Frame contains one 802.3ac tag, tag is removed.
- c. Frame contains two 802.3ac tags, the first tag is removed.

Egress:

- a. Frame is untagged, tag is added.
- b. Frame contains one 802.3ac tag, tag is added before the current one becomes the frames new 802.3ac tag.

IEEE802.1p QoS, IPv4 ToS/Diffserv, IPv6 Traffic class

The 802.1p specification is an extension of the IEEE 802.1q standard and works in tandem to define the prioritization of the Ethernet frame for traffic class expediting and dynamic multicast filtering. IEEE 802.1p establishes eight levels of priority ($0 \sim 7$) with "7" being the highest priority. Each egress Ethernet frame can be prioritized using IEEE 802.1p (*MAC level*) Traffic Class, or IPV4 TOS and/or DiffServ and/or IPV6 Traffic Class.

Cable Specifications

The physical characteristics must meet or exceed IEEE 802.3[™] specifications.

Fiber cable

Bit Error Rate: <10-9 Single mode fiber (recommended): 9 μ m Multimode fiber (recommended): 62.5/125 μ m

Multimode fiber (optional): 100/140, 85/140, 50/125 μm

C3210-1013 850nm multimode

Fiber Optic Transmitter Power: min: -9.5.0 dBm max: -4.0 dBm Fiber Optic Receiver Sensitivity: min: -18.0 dBm max: 0.0 dBm

Link Budget: 8.5 dB

C3210-1014 1310nm single mode

Fiber Optic Transmitter Power: min: -9.5 dBm max: -3.0 dBm Fiber Optic Receiver Sensitivity: min: -20.0 dBm max: -3.0 dBm

Link Budget: 10.5 dB

C3201-1015 1310nm single mode

Fiber Optic Transmitter Power: min: -5.0 dBm max: -0.0 dBm Fiber Optic Receiver Sensitivity: min: -20.0 dBm max: -3.0 dBm

Link Budget: 15.0 dB

C3210-1017 1550nm single mode
Fiber Optic Transmitter Power: min: -3.0 dBm max: 2.0 dBm
Fiber Optic Receiver Sensitivity: min: -24.0 dBm max: -3.0 dBm

Link Budget: 21.0 dB

C3201-1024 1300nm multimode*

Fiber Optic Transmitter Power: min: -10.0 dBm max: -3.0 dBm Fiber Optic Receiver Sensitivity: min: -17.0 dBm max: -3.0 dBm

Link Budget: 7.0 dB

C3210-1035 1550nm single mode
Fiber Optic Transmitter Power: min: 0.0 dBm max: 5.0 dBm
Fiber Optic Receiver Sensitivity: min: -27.0 dBm max: -3.0 dBm

Link Budget: 27.0 dB

C3210-1029-A1 1310nm TX/1550nm RX single mode C3210-1029-A2 1550nm TX/1310nm RX single mode

Fiber Optic Transmitter Power: min: -8.0 dBm max: -3.0 dBm Fiber Optic Receiver Sensitivity: min: -21.0 dBm max: -3.0 dBm

Link Budget: 13.0 dB

C3210-1029-B1 1310nm TX/1550nm RX single mode C3210-1029- B2 1550nm TX/1310nm RX single mode

Fiber Optic Transmitter Power: min: -3.0 dBm max: +2.0 dBm Fiber Optic Receiver Sensitivity: min: -23.0 dBm max: -8.0 dBm

Link Budget: 20.0 dB

C3210-1029-D1 1510nm TX/1590nm RX single mode C3210-1029-D2 1590nm TX/1510nm RX single mode

Fiber Optic Transmitter Power: min: -2.0 dBm max: +3.0 dBm Fiber Optic Receiver Sensitivity: min: -26.0 dBm max: -3.0 dBm

Link Budget: 24.0 dB

^{*} Fiber cable for CGFEB1024-120 must be 62.5/125 µm.

Copper cable

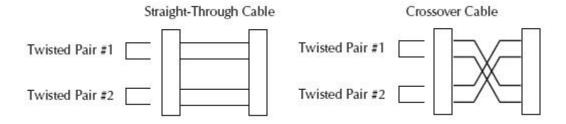
Category 5 (minimum requirement)

Gauge: 24 to 22 AWG

Attenuation: 22.0 dB /100 m @ 100 MHz

Maximum Cable Distance: 100 meters

- Straight-through or crossover twisted-pair cable may be used.
- Shielded (STP) or unshielded (UTP) twisted-pair cable may be used.
- All pin pairs (1&2, 3&6, 4&5, 7&8) are active pins in a Gigabit Ethernet network.
- Use only dedicated wire pairs for the active pins (e.g., blue/white & white/blue, orange/white & white/orange, etc.)
- Do not use flat or silver satin wire.



Technical Specifications

For use with Transition Networks Model C3210:

Dimensions: 6.5"L x 3.4" H x 0.83" W (165 x 86 x 22 mm)

Weight: 1.0 lb (0.45 k g)

Power Consumption: 3.6 watts, 300mA @ 112VDC

Data Rate (*copper*): 10/100/1000 Mbps

Data Rate (fiber): 1000 Mbps (operates in full duplex only)

Filtering Addresses: 1K MAC addresses

Maximum Frame Size: 10240K bytes jumbo frame support

1632 bytes (when linked to a xGFEB10xx-120)

MTBF: greater than 250,000 MIL-HDBK-217Fhours

greater than 667,500 Bellcore hours

Environment Tmra:

See chassis specifications
Storage Temp:

-25 to 65°C (-13 to 149°F)
Humidity:

5% to 95%, non-condensing

Warranty: Lifetime

The information in this user's guide is subject to change. For the most up-to-date information, see the user's guide on-line at: www.transition.com.

<u>WARNING</u>: Visible and invisible laser radiation when open. DO NOT stare into the beam or view the beam directly with optical instruments. Failure to observe this warning could result in an eye injury or blindness.

<u>WARNING</u>: Use of controls, adjustments or the performance of procedures other than those specified herein may result in hazardous radiation exposure.

<u>CAUTION</u>: Copper based media ports, e.g., Twisted Pair (TP) Ethernet, USB, RS232, RS422, RS485, DS1, DS3, Video Coax, etc., are intended to be connected to intrabuilding (*inside plant*) link segments that are not subject to lightening transients or power faults. Copper based media ports (e.g., Twisted Pair (TP) Ethernet, USB, RS232, RS422, RS485, DS1, DS3, Video Coax, etc.) are NOT to be connected to inter-building (*outside plant*) link segments that are subject to lightening transients or power faults.

Troubleshooting

Is the Power LED illuminated?

NO

- Is the C3210 inserted properly into the chassis?
- Is the power cord properly installed in the chassis and in the grounded AC outlet?
- Does the grounded AC outlet provide power?
- Contact Tech Support: 1-800-260-1312, Int'l: 00-1-952-941-7600.

YES

- · Proceed to step 2.
- 2. Is the Duplex LED illuminated orange or green?

NO

- Check the copper cables for proper connection.
- Contact Tech Support: 1-800-260-1312, Int'l: 00-1-952-941-7600.

YES - Orange

- The C3210 has selected half-duplex mode. If this is not the correct mode, disconnect and reconnect the copper cable to restart the initialization process.
- · Proceed to step 3.

YES - Green

- The C3210 has selected full-duplex mode. If this is not the correct mode, disconnect and reconnect the copper cable to restart the initialization process.
- · Proceed to step 3.
- 3. Is the LACT LED illuminated?

NO

- Check the fiber cables for proper connection.
- Verify that the TX and RX cables on the C3210 are connected to the RX and TX ports, respectively, on the other device.
- Contact Tech Support: 1-800-260-1312, Int'l: 00-1-952-941-7600.

YES

- Proceed to step 4.
- 4. Is the Speed LED illuminated?

NO

- The C3210 has selected 10 Mbps operation. If this is not the correct speed, disconnect and reconnect the copper cable to restart the initialization process.
- Contact Tech Support: 1-800-260-1312, Int'l: 00-1-952-941-7600.

YES - Flashing Orange

- The C3210 has selected 100 Mbps speed. If not the correct speed, disconnect and reconnect the copper cable to re-initialize.
- Contact Tech Support: 1-800-260-1312, Int'l: 00-1-952-941-7600.

YES - Flashing Green

- The C3210 has selected 1000 Mbps operation. If this is not the correct speed, disconnect and reconnect the copper cable to re-initialize.
- Contact Tech Support: 1-800-260-1312, Int'l: 00-1-952-941-7600.

Contact Us

Technical Support

Technical support is available 24 hours a day.

US and Canada: 1-800-260-1312 International: 00-1-952-941-7600

Transition Now 7:00 AM to 6:00 PM CST

Chat live via the Web with Transition Networks Technical Support.

Log onto www.transition.com and click the Tech Support/Transition Now link.

Web-Based Seminars

Transition Networks provides seminars via live web-based training. Log onto www.transition.com and click the Learning Center link.

E-Mail

To ask a question anytime, send an e-mail to our technical support staff at techsupport@transition.com.

Address

Transition Networks 10900 Red Circle Drive, Minnetonka, MN 55343, U.S.A. telephone: 952-941-7600

toll free: 800-526-9267 fax: 952-941-2322

Compliance Information

Declaration of Conformity

TRANSITION NETWORKS.

Declaration of Conformity

Name of Mfg: Transition Networks

10900 Red Circle Drive, Minnetonka MN 55343 U.S.A.

Model Number(s): C3210-1013, C3210-1014, C3210-1015 C3210-1017 C3210-1024

C3210-1035, C3210-1040 C3210-1029-A1, C3210-1029-A2, C3210-1029-B1

C3210-1029-B2, C3210-1029-C1, C3210-1029-C2

Purpose: To declare that the C321O series SICs to which this declaration refers are in compliance with the following directive(s) and standard(s):

EMC Directive 2004/108/EC; EN 55022:2006+A1:2007 Class A; EN55024:1998+A1:2001+A2:2003; EN61000-3-2; EN61000-3-3; CFR Title 47 Part 15 Subpart B Class A; Low Voltage Directive: 2006/95/EC; CFR Title 21 Section 1040.10 Class I.

I, the undersigned, hereby declare that the model number(s) listed in this declaration of conformity are in compliance with the directive(s) and standard(s) herein.

Stephen Anderson, Vice-President of Engineering

February 2011

Date

FCC Regulations

This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class A digital device, pursuant to part 15 of the FCC rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference when the equipment is operated in a commercial environment. This equipment generates, uses, and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instruction manual, may cause harmful interference to radio communications.

Operation of this equipment in a residential area is likely to cause harmful interference, in which case the user will be required to correct the interference at the user's own expense.

Canadian Regulations

This digital apparatus does not exceed the Class A limits for radio noise for digital apparatus set out on the radio interference regulations of the Canadian Department of Communications.

Le présent appareil numérique n'émet pas de bruits radioélectriques dépassant les limites applicables aux appareils numériques de la lass A prescrites dans le Règlement sur le brouillage radioélectrique édicté par le ministère des Communications du Canada.

European Regulations

Warning

This is a Class A product. In a domestic environment this product may cause radio interference in which case the user may be required to take adequate measures.

Achtung!

Dieses ist ein Gerät der Funkstörgrenzwertklasse A. In Wohnbereichen können bei Betrieb dieses Gerätes Rundfunkstörungen auftreten. In diesem Fäll ist der Benutzer für Gegenmaßnahmen verantwortlich.

Attention!

Ceci est un produit de Classe A. Dans un environment domestique, ce produit risque de créer des interférences radioélectriques, il appartiendra alors à l'utilsateur de prende les measures spécifiques appropriées.



In accordance with European Union Directive 2002/96/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 27 January 2003, Transition Networks will accept post usage returns of this product for proper disposal. The contact information for this activity can be found in the 'Contact Us' portion of this document.

CAUTION: RJ connectors are NOT INTENDED FOR CONNECTION TO THE PUBLIC TELEPHONE NETWORK. Failure to observe this caution could result in damage to the public telephone network.

Der Anschluss dieses Gerätes an ein öffentlickes Telekommunikationsnetz in den EGMitgliedstaaten verstösst gegen die jeweligen einzelstaatlichen Gesetze zur Anwendung der Richtlinie 91/263/EWG zur Angleichung der Rechtsvorschriften der Mitgliedstaaten über Telekommunikationsendeinrichtungen einschliesslich der gegenseitigen Anerkennung ihrer

Record of Revisions

Rev	Date	Notes
Α	08/10/10	Initial release.
В	02/01/11	Technical update.
С	09/13/12	Adds a DIP switch graphic and note.

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